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9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
10	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
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12	FRANK LEE DEARWESTER,	CASE No. 1:15-cv-00694-MJS	
13	Plaintiff,	ORDER DENYING MOTION TO PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS AND	
14	V.	REQUIRING PAYMENT OF FILING FEE IN FULL WITHIN TWENTY-ONE DAYS	
15	CDCR, et al.,	(ECF No. 2)	
16	Defendants.	· · · ·	
17	Plaintiff is a state prisoner proceeding <i>pro se</i> in this civil rights action filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. (ECF No. 1.) He has consented to Magistrate Judge jurisdiction. (ECF No. 5.) On May 6, 2015, Plaintiff filed a motion to proceed <i>in forma</i> <i>pauperis</i> pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915. (ECF No. 2.)		
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21	The Prison Litigation Reform Act provides that "[i]n no event shall a prisone		
23	a civil action under this section if the prisoner has, on 3 or more occasions, while		
24	incarcerated or detained in any facility, brought an action or appeal in a court of the		
25	United States that was dismissed on the grounds that it is frivolous, malicious, or fails to		
26	state a claim upon which relief may be granted, unless the prisoner is under imminent		
27	danger of serious physical injury." 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). Plaintiff has had three or more		
28	actions dismissed as frivolous, as malicio	ous, or for failing to state a claim upon which	

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relief maybe granted.1

To meet the imminent danger exception, the complaint must plausibly allege "that
the prisoner faced 'imminent danger of serious physical injury' at the time of filing." *Andrews v. Cervantes*, 493 F.3d 1047, 1053-55 (9th Cir. 2007).

5 Plaintiff's complaint nowhere states that he faces any danger, imminent or
6 otherwise. Instead, he attempts to challenge CDCR's religious meals program on
7 constitutional and RLUIPA grounds.

8 The Court concludes that Plaintiff's *in forma pauperis* application should be
9 denied because he has accrued three or more strikes and was not under imminent
10 danger of serious physical harm at the time this action was initiated. 28 U.S.C. §
11 1915(g). Plaintiff will be provided with the opportunity to pay the filing fee in full.

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Based on the foregoing, it is HEREBY ORDERED that:

1. Plaintiff's *in forma pauperis* application (ECF No. 2) is DENIED,

Plaintiff must pay the \$400 filing fee in full within twenty-one days of
 service of this order, and

16 3. If Plaintiff fails to pay the \$400 filing fee in full within twenty-one days of
17 service of this order, all pending motions will be terminated and this action dismissed
18 without prejudice.

19 IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 27, 2015

Is Michael J. Seng

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

23	¹ The Court takes judicial notice of the following United States District Court cases: <u>Dearwester v.</u>
24	Ramirez, et al., 2:13-cv-02065-KJN (E.D. Cal.) (dismissed December 20, 2013 for failure to state a claim;
	no appeal taken); Dearwester v. United States, et al., 2:13-cv-02536 (E.D. Cal.) (dismissed February 13,
25	2014 for failure to file amended complaint after original complaint failed to state a claim; no appeal taken);
	and Dearwester v. Sacramento Cty. Sheriff's Dept., 2:13-cv-02062-AC (E.D. Cal.) (dismissed April 28,
26	2014 for failure to file amended complaint after original complaint failed to state a claim; motion for leave to
	file amended complaint denied January 5, 2015 because amended complaint also failed to state a claim;
27	no appeal taken); and <u>Dearwester v. Parkhurst, et al.</u> , 2:13-cv-02530-CKD (E.D. Cal.) (dismissed January
	2, 2014 for failure to state a claim; no appeal taken). A strike accrues as soon the trial court dismisses on
28	statutorily enumerated grounds, even if the dismissal is the subject of an appeal. Coleman v. Tollefson,
	135 S.Ct. 1759, at *4 (2015).