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## II. Discussion and Analysis

"District courts have inherent power to control their dockets," and in exercising that 2 3 power, a court may impose sanctions including dismissal of an action. Thompson v. Housing 4 Authority of Los Angeles, 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action with 5 prejudice, based on a party's failure to prosecute an action or failure to obey a court order, or 6 failure to comply with local rules. See, e.g., Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9 th Cir. 2995) 7 (dismissal for failure to comply with local rules); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th 8 Cir. 1992) (dismissal for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint); 9 Malone v. U.S. Postal Service, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply 10 with a court order); Henderson v. Duncan, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for 11 failure to prosecute and to comply with local rules).

In determining whether to dismiss an action for failure to prosecute, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with the Local Rules, the Court must consider several factors, including: "(1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic sanctions." <u>Henderson</u>, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; *see also* <u>Ferdik</u>, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; <u>Thomspon</u>, 782 F.2d at 831.

In the case at hand, the public's interest in expeditiously resolving this litigation and the
Court's interest in managing the docket weigh in favor of dismissal. The risk of prejudice to the
defendants also weighs in favor of dismissal, since a presumption of injury arises from the
occurrence of unreasonable delay in prosecution of an action. *See Anderson v. Air West*, 542
F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The Court will not, and cannot, hold the case in abeyance because
Plaintiff has lost interest in this litigation.

Notably, the Court alerted Plaintiff of the consequences for failure to comply with the
Local Rules and the Court's orders. (Doc. 19 at 14; Doc. 20 at 2) Thus, Plaintiff had adequate
warning his matter would be dismissed if he failed to comply with the Court's order or its Local
Rules. Moreover, no lesser sanction is feasible given the Court's inability to communicate with
Plaintiff.

1	Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:
2	1. The action is <b>DISMISSED</b> without prejudice; and
3	2. The Clerk of the Court is directed to close the case.
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6	IT IS SO ORDERED.
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8	Dated:December 10, 2012/s/ Jennifer L. ThurstonUNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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