Doc. 29

The matter was referred to a United States Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 302. On September 2, 2011, the Magistrate Judge filed a Findings and Recommendation recommending that Plaintiff's Motion for Temporary Restraining Order be denied. (ECF No. 25.) The Magistrate Judge found that Plaintiff failed to meet the legal prerequisites for injunctive relief.<sup>1</sup> No objections were filed.

In accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C), this Court has conducted a de novo review of this case. Having carefully reviewed the entire file, the Court finds the Findings and Recommendation to be supported by the record and by proper analysis.

Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

- The Findings and Recommendation, filed September 2, 2011, is ADOPTED;
  and
- 2. Plaintiff's Motion for Temporary Restraining Order is DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: December 23, 2011

CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "A plaintiff seeking a preliminary injunction must establish that he is likely to succeed on the merits, that he is likely to suffer irreparable harm in the absence of preliminary relief, that the balance of equities tips in his favor, and that an injunction is in the public interest." Am. Trucking Ass'ns, Inc. v. City of Los Angeles, 559 F.3d 1046, 1052 (9th Cir. 2009) (quoting Winter v. Natural Res. Defense Council, 129 S.Ct. 365, 374 (2008)).