

A non-lawyer may not represent anyone but himself or herself in court. Johns v. County of San
Diego, 114 F.3d 874, 877 (9th Cir. 1997); C. E. Pope Equity Trust v. United States, 818 F.2d 696, 697
(9th Cir. 1987). Plaintiff is proceeding pro se in this action, which signifies that Plaintiff is acting as his
own attorney in the litigation of this action. Plaintiff may not designate his brother, a non-lawyer, to
substitute as his attorney-in fact. Therefore, Plaintiff's motion for the court to allow his brother to act
as his representative in this action must be denied.

Plaintiff indicates that he will be transferred to another facility on May 4, 2012. Plaintiff is
required to keep the court apprised of his current address-of-record. Local Rule 182(f). Plaintiff shall
be required to file a status report and a notice of change of address within sixty days, notifying the court
of his new address. Plaintiff is cautioned that absent such notice, service of documents at the prior
address of the party shall be fully effective. <u>See id.</u> Moreover, Plaintiff's failure to comply with a court
order or any Local Rule may be grounds for dismissal of the entire action. <u>See</u> Local Rule 110.
Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

- Plaintiff's motion for the court to allow his brother to represent him in this action is
 DENIED;
 - 2. Within sixty days of the date of service of this order, Plaintiff is required to file a status report and a notice of change of address, notifying the court of his new address; and
 - 3. Plaintiff's failure to comply with this order shall result in a recommendation that this action be dismissed.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: March 23, 2012

/s/ Gary S. Austin UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE