## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

KEVIN JAMES SALMON,	) Case No.: 1:13-cv-00725 - AWI - JLT
Plaintiff, v.  KERN COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT, et al.,	ORDER TO PLAINTIFF TO SHOW CAUSE WHY THE ACTION SHOULD NOT BE DISMISSED FOR HIS FAILURE TO PROSECUTE AND FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE COURT'S ORDER
Defendants.	) ) )

EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Kevin James Salmon ("Plaintiff") is proceeding *pro se* and *in forma pauperis* with an action against Kern County Sheriff Department's Child Protective Services, Trima Brown, Marcel Powel, an Deputy Meyers ("Defendants"). (Docs. 1-2). On May 28, 2013, the Court screened Plaintiff's complaint and determined he failed to state a cognizable claim. (Doc. 3). The Court dismissed the complaint with leave to amend, and ordered Plaintiff to file an amended complaint within thirty days of the date of service, or no later than June 27, 2013. (*Id.* at 8).

After Plaintiff failed to file an amended complaint, the Court ordered Plaintiff to show cause why the action should not be dismissed for his failure to prosecute the action and failure to comply with the Court's order. (Doc. 4). In response, Plaintiff filed a motion for a thirty-day extension of time to file an amended complaint (Doc. 5), which was granted by the Court on July 9, 2013. (Doc. 6). The Court ordered Plaintiff to "file a First Amended Complaint no later than **August 9, 2013**." *Id.* at 1

(emphasis in original). To date, Plaintiff has failed to file his amended pleading, or seek a further extension of time.

Plaintiff is reminded that the Local Rules, corresponding with Fed. R. Civ. P. 11, provide: "Failure of counsel or of a party to comply with . . . any order of the Court may be grounds for the imposition by the Court of any and all sanctions . . . within the inherent power of the Court." Local Rule 110. "District courts have inherent power to control their dockets," and in exercising that power, a court may impose sanctions including dismissal of an action. *Thompson v. Housing Authority of Los Angeles*, 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action with prejudice, based on a party's failure to prosecute an action or failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. *See, e.g. Ferdik v. Bonzelet*, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint); *Malone v. U.S. Postal Service*, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply with a court order); *Henderson v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for failure to prosecute and to comply with local rules).

Accordingly, Plaintiff is **ORDERED** to show cause within 14 days of the date of service of this Order why the action should not be dismissed for his failure to prosecute and failure comply with the Court's order or, in the alternative, to file an amended complaint.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: August 14, 2013 /s/ Jennifer L. Thurston
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE