Sconiers v. S	Smith et al	
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6	IINITED STATI	ES DISTRICT COURT
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8	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
9	JANETTA SCONIERS,	CASE NO. 1:10-cv-01130-AWI-SMS
10	71.1.100	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
11	Plaintiff,	RECOMMENDING DENIAL OF PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR A NEW
12	V.	TRIAL, AMENDMENT OF JUDGMENT, OR RECONSIDERATION
13	M. BRUCE SMITH, et al.,	
14		(D 0)
15	Defendants.	(Doc. 9)
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17	On August 23, 2010, the Court dismissed with prejudice Plaintiff's third complaint	
18	seeking to involve the federal courts in California's administration of the probate of her mother's	
19	estate. The Court determined that it lacked jurisdiction over Plaintiff's claims. Thereafter,	
	Plaintiff timely moved for amendment of judgment or a new trial pursuant to F.R.Civ.P. 59(a) or	
20	59(e), and for reconsideration pursuant to F.R.Civ.P. 60(b)-(d). Plaintiff's motion lacks merit.	
21	Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 59(a) permits a court to grant a new trial on some or all	
22	issues in legal or equitable actions. This rule has no application to this case, in which Plaintiff's	
23	claims were dismissed for lack of federal jurisdiction, and no trial occurred.	
24	Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 59(e) sets forth the time period in which a party may	
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26	move to alter or amend a judgment: it provides no substantive framework for altering or	
27	amending a judgment.	
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Doc. 10

Plaintiff alleges no factual basis for finding mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect justifying relief from judgment. F.R.Civ.P. 60 (b)(1). Because this Court lacks jurisdiction over Plaintiff's claims, newly discovered evidence would be irrelevant, even if Plaintiff had any to offer. F.R.Civ.P. 60 (b)(2). No adverse party having been involved in the Court's dismissing Plaintiff's case for lack of federal jurisdiction, the judgment could not have resulted from an adverse party's fraud. F.R.Civ.P. 60 (b)(3). Nor does Plaintiff argue any basis for setting the judgment aside under F.R.Civ.P. 60 (b)(4), (5), or (6).

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(c) (addressing the timing and effect of the motion for relief) and 60(d) (articulating the Court's powers to grant relief) do not provide a basis for Plaintiff's motion either.

Accordingly, the undersigned **HEREBY RECOMMENDS** that the Plaintiff's motion for reconsideration or amendment of the judgment be denied.

These findings and recommendations are submitted to the Honorable Anthony W. Ishii, United States District Court Judge, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Rule 72-304 of the Local Rules of Practice for the United States District Court, Eastern District of California. Within fourteen (14) days after being served with a copy, Plaintiff may file written objections with the court. Such a document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." The Court will then review the Magistrate Judge's ruling pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C). Plaintiff is advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. *Martinez v.* Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991).

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IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: January 26, 2011 /s/ Sandra M. Snyder UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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