(PC) Gonzalez v. (	Cate et al	Doc. 52
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8	IN THE UNITED S	STATES DISTRICT COURT
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	ZACARIAS GONZALEZ,	) 1:09-cv-02149-LJO-GSA-PC
12	Plaintiff,	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO DISMISS CASE, WITH PREJUDICE, FOR FAILURE TO OBEY A COURT ORDER AND FAILURE TO PROSECUTE (Doc. 51.)
13	VS.	
14	MATTHEW CATE, et al.,	
15	Defendants.	OBJECTIONS, IF ANY, DUE IN THIRTY DAYS
16	Defendants.	
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18	On August 29, 2012, the Court issued an order requiring Plaintiff to file a response to defendant	
19	Guinn's ("Defendant") motion for summary judgment of July 13, 2012, within thirty days. (Doc. 51.)	
20	The thirty day period has now expired, and Plaintiff has not filed a response to the motion for summary	
21	judgment or otherwise responded to the Court's order.	
22	In determining whether to dismiss this action for failure to comply with the directives set forth	
23	in its order, "the Court must weigh the following factors: (1) the public's interest in expeditious	
24	resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to	
25	defendants/respondents; (4) the availability of less drastic alternatives; and (5) the public policy favoring	
26	disposition of cases on their merits." Pagtalunan v. Galaza, 291 F.3d 639, 642 (9th Cir. 2002) (citing	
27	Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992)).	
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"The public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation always favors dismissal," <u>id</u>. (quoting <u>Yourish v. California Amplifier</u>, 191 F.3d 983, 990 (9th Cir. 1999)), and here, the action has been pending for nearly three years. Plaintiff's failure to respond to the Court's order may reflect Plaintiff's disinterest in prosecuting this case. In such an instance, the Court cannot continue to expend its scarce resources assisting a litigant who will not help himself by defending his lawsuit against summary judgment. Thus, both the first and second factors weigh in favor of dismissal.

Turning to the risk of prejudice, "pendency of a lawsuit is not sufficiently prejudicial in and of itself to warrant dismissal." <u>Id</u>. (citing <u>Yourish</u> at 991). However, "delay inherently increases the risk that witnesses' memories will fade and evidence will become stale," <u>id</u>., and it is Plaintiff's failure to respond to Defendant's motion for summary judgment that is causing delay. Therefore, the third factor weighs in favor of dismissal.

As for the availability of lesser sanctions, at this stage in the proceedings there is little available to the Court which would constitute a satisfactory lesser sanction while protecting the Court from further unnecessary expenditure of its scarce resources. Plaintiff is proceeding in forma pauperis in this action, making monetary sanctions of little use, and given the stage of these proceedings, the preclusion of evidence or witnesses is not available. The dismissal being considered in this case is with prejudice, which is the harshest possible sanction. However, the Court finds this sanction appropriate in light of the fact that three months have passed since Defendant filed the motion for summary judgment, and Plaintiff has yet to file an opposition.\(^1\) Moreover, Plaintiff was forewarned in the Court's order of August 29, 2012 that his failure to comply with the order to respond to the motion for summary judgment would result in dismissal of this action, with prejudice.

Finally, because public policy favors disposition on the merits, this factor will always weigh against dismissal. <u>Id</u>. at 643.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Plaintiff was required to file an opposition or a statement of non-opposition to the motion within twenty-one days of the date the motion was served, but did not do so. Local Rule 230(1).

Accordingly, the Court HEREBY RECOMMENDS that this action be dismissed with prejudice, based on Plaintiff's failure to obey the Court's order of August 29, 2012 and failure to prosecute this action.

These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of Title 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(l). Within thirty days after being served with these findings and recommendations, any party may file written objections with the Court. Such a document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." The parties are advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991).

1 IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: October 12, 2012 /s/ Gary S. Austin
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE