## 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 9 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 ARCHIE CRANFORD, Case No.: 1:11-cv-00736 -LJO-BAM 12 ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR Plaintiff, **DEFAULT JUDGMENT** 13 v. (ECF No. 63) 14 ANGELA BADAGON, 15 Defendant. 16 17 CONSOLIDATED ACTION 18 Plaintiff Archie Cranford ("Plaintiff") is a civil detainee proceeding pro se and in forma 19 pauperis in this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. This action proceeds against 20 Defendant Balcagon for excessive force in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment and against 21 Defendants Perryman and Harder for failure to protect in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment.<sup>1</sup> 22 Defendant Balcagon filed an answer on July 24, 2012. Defendants Perryman and Harder answered the 23 complaint on October 16, 2013. 24 On December 17, 2013, the Court consolidated 1:11-cv-00736-LJO-BAM and 1:13-cv-00906-25 LJO-BAM. The Court ordered that the operative complaints in both actions be deemed consolidated 26

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into the instant action. The Court neither required Plaintiff to file an amended complaint consolidating his allegations, nor did it order Defendants to file a consolidated answer. (ECF No. 40.)

On April 14, 2014, Plaintiff filed a motion for default judgment. Although difficult to discern, it appeared that Plaintiff sought default judgment against Defendant Balcagon based on an apparent belief that the Court has not screened the two joined cases and that Defendant Balcagon had not submitted an answer to the joined cases. Plaintiff also claimed that Defendants had failed to comply with discovery. (ECF No. 52.)

On April 16, 2014, the Court denied Plaintiff's motion for default judgment, noting that there had been no entry of default against Defendant Balcagon. The Court also noted that Defendant Balcagon had answered and appeared in this action, which rendered default unavailable. Additionally, the Court clearly stated that it had not ordered a consolidated complaint or any answer to such complaint. (ECF No. 54.)

Despite the Court's order denying default judgment, Plaintiff filed the instant motion for entry of default against Defendants Balcagon, Perryman and Harder for failure to plead or otherwise defend and for entry of default judgment. (ECF No. 63.)

Entry of default is appropriate as to any party against whom a judgment for affirmative relief is sought that has failed to plead or otherwise defend as provided by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and where that fact is made to appear by affidavit or otherwise. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55(a). After entry of default, the plaintiff can seek entry of default judgment. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55(b)(1) and (2). "Default judgments are generally disfavored, and whenever it is reasonably possible, cases should be decided upon their merits." In re Hammer, 940 F.2d 524, 525 (9th Cir. 1991) (internal punctuation and citations omitted).

Here, Plaintiff may not obtain entry of default or default judgment in this action. Defendant Balcagon answered the complaint in this action on July 24, 2012. (ECF No. 12.) Prior to consolidation, Defendants Perryman and Harder answered the complaint in 1:13-cv-00906 on October 16, 2013. (See Cranford v. Perryman, 1:13-cv-00906-LJO-BAM, ECF No. 17.) Following consolidation, the Court did not order the filing of a consolidated complaint or an answer to any such complaint. Defendants Balcagon, Perryman and Harder have all appeared and defended the

consolidated action. Thus, entry of default and default judgment are not available against these defendants. Cf. Franchise Holding II, LLC v. Huntington Rests. Grp., Inc., 375 F.3d 922, 927-28 (9th Cir.2004) (if party appeared, clerk's entry of default void ab initio). Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff's motion for entry of default and default judgment, filed May 8, 2014, is DENIED. IT IS SO ORDERED. /s/ Barbara A. McAuliffe
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE Dated: May 15, 2014