

1 and Maurice Howard with copies of the Passover 2015 Event Package. Plaintiff requested that the
2 Court issue an order providing that the Passover 2015 Event Package be granted. (ECF No. 17.)

3 On April 1, 2015, the Court denied Plaintiff's March 25, 2015 request for emergency/urgent
4 injunctive relief. (ECF No. 18.)

5 For the same reasons, Plaintiff's motion for injunctive relief, filed on January 5, 2015, shall be
6 denied. "A preliminary injunction is an extraordinary remedy never awarded as of right." Winter v.
7 Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc., 555 U.S. 7, 24, 129 S.Ct. 365, 376 (2008) (citation omitted).
8 "A plaintiff seeking a preliminary injunction must establish that he is likely to succeed on the merits,
9 that he is likely to suffer irreparable harm in the absence of preliminary relief, that the balance of
10 equities tips in his favor, and that an injunction is in the public interest." Id. at 20 (citations omitted).
11 An injunction may only be awarded upon a clear showing that the plaintiff is entitled to relief. Id. at
12 22 (citation omitted).

13 In this instance, Plaintiff has not demonstrated that he is likely to succeed on the merits. A
14 preliminary review of Plaintiff's complaint, which has not been fully screened, indicates that it does
15 not comply with the pleading requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 8 and includes multiple
16 claims in violation of the joinder rules of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 18. Additionally, Plaintiff's
17 complaint relates to past events, not the 2015 Passover Event. Further, Plaintiff's moving papers
18 contain no argument or demonstration that he is likely to succeed on the merits of his claims.

19 Plaintiff also cannot demonstrate that he is likely to suffer irreparable harm in the absence of
20 preliminary relief. Plaintiff admits that the 2014 Passover Event Package was approved. There is no
21 indication that his 2015 Passover Event Package for April 3-April 11, 2015 would not be approved.
22 Moreover, a portion of Plaintiff's request for Passover events between April 3 and April 6 is now
23 moot.

24 Additionally, "a court has no power to adjudicate a personal claim or obligation unless it has
25 jurisdiction over the person of the defendant." Zenith Radio Corp. v. Hazeltine Research, Inc., 395
26 U.S. 100, 110, 89 S.Ct. 1562 (1969); S.E.C. v. Ross, 504 F.3d 1130, 1138-39 (9th Cir. 2007). As
27 noted above, the Court has not screened Plaintiff's complaint to determine whether it states a
28 cognizable claim. Moreover, no defendant has been ordered served and no defendant has yet made an

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

appearance. At this juncture, the Court lacks personal jurisdiction over the defendants and it cannot issue an order requiring them to take any action. Zenith Radio Corp., 395 U.S. at 110; Ross, 504 F.3d at 1138-39. The Court will screen Plaintiff's complaint in due course.

For these reasons, Plaintiff's motion for injunctive relief, filed on January 5, 2015, is HEREBY DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: April 6, 2015

/s/ Barbara A. McAuliffe
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE