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8 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
9 **EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**  
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11 **BRUCE BERNA,**

12 **Plaintiff,**

13 **v.**

14 **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF**  
15 **FIREARMS, et al.,**

16 **Defendants.**

**Case No. 1:14-cv-01972-JAM-SAB**

**FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**  
**THAT THIS ACTION BE DISMISSED FOR**  
**FAILURE TO STATE A CLAIM**

**OBJECTIONS DUE WITHIN THIRTY (30)**  
**DAYS**

17 On January 20, 2015, Plaintiff Bruce Berna (“Plaintiff”) filed the operative complaint in  
18 this action, the First Amended Complaint. (ECF No. 5.) On February 24, 2015, the Court issued  
19 an order dismissing the claims raised in the First Amended Complaint, with leave to amend, for  
20 failure to state a claim. (ECF No. 6.)

21 The Court’s February 24, 2015 order provided Plaintiff with thirty (30) days to file an  
22 amended complaint. To date, no amended complaint has been filed. Plaintiff was expressly  
23 warned that failure to file a timely amended complaint would result in a recommendation that  
24 this action be dismissed.

25 **I.**

26 **DISCUSSION**

27 Local Rule 110 provides that “[f]ailure of counsel or of a party to comply with these  
28 Rules or with any order of the Court may be grounds for imposition by the Court of any and all

1 sanctions . . . within the inherent power of the Court.” The Court has the inherent power to  
2 control its docket and may, in the exercise of that power, impose sanctions where appropriate,  
3 including dismissal of the action. Bautista v. Los Angeles County, 216 F.3d 837, 841 (9th Cir.  
4 2000).

5 A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party’s failure to prosecute an  
6 action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. See, e.g. Ghazali v.  
7 Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (dismissal for noncompliance with local rule); Ferdik  
8 v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal for failure to comply with an  
9 order to file an amended complaint); Carey v. King, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988)  
10 (dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring pro se plaintiffs to keep court apprised  
11 of address); Malone v. United States Postal Serv., 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal  
12 for failure to comply with court order); Henderson v. Duncan, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir.  
13 1986) (dismissal for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with local rules).

14 In determining whether to dismiss an action for failure to comply with a pretrial order,  
15 the Court must weigh “(1) the public’s interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the  
16 court’s need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public  
17 policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic  
18 sanctions.” In re Phenylpropanolamine (PPA) Products Liability Litigation, 460 F.3d 1217, 1226  
19 (9th Cir. 2006) (internal quotations and citations omitted). These factors guide a court in  
20 deciding what to do, and are not conditions that must be met in order for a court to take action.  
21 Id. (citation omitted).

22 In this instance the public’s interest in expeditious resolution of the litigation and the  
23 Court’s need to manage its docket weigh in favor of dismissal. Plaintiff was ordered to file an  
24 amended complaint within thirty days of February 24, 2015. Plaintiff has neither filed an  
25 amended complaint nor otherwise responded to the Court’s order. Plaintiff’s failure to comply  
26 with the orders of the Court hinders the Court’s ability to move this action towards disposition,  
27 and indicates that Plaintiff does not intend to diligently litigate this action.

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1 Since it appears that Plaintiff does not intend to litigate this action diligently there arises a  
2 rebuttable presumption of prejudice to the defendants in this action. In re Eisen, 31 F.3d 1447,  
3 1452-53 (9th Cir. 1994). This risk of prejudice may be rebutted if Plaintiff offers an excuse for  
4 the delay. In re Eisen, 31 F.3d at 1453. The risk of prejudice to the defendants also weighs in  
5 favor of dismissal.

6 The public policy in favor of deciding cases on their merits is greatly outweighed by the  
7 factors in favor of dismissal. It is Plaintiff's responsibility to move this action forward. This  
8 action can proceed no further without Plaintiff's cooperation and compliance with the order at  
9 issue, and the action cannot simply remain idle on the Court's docket, unprosecuted. In this  
10 instance, the fourth factor does not outweigh Plaintiff's failure to comply with the Court's orders.

11 Finally, a court's warning to a party that their failure to obey the court's order will result  
12 in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives" requirement. Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1262;  
13 Malone, 833 F.2d at 132-33; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1424. Plaintiff was expressly warned that  
14 failure to file an amended complaint would result in a recommendation that this action be  
15 dismissed.

## 16 II.

### 17 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

18 For the reasons stated in the February 24, 2015, the Court finds that Plaintiff's First  
19 Amended Complaint fails to state any cognizable claims. The Court further finds that this action  
20 should be dismissed as a result of Plaintiff's failure to prosecute.

21 Accordingly, it is HEREBY RECOMMENDED that this action be DISMISSED with  
22 prejudice for Plaintiff's failure to state a claim and failure to prosecute.

23 These findings and recommendations are submitted to the district judge assigned to this  
24 action, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and this Court's Local Rule 304. Within fourteen  
25 (14) days of service of this recommendation, any party may file written objections to these  
26 findings and recommendations with the Court and serve a copy on all parties. Such a document  
27 should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." The  
28 district judge will review the magistrate judge's findings and recommendations pursuant to 28

1 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C). The parties are advised that failure to file objections within the specified  
2 time may result in the waiver of rights on appeal. Wilkerson v. Wheeler, 772 F.3d 834, 839 (9th  
3 Cir. 2014) (citing Baxter v. Sullivan, 923 F.2d 1391, 1394 (9th Cir. 1991)).

4  
5 IT IS SO ORDERED.

6 Dated: **March 31, 2015**

  
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE