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8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE	
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	SYLESTER WILLIAMS,	CASE NO. 1:10-cv-01250-LJO-GBC (PC)
12	Plaintiff,	ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL AND MOTION FOR EARLY SETTLEMENT
13	v.	
14	R. ANDERSON,	
15	Defendant.	(Doc. 11)

17 On August 17, 2011, plaintiff filed a motion seeking the appointment of counsel and 18 requested to be placed in an "early settlement program." (Doc 11). Plaintiff does not have a 19 constitutional right to appointed counsel in this action, Rand v. Rowland, 113 F.3d 1520, 1525 20 (9th Cir. 1997), and the court cannot require an attorney to represent plaintiff pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1). Mallard v. United States District Court for the Southern District of Iowa, 21 22 490 U.S. 296, 298, 109 S.Ct. 1814, 1816 (1989). However, in certain exceptional circumstances 23 the court may request the voluntary assistance of counsel pursuant to section 1915(e)(1). Rand, 24 113 F.3d at 1525.

Without a reasonable method of securing and compensating counsel, the court will seek
volunteer counsel only in the most serious and exceptional cases. In determining whether
"exceptional circumstances exist, the district court must evaluate both the likelihood of success
of the merits [and] the ability of the [plaintiff] to articulate his claims *pro se* in light of the

complexity of the legal issues involved." *Id.* (internal quotation marks and citations omitted).

In the present case, the court does not find the required exceptional circumstances. Even if it is assumed that plaintiff is not well versed in the law and that he has made serious allegations which, if proved, would entitle him to relief, his case is not exceptional. This court is faced with similar cases almost daily. Further, at this early stage in the proceedings, the court cannot make a determination that plaintiff is likely to succeed on the merits, and based on a review of the record in this case, the court does not find that plaintiff cannot adequately articulate his claims. *Id.*

With regards to Plaintiff's request to be placed in an early settlement program, the Court
must first screen the action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(a) and once the case is screened and
defendants are served notice of the cognizable claims against them, Plaintiff can then contact
defendants to determine if they desire to settle the action.

For the foregoing reasons, plaintiff's motion for the appointment of counsel and request for placement in an early settlement program is HEREBY DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: October 13, 2011

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE