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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	WILLIAM BIRDSALL,	No. 1:14-cv-01738-DAD-BAM (PC)
12	Plaintiff,	
13	v.	ORDER ADOPTING FINDINGS AND
14	D. JAMES,	RECOMMENDATIONS TO DENY PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO DISPENSE
15	Defendant.	WITH REQUIREMENT OF SECURITY AND FOR A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION
16		(Doc. Nos. 22, 34)
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18	Plaintiff William Birdsall is a state prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis in	
19	this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. This action currently proceeds on plaintiff's	
20	second amended complaint against defendant James for violation of plaintiff's due process rights.	
21	(Doc. No. 18.) The matter was referred to a United States Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C.	
22	§ 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 302.	
23	On December 6, 2017, the assigned magistrate judge issued findings and	
24	recommendations recommending that plaintiff's motion to dispense with the requirement of	
25	security and request for a preliminary injunction be denied. (Doc. No. 34.) Plaintiff was directed	
26	to file any objections to the findings and recommendations within fourteen days. Plaintiff filed	
27	objections on December 18, 2017. (Doc. No. 36.)	
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reconsideration of his motion.

injunctive relief.

Accordingly:

in full; and

IT IS SO ORDERED.

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Dated: **January 31, 2018**

preliminary injunction (Doc. No. 22) is denied.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDG

In accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C) and Local Rule 304, the

Because the function of a preliminary injunction is to preserve the status quo pending a

determination on the merits, Chalk v. U.S. Dist. Court, 840 F.2d 701, 704 (9th Cir. 1988), there is

heightened scrutiny where the movant seeks to alter rather than maintain the status quo, Dahl v.

HEM Pharm. Corp., 7 F.3d 1399, 1403 (9th Cir. 1993) (holding that mandatory, as opposed to

prohibitory, injunctions are "subject to a heightened scrutiny and should not be issued unless the

facts and law clearly favor the moving party"). Here, plaintiff seeks injunctive relief in the form

of an order mandating prison officials to conduct a new disciplinary hearing on the basis of his

allegations that his due process rights were violated at the original hearing on the disciplinary

charge. Although plaintiff's allegations have been found to be sufficient to state a cognizable

1. The findings and recommendations filed on December 6, 2017 (Doc. No. 34) are adopted

claim, they are not sufficient to make the required showing that he is entitled to immediate

2. Plaintiff's motion to dispense with the requirement of security and request for a

court has conducted a *de novo* review of plaintiff's request. Plaintiff's objections state that he no

longer seeks an injunction directing "prison officials" to remove a Rules Violation Report from

his C-File and to transfer him to a different facility, but instead seeks a new hearing on the

disciplinary violation with all of his due process rights restored. On this basis, he seeks

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