UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
PERRY C. BLAIR,	Case No. 1:14-cv-01156-LJO-SAB (PC)
Plaintiff,	ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO MODIFY SCHEDULING
V.	ORDER AS TO DISPOSITIVE MOTION DEADLINE
CDCR, et al.,	(ECF No. 127)
Defendants.	(ECFN0.127)
Plaintiff Perry C. Blair is a state prisoner proceeding <i>pro se</i> and <i>in forma pauperis</i> in this	
civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. This action is proceeding against Defendants Alva,	
Franco and O'Daniels for deliberate indifference, against Defendants Santos, Esqueda, and Ybarra	
) for a due process violation, and against Defendant Johnson for retaliation.	
On February 22, 2018, Defendants filed an exhaustion-related motion for summary	
judgment. (ECF No. 84.) On May 2	5, 2018, the undersigned issued Findings and
Recommendations recommending that Defend	dants' motion for summary judgment by granted in
part and denied in part, subject to an evidenti	ary hearing. (ECF No. 99.) On July 30, 2018, the
Findings and Recommendations were adopted in full. (ECF No. 103.)	
On October 9, 2018, the undersigned	issued an order granting Defendants' motion for
modification of the scheduling order and exter	nding the dispositive motion deadline to ninety days
	EASTERN DISTR PERRY C. BLAIR, Plaintiff, v. CDCR, et al., Defendants. Plaintiff Perry C. Blair is a state prison civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 Franco and O'Daniels for deliberate indifferent for a due process violation, and against Defend for a due process violation, and against due process findings and Recommendations were adopted on October 9, 2018, the undersigned

1 On October 24, 2018, the undersigned conducted an Albino evidentiary hearing in order to 2 determine the disputed issues of fact regarding exhaustion of administrative remedies. (ECF No. 3 121.) On May 17, 2019, the undersigned issued Findings and Recommendations following the 4 Albino evidentiary hearing recommending that two of Plaintiff's claims be dismissed for failure to 5 exhaust administrative remedies. (ECF No. 123.) On July 15, 2019, the District Judge issued an 6 order adopting the May 17, 2019 Findings and Recommendations in full, dismissing two of 7 Plaintiff's claims for failure to exhaust administrative remedies, and granting Defendants leave to 8 file a dispositive motion within thirty days from the date of service of this order. (ECF No. 126.)

9 Currently before the Court is Defendants' motion to modify scheduling order as to
10 dispositive motion deadline, filed on July 29, 2019. (ECF No. 127.) The Court finds a response
11 from Plaintiff is unnecessary and the motion is deemed submitted. Local Rule 230(1).

Pursuant to Rule 16(b), a scheduling order "may be modified only for good cause and with the judge's consent." Fed. R. Civ. P. 16(b)(4). The "good cause" standard "primarily considers the diligence of the party seeking the amendment." Johnson v. Mammoth Recreations, Inc., 975 F.2d 604, 609 (9th Cir. 1992). The court may modify the scheduling order "if it cannot reasonably be met despite the diligence of the party seeking the extension." <u>Id.</u> If the party was not diligent, the inquiry should end. <u>Id.</u>

18 Defendants argue that good cause exists to modify the discovery and dispositive motion 19 deadlines because, since Defendants were relying on the Magistrate Judge's October 9, 2018 order 20 extending the dispositive motion deadline to ninety days after the final ruling on the pending Albino 21 evidentiary hearing, Defendants did not commence preparing their merits-based summary 22 judgment motion prior to the final ruling on the administrative exhaustion issues, as that ruling 23 would set the scope of claims left for adjudication in the merits-based summary judgment motion. 24 Additionally, Defendants argue that, as there are a large number of Defendants and claims, they 25 will need ninety days in order to complete and file their factually and legally complex merits-based summary judgment motion. Finally, Defendants assert that they have been diligent in preparing 26 27 and filing the instant motion soon after the final decision on the administrative exhaustion matters 28 issued.

1	Having considered Defendants' request, the Court finds good cause to modify the
2	dispositive motion deadline. Therefore, Defendants' motion to modify scheduling order as to the
3	dispositive motion deadline, (ECF No. 127), is HEREBY GRANTED. The dispositive motion
4	deadline is extended to October 14, 2019. All other provisions set forth in the September 1, 2017
5	discovery and scheduling order, (ECF No. 74), remain in full force and effect.
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7	IT IS SO ORDERED.
8	Dated: July 30, 2019 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
9	UNITED STATES MADISTRATE JUDGE
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