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8 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**

9 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

10  
11 DAVID DUMAS,  
12   Plaintiff,  
13         v.  
14 BANGI, M.D.,  
15   Defendant.

**Case No. 1:12-cv-01355-LJO-JLT (PC)**  
**AMENDED SECOND INFORMATIONAL ORDER - NOTICE AND WARNING OF REQUIREMENTS FOR OPPOSING DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT**  
**(Doc. 32)**

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17                 Plaintiff, David Dumas, is a state prisoner proceeding *pro se* and *in forma pauperis*  
18 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 on his claims under the Eight Amendment against Defendant Bangi,  
19 M.D. for deliberate indifference to Plaintiff's serious medical need. (*See* Docs. 20, 23.)  
20 Defendant filed a motion for summary judgment on November 21, 2013. (Doc. 32.) Pursuant to  
21 *Woods v. Carey*, Nos. 09-15548, 09-16113, 2012 WL 262 6912 (9th Cir. Jul. 6, 2012), *Wyatt v.*  
22 *Terhune*, 315 F.3d 1108 (9th Cir. 2003), *Rand v. Rowland*, 154 F.3d 952 (9th Cir. 1998), and  
23 *Klinge v. Eikenberry*, 849 F.2d 409 (9th Cir. 1988), the Court hereby notifies Plaintiff of the  
24 following rights and requirements for opposing the motion:

- 25                 1. Unless otherwise ordered, all motions for summary judgment are briefed pursuant to
- 26 Local Rule 230(l).
- 27                 2. Plaintiff is required to file an opposition or a statement of non-opposition to
- 28 Defendant's' motion for summary judgment. Local Rule 230(l). If Plaintiff fails to file an

1 opposition or a statement of non-opposition to the motion, this action may be dismissed, with  
2 prejudice, for failure to prosecute. The opposition or statement of non-opposition must be filed  
3 not more than 21 days after the date of service of the motion. *Id.*

4 3. A motion for summary judgment is a request for judgment on some or all of Plaintiff's  
5 claims in favor of Defendant without trial. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(a). Defendant's motion sets forth  
6 the facts which he contends are not reasonably subject to dispute and that entitle him to judgment  
7 as a matter of law. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c). This is called the Statement of Undisputed Facts. Local  
8 Rule 260(a).

9 Plaintiff has the right to oppose a motion for summary judgment. To oppose the motion,  
10 Plaintiff must show proof of his claims. Plaintiff may agree with the facts set forth in Defendant's  
11 motion but argue that Defendant is not entitled to judgment as a matter of law.

12 In the alternative, if Plaintiff does not agree with the facts set forth in Defendant's motion,  
13 he may show that Defendant's facts are disputed in one or more of the following ways: (1)  
14 Plaintiff may rely upon statements made under the penalty of perjury in the complaint or the  
15 opposition if (a) the complaint or opposition shows that Plaintiff has personal knowledge of the  
16 matters stated and (b) Plaintiff calls to the Court's attention those parts of the complaint or  
17 opposition upon which Plaintiff relies; (2) Plaintiff may serve and file declarations setting forth  
18 the facts which Plaintiff believes prove his claims;<sup>1</sup> (3) Plaintiff may rely upon written records but  
19 Plaintiff must prove that the records are what he claims they are;<sup>2</sup> or (4) Plaintiff may rely upon  
20 all or any part of the transcript of one or more depositions, answers to interrogatories, or  
21 admissions obtained in this proceeding. Should Plaintiff fail to contradict Defendant's motion  
22 with declarations or other evidence, Defendant's evidence will be taken as truth, and final  
23 judgment may be entered without a full trial. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(e).

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25 <sup>1</sup>A declaration is a written statement setting forth facts (1) which are admissible in evidence, (2) which are  
26 based on the personal knowledge of the person giving the statement, and (3) to which the person giving the statement  
27 is competent to testify. 28 U.S.C. § 1746; Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c)(4). A declaration must be dated and signed under  
28 penalty of perjury as follows: "I declare (or certify, verify or state) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true  
and correct. Executed on (date). (Signature)." 28 U.S.C. § 1746.

<sup>2</sup> Sworn or certified copies of all papers referred to in the declaration must be included and served on the  
opposing party. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(e).

1 In opposing Defendant's motion for summary judgment, Local Rule 260(b) requires  
2 Plaintiff to reproduce Defendant's itemized facts in the Statement of Undisputed Facts and admit  
3 those facts which are undisputed and deny those which are disputed. If Plaintiff disputes (denies)  
4 a fact, Plaintiff must cite to the evidence used to support that denial (e.g., pleading, declaration,  
5 deposition, interrogatory answer, admission, or other document). Local Rule 260(b).

6 4. If discovery has not yet been opened or if discovery is still open and Plaintiff is not yet  
7 able to present facts to justify the opposition to the motion, the Court will consider a request to  
8 postpone consideration of Defendant's motion. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(d). Any request to postpone  
9 consideration of Defendant's motion for summary judgment must include the following: (1) a  
10 declaration setting forth the specific facts Plaintiff hopes to elicit from further discovery, (2) a  
11 showing that the facts exist, and (3) a showing that the facts are essential to opposing the motion  
12 for summary judgment. *Blough v. Holland Realty, Inc.*, 574 F.3d 1084, 1091 n.5 (9th Cir. 2009);  
13 *Tatum v. City and County of San Francisco*, 441 F.3d 1090, 1100-01 (9th Cir. 2006); *State of*  
14 *California v. Campbell*, 138 F.3d 772, 779 (9th Cir. 1998). The request to postpone the motion  
15 for summary judgment must identify what information is sought and how it would preclude  
16 summary judgment. *Blough*, 574 F.3d at 1091 n.5; *Tatum*, 441 F.3d at 1100-01; *Margolis v.*  
17 *Ryan*, 140 F.3d 850, 853 (9th Cir. 1998); Local Rule 260(b).

18 5. Unsigned declarations will be stricken, and declarations not signed under penalty of  
19 perjury have no evidentiary value.

20 6. The failure of any party to comply with this order, the Federal Rules of Civil  
21 Procedure, or the Local Rules of the Eastern District of California may result in the imposition of  
22 sanctions including but not limited to dismissal of the action or entry of default.

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24 IT IS SO ORDERED.

25 Dated: December 9, 2013

/s/ Jennifer L. Thurston  
26 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE