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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
8	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
9	E/ISTERN DISTRI	er or each order	
10	GEORGE EDWARD SUMMERS,	Case No. 1:13-cv-00190 LJO DLB PC	
11	Plaintiff,	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
12	v.	RECOMMENDING DISMISSAL OF ACTION FOR FAILURE TO PROSECUTE	
13	R. CHAPNICK, et al.,	TEN-DAY OBJECTION DEADLINE	
14	Defendants.		
15	/		
16			
17	Plaintiff George Edward Summers, a state prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma		
18	pauperis, filed this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 on May 16, 2012.		
19	On September 22, 2014, the District Court issued an order dismissing certain claims. The		
20	order was returned by the United States Postal Service as undeliverable on October 8, 2014.		
21	Plaintiff is required to keep the Court apprised of his current address at all times, and Loca		
22	Rule 183(b) provides, "If mail directed to a plaintiff in propria persona by the Clerk is returned by		
23	the U.S. Postal Service, and if such plaintiff fails to notify the Court and opposing parties within		
24	sixty-three (63) days thereafter of a current address, the Court may dismiss the action without		
25	prejudice for failure to prosecute." Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b) also provides fo		
26	dismissal of an action for failure to prosecute. <sup>1</sup>		
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28	<sup>1</sup> Courts may dismiss actions sua sponte under Rule 41(b) based on the plaintiff's failure to prosecute. <i>Hells Canyon Preservation Council v. U. S. Forest Serv.</i> , 403 F.3d 683, 689 (9th Cir. 2005) (citation omitted).		
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has not otherwise been in contact with the Court. "In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, the district court is required to consider several factors: (1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic sanctions." *Carey v. King*, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440 (9th Cir. 1988) (internal quotation marks and citation omitted); *accord Omstead v. Dell, Inc.*, 594 F.3d 1081, 1084 (9th Cir. 2010); *In re Phenylpropanolamine (PPA) Products Liability Litigation*, 460 F.3d 1217, 1226 (9th Cir. 2006). These factors guide a court in deciding what to do, and are not conditions that must be met in order for a court to take action. *In re PPA*, 460 F.3d at 1226 (citation omitted).

Plaintiff's address change was due by December 15, 2014, but he failed to file one and he

This case has been pending since 2012, and the expeditious resolution of litigation and the Court's need to manage its docket weigh in favor of dismissal. *Id.* at 1227. Further, the opposing party is necessarily prejudiced when he is unaware of the plaintiff's location during the discovery phase of the litigation. *Id.* 

With respect to the fourth factor, "public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits strongly counsels against dismissal," but "this factor lends little support to a party whose responsibility it is to move a case toward disposition on the merits but whose conduct impedes progress in that direction." *Id.* at 1228.

Finally, given the Court's and Defendant's inability to communicate with Plaintiff, there are no other reasonable alternatives available to address Plaintiff's failure to prosecute. *In re PPA*, 460 F.3d at 1228-29; *Carey*, 856 F.2d at 1441.

Accordingly, the Court HEREBY RECOMMENDS DISMISSAL of this action, without prejudice, based on Plaintiff's failure to prosecute. Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b); Local Rule 183(b).

These Findings and Recommendations will be submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of Title 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(l). Within **ten** (10) days after being served with these Findings and Recommendations, the parties may file written objections with the Court. The document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate

1	Judge's Findings and Recommendations." The parties are advised that failure to file objections		
2	within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Martinez v.		
3	Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991).		
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5	IT IS SO O	RDERED.	
6	Dated:	<b>December 25, 2014</b>	/s/ Dennis L. Beck
7			UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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