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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	THURMAN GAINES,	1:15-cv-000587 DLB (PC)
12	Plaintiff,	ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR
13	V.	APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL
14	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, et al.,	(Document# 3)
15	Defendant(s).	
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17	On April 16, 2015, Phylindiff Clade an	otion and bine the consistence of consistence of District Co
18	On April 16, 2015, Plaintiff filed a motion seeking the appointment of counsel. Plaintiff	
19	does not have a constitutional right to appointed counsel in this action, Rand v. Rowland, 113	
20	F.3d 1520, 1525 (9th Cir. 1997), and the Court cannot require an attorney to represent Plaintiff pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1). Mallard v. United States District Court for the Southern	
21	District of Iowa, 490 U.S. 296, 298, 109 S.Ct. 1814, 1816 (1989). However, in certain	
22	exceptional circumstances, the Court may request the voluntary assistance of counsel pursuant to	
23	and the state of t	

exceptional circumstances, the Court may request the voluntary assistance of counsel pursuant to section 1915(e)(1). Rand, 113 F.3d at 1525. Without a reasonable method of securing and compensating counsel, the Court will seek volunteer counsel only in the most serious and exceptional cases. In determining whether "exceptional circumstances exist, the district court must evaluate both the likelihood of success of the merits [and] the ability of the [plaintiff] to articulate his claims  $pro\ se$  in light of the

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complexity of the legal issues involved." Id. (internal quotation marks and citations omitted).

In the present case, the Court does not find the required exceptional circumstances. Even if it is assumed that Plaintiff is not well versed in the law and that he has made serious allegations which, if proved, would entitle him to relief, his case is not exceptional. This Court is faced with similar cases almost daily. Further, at this early stage in the proceedings, the Court cannot make a determination that Plaintiff is likely to succeed on the merits, and based on a review of the record in this case, the Court does not find that Plaintiff cannot adequately articulate his claims. Id.

Plaintiff also requests counsel because of an alleged mental disorder and inability to read and write well. While a disability may, in some situations, warrant the appointment of counsel, the Court will not consider such an appointment until after it has screened the complaint. The Court also would require current medical records to support Plaintiff's claim of disability.

For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff's motion for the appointment of counsel is HEREBY DENIED, without prejudice.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: April 20, 2015 /s/ Dennis L. Beck
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE