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8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	HENRY WILLIAM TELLES, JR.,	Case No.: 1:10-cv-01911 AWI JLT
12	Plaintiff,	ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE WHY THE
13	V.	ACTION SHOULD NOT BE DISMISSED FOR FAILURE TO PROSECUTE AND FAILURE
14	STANISLAUS COUNTY SHERIFF'S	TO COMPLY WITH THE COURT'S ORDER
15	DEPARTMENT, et al.,	
16	Defendants.	
17)	
18	Henry William Telles, Jr. ("Plaintiff") is proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis. On	
19	October 13, 2010, Plaintiff filed this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 (Doc. 1), and	
20	filed his First Amended Complaint ("Amended Complaint") on December 20, 2010 (Doc. 6).	
21	Plaintiff asserts this action against Stanislaus County, the Sheriff's Department of Stanislaus County,	
22	the Sheriff of Stanislaus County, and Does 1-250. (Doc. 6).	
23	The Court screened Plaintiff's Amended Complaint and found that Plaintiff failed to	
24	state a claim upon which relief could be granted. (Doc. 7). Following the Court's order to	
25	show cause, Plaintiff filed his Second Amended Complaint on January 31, 2011. (Doc. 11).	
26	His Third Amended Complaint was filed on February 8, 2011 (Doc. 12), and dismissed by	
27	the Court on February 17, 2011 (Doc. 13). Plaintiff was ordered to file a fourth amended	
28	complaint, addressing the deficiencies identified by the Court within 21 days of service, or by	
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March 10, 2011. (Doc. 13 at 16). To date, Plaintiff has not filed his amended pleadings, nor
otherwise responded to the Court's order.

~	otherwise responded to the court's order.	
3	The Local Rules, corresponding with Fed. R. Civ. P. 11, provide: "Failure of counsel or of a	
4	party to comply with any order of the Court may be grounds for the imposition by the Court of	
5	any and all sanctions within the inherent power of the Court." LR 110. "District courts have	
6	inherent power to control their dockets," and in exercising that power, a court may impose sanctions	
7	including dismissal of an action. Thompson v. Housing Authority of Los Angeles, 782 F.2d 829, 831	
8	(9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action with prejudice, based on a party's failure to prosecute	
9	an action or failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. See, e.g. Ferdik v.	
10	Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal for failure to comply with an order	
11	requiring amendment of complaint); Malone v. U.S. Postal Service, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir.	
12	1987) (dismissal for failure to comply with a court order); Henderson v. Duncan, 779 F.2d 1421,	
13	1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for failure to prosecute and to comply with local rules).	
14	Here, Plaintiff was informed he would have "a final opportunity to file an amended	
15	complaint curing the deficiencies identified by the Court." (Doc. 13 at 16). In addition, Plaintiff was	
16	warned, "If Plaintiff fails to comply with this order, the action will be dismissed for failure to obey a	
17	court order." Id. at 16. Notably, this is the second time Plaintiff has failed to comply with the	
18	Court's orders regarding filing deadlines.	
19	Accordingly, Plaintiff is ORDERED to show cause within 14 days of the date of service of	
20	this Order why the action should not be dismissed for his failure to prosecute or to follow the Court's	
21	Order, or in the alternative, to file his fourth amended complaint.	
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23	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
24	Dated: <u>March 14, 2011</u> /s/ Jennifer L. Thurston UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE	
25	ONTED STATES MADISTRATE JODGE	
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