| Rector v. Proietti et al | | |
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| 6 | UNITED STATE | S DISTRICT COURT |
| 7 | EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA | |
| 8 | CHANNON W. RECTOR, | 1:12cv0480 AWI DLB |
| 9 |) | 1.12640 100 14441 BLB |
| 10 |) Plaintiff, | FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING DISMISSAL OF ACTION |
| 11 | v. | REGIMENTO DISIMISSILE OF THE FIGURE |
| 12 | JUDGE DONALD J. PROIETTI, et al., | |
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| 15 | Defendants. | |
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| 17 | Plaintiff Channon W. Rector ("Plaintiff"), proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis, filed | |
| 18 | the instant action to vacate a state court judgment on March 29, 2012. Doc. 1. He names Judge | |
| 19 | Donald J. Proietti and the Merced County Superior Court as defendants. For the reasons | |
| 20 | discussed below, the Court recommends that Plaintiff's action be dismissed without leave to | |
| 21 | amend. | |
| 22 | <u>DISCUSSION</u> | |
| 23 | A. <u>Screening Standard</u> | |
| 24 | Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2), the court must conduct an initial review of the | |
| 25 | complaint for sufficiency to state a claim. The court must dismiss a complaint or portion thereof | |
| 26 | if the court determines that the action is legally "frivolous or malicious," fails to state a claim | |
| 27 | upon which relief may be granted, or seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune | |
| 28 | from such relief. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2). If the court determines that the complaint fails to state | |

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a claim, leave to amend may be granted to the extent that the deficiencies of the complaint can be cured by amendment.

In reviewing a complaint under this standard, the Court must accept as true the allegations of the complaint in question, <u>Hospital Bldg. Co. v. Trustees of Rex Hospital</u>, 425 U.S. 738, 740 (1976), construe the pro se pleadings liberally in the light most favorable to the Plaintiff, <u>Resnick v. Hayes</u>, 213 F.3d 443, 447 (9th Cir. 2000), and resolve all doubts in the Plaintiff's favor, <u>Jenkins v. McKeithen</u>, 395 U.S. 411, 421 (1969).

B. Summary of Complaint

Plaintiff seeks to vacate judgments entered against him in Merced County Superior Court. He claims that he asserted a challenge to subject matter jurisdiction in the underlying actions, which the named plaintiff failed to overcome. He seeks compensation from Judge Donald J. Proietti.

C. Analysis

1. Preclusion

Plaintiff's claim seeking relief from any state court judgment is precluded by the <u>Rooker-Feldman</u> doctrine. <u>See, e.g., Bianchi v. Rylaarsdam, 334 F.3d 895, 900-01 (9th Cir. 2003).</u> The <u>Rooker-Feldman</u> doctrine bars a federal district court "from exercising subject matter jurisdiction over a suit that is a de facto appeal from a state court judgment." <u>Wolfe v. Strankman, 392 F.3d 358, 363 (9th Cir. 2004)</u>, citing <u>Kougasian v. TMSL, Inc., 359 F.3d 1136, 1139 (9th Cir. 2004)</u>. As Plaintiff essentially seeks to appeal or to undo a state-court adverse judgment, his claim is barred by <u>Rooker-Feldman</u>.

2. Judge Proietti

Insofar as Plaintiff requests compensation from Judge Proietti based on the entry of judgment or Plaintiff's status as a judgment debtor, he may not do so. Judges are absolutely immune from damages actions for judicial acts taken within the jurisdiction of their courts.

Schucker v. Rockwood, 846 F.2d 1202, 1204 (9th Cir. 1988); Imbler v. Pachtman, 424 U.S. 409, 418 (1976). "As long as the judge's ultimate acts are judicial actions taken within the court's subject matter jurisdiction, immunity applies." Ashelman v. Pope, 793 F.2d 1072, 1078 (9th Cir.

1986). Plaintiff's claim regarding his adverse judgment is not sufficient to prevent the application of judicial immunity.

3. Right to Amend

Based on the facts alleged, Plaintiff cannot prevail his claim and it appears granting leave to amend the complaint would be futile. Dismissal of a pro se complaint for failure to state a claim is proper where it is obvious that the plaintiff cannot prevail on the facts that he has alleged and that an opportunity to amend would be futile. See Lopez v. Smith, 203 F.3d 1122 (9th Cir. 2000) (en banc). Accordingly, the Court recommends that the complaint be dismissed without leave to amend for failure to state a claim.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated, it is HEREBY RECOMMENDED that this action be dismissed without leave to amend.

These Findings and Recommendations will be submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Within **fourteen** (14) days after being served with these Findings and Recommendations, Plaintiff may file written objections with the Court. The document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." Plaintiff is advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153, 1156-57 (9th Cir. 1991).

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: April 23, 2012 /s/ Dennis L. Beck
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE