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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	ANDREW B. THOMPSON,	Case No. 1:14-cv-01521-LJO-JLT (PC)
12	Plaintiff,	SECOND INFORMATIONAL ORDER - NOTICE AND WARNING OF REQUIREMENTS FOR OPPOSING DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT
13	V.	
14	MEYER-ZLOKOVICH, et al.,	
15	Defendants.	(Doc. 16)
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18	Plaintiff, George E. Wooten, is a state prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis	
19	pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 in this action. Defendants filed a motion for summary judgment for	
20	Plaintiff's failure to exhaust his administrative remedies prior to filing suit on July 13, 2015.	
21	(Doc. 16.) Pursuant to Woods v. Carey, Nos. 09-15548, 09-16113, 2012 WL 262 6912 (9th Cir.	
22	Jul. 6, 2012), Wyatt v. Terhune, 315 F.3d 1108 (9th Cir. 2003), Rand v. Rowland, 154 F.3d 952	
23	(9th Cir. 1998), and Klingele v. Eikenberry, 849 F.2d 409 (9th Cir. 1988), the Court hereby	
24	notifies Plaintiff of the following rights and requirements for opposing the motion:	
25	1. Unless otherwise ordered, all motions for summary judgment are briefed pursuant to	
26	Local Rule 230(1).	
27	2. Plaintiff is required to file an opposition or a statement of non-opposition to	
28	Defendants' motion for summary judgment. Local Rule 230(1). If Plaintiff fails to file an	
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- 1 opposition or a statement of non-opposition to the motion, this action may be dismissed, with 2 prejudice, for failure to prosecute. The opposition or statement of non-opposition must be filed 3 not more than 21 days after the date of service of the motion. Id.

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4 3. A motion for summary judgment is a request for judgment on some or all of Plaintiff's claims in favor of Defendants without trial. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(a). Defendants' motion sets forth 5 6 the facts which they contend are not reasonably subject to dispute and that entitle them to judgment as a matter of law. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c). This is called the Statement of Undisputed 8 Facts. Local Rule 260(a).

9 Plaintiff has the right to oppose a motion for summary judgment. To oppose the motion, 10 Plaintiff must show proof of his claims. Plaintiff may agree with the facts set forth in Defendants' 11 motion, but argue that Defendants are not entitled to judgment as a matter of law.

12 In the alternative, if Plaintiff does not agree with the facts set forth in Defendants' motion, 13 he must show that Defendants' facts are disputed in one or more of the following ways: (1) 14 Plaintiff may rely upon statements made under the penalty of perjury in the Complaint or the 15 opposition if (a) the Complaint or opposition shows that Plaintiff has personal knowledge of the 16 matters stated and (b) Plaintiff calls to the Court's attention those parts of the Complaint or 17 opposition upon which Plaintiff relies; (2) Plaintiff may serve and file declarations setting forth the facts which Plaintiff believes prove his claims;¹ (3) Plaintiff may rely upon written records but 18 Plaintiff must prove that the records are what he claims they are: 2 or (4) Plaintiff may rely upon 19 20 all or any part of the transcript of one or more depositions, answers to interrogatories, or 21 admissions obtained in this proceeding. If Plaintiff fails to contradict Defendants' motion with 22 declarations or other evidence, Defendants' evidence will be taken as truth and final judgment 23 may be entered without a full trial. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(e).

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²⁵ 1 A declaration is a written statement setting forth facts (1) which are admissible in evidence, (2) which are based on the personal knowledge of the person giving the statement, and (3) to which the person giving the statement 26 is competent to testify. 28 U.S.C. § 1746; Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c)(4). A declaration must be dated and signed under penalty of perjury as follows: "I declare (or certify, verify or state) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true 27 and correct. Executed on (date). (Signature)." 28 U.S.C. § 1746.

 $^{^{2}}$ Sworn or certified copies of all papers referred to in the declaration must be included and served on the 28 opposing party. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(e).

1 In opposing Defendants' motion for summary judgment, Local Rule 260(b) requires 2 Plaintiff to reproduce Defendants' itemized facts in the Statement of Undisputed Facts and admit 3 those facts which are undisputed and deny those which are disputed. If Plaintiff disputes (denies) 4 a fact, Plaintiff must cite to the evidence used to support that denial (e.g., pleading, declaration, 5 deposition, interrogatory answer, admission, or other document). Local Rule 260(b).

6 4. If discovery has not yet been opened or if discovery is still open and Plaintiff is not yet 7 able to present facts to justify the opposition to the motion, the Court will consider a request to 8 postpone consideration of Defendants' motion. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(d). Any request to postpone 9 consideration of Defendants' motion for summary judgment must include the following: (1) a 10 declaration setting forth the specific facts Plaintiff hopes to elicit from further discovery, (2) a 11 showing that the facts exist, and (3) a showing that the facts are essential to opposing the motion 12 for summary judgment. Blough v. Holland Realty, Inc., 574 F.3d 1084, 1091 n.5 (9th Cir. 2009); 13 Tatum v. City and County of San Francisco, 441 F.3d 1090, 1100-01 (9th Cir. 2006); State of 14 California v. Campbell, 138 F.3d 772, 779 (9th Cir. 1998). The request to postpone the motion 15 for summary judgment must identify what information is sought and how it would preclude 16 summary judgment. Blough, 574 F.3d at 1091 n.5; Tatum, 441 F.3d at 1100-01; Margolis v. Ryan, 140 F.3d 850, 853 (9th Cir. 1998); Local Rule 260(b). 17

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5. Unsigned declarations will be stricken and declarations not signed under penalty of 19 perjury have no evidentiary value and will not be considered.

20 6. The failure of any party to comply with this order, the Federal Rules of Civil 21 Procedure, or the Local Rules of the Eastern District of California may result in the imposition of 22 sanctions including but not limited to dismissal of the action or entry of default.

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IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: August 6, 2015

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/s/ Jennifer L. Thurston UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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