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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

DAVID N. OSOLINKSI,  
Plaintiff,  
v.  
CORRECTIONAL OFFICER JOHN  
DOE 1, et al.,  
Defendants.

CASE NO. 1:15-cv-01884-DAD-MJS (PC)

**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE WHY ACTION  
SHOULD NOT BE DISMISSED WITH  
PREJUDICE FOR FAILURE TO STATE A  
CLAIM, FAILURE TO OBEY A COURT  
ORDER, AND FAILURE TO PROSECUTE**

**(ECF No. 8)**

**FOURTEEN (14) DAY DEADLINE**

Plaintiff is a civil detainee proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis in this civil rights action brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

On March 3, 2016 the Court dismissed Plaintiff's complaint for failure to state a claim but gave leave to amend within thirty days. (ECF No. 8.) On March 31, 2016 Plaintiff filed a motion requesting a thirty (30) day extension to file an amended complaint on the ground that he needed additional time to complete his research. (ECF No. 9.) On April 4, 2016 the Court granted Plaintiff's motion. (ECF No. 10.) As of June 9, 2016 Plaintiff had not filed an amended complaint or a request for additional time.

Local Rule 110 provides that "failure of counsel or of a party to comply with these Rules or with any order of the Court may be grounds for imposition by the Court of any

1 and all sanctions . . . within the inherent power of the Court.” District courts have the  
2 inherent power to control their dockets and “in the exercise of that power, they may  
3 impose sanctions including, where appropriate, default or dismissal.” Thompson v.  
4 Housing Auth., 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with  
5 prejudice, based on a party’s failure to prosecute, failure to obey a court order, or failure  
6 to comply with local rules. See, e.g., Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995)  
7 (dismissal for noncompliance with local rule); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-  
8 61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of a  
9 complaint); Carey v. King, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (dismissal for failure  
10 to comply with local rule requiring pro se plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address);  
11 Malone v. U.S. Postal Service, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to  
12 comply with a court order); Henderson v. Duncan, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986)  
13 (dismissal for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with local rules).

14 In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey  
15 a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the Court must consider several  
16 factors: (1) the public’s interest in expeditious resolution of litigation, (2) the Court’s need  
17 to manage its docket, (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants, (4) the public policy  
18 favoring disposition of cases on their merits, and (5) the availability of less drastic  
19 alternatives. Thompson, 782 F.2d at 831; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; Malone, 833  
20 F.2d at 130; Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; Ghazali, 46 F.3d at 53.

21 In the instant case, the public’s interest in expeditiously resolving this litigation  
22 and the Court’s interest in managing its docket weigh in favor of dismissal. The third  
23 factor, risk of prejudice to Defendants, also weighs in favor of dismissal, since a  
24 presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of unreasonable delay in prosecuting  
25 this action. Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor --  
26 public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits -- is greatly outweighed by the  
27 factors in favor of dismissal discussed herein. Finally, as for the availability of lesser  
28 sanctions, at this stage in the proceedings there is little available which would constitute

1 a satisfactory lesser sanction while preserving scarce Court resources. Plaintiff has not  
2 paid the filing fee for this action and is likely unable to pay, making monetary sanctions  
3 of little use.

4 Accordingly, it is HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 5 1. Within fourteen (14) days of service of this Order, Plaintiff shall file either  
6 an amended complaint or notice of voluntary dismissal, or shall show  
7 cause as to why this action should not be dismissed with prejudice for  
8 failure to state a claim, failure to prosecute, and failure to comply with the  
9 Court's order (ECF No. 8); and
- 10 2. If Plaintiff fails to show cause or file an amended complaint or notice of  
11 voluntary dismissal, the undersigned will recommend that the action be  
12 dismissed, with prejudice, subject to the "three strikes" provision set forth in  
13 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

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15 IT IS SO ORDERED.

16 Dated: June 10, 2016

17 */s/ Michael J. Seng*  
18 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE  
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