

1 On August 17, 2017, Plaintiff filed a fourth motion for appointment of counsel. (ECF No.
2 52.)

3 **I. Legal Standard**

4 As Plaintiff was previously informed, he does not have a constitutional right to appointed
5 counsel in this action, Rand v. Rowland, 113 F.3d 1520, 1525 (9th Cir. 1997), reversed in part on
6 other grounds, 154 F.3d 952, 954 n.1 (9th Cir. 1998), and the Court cannot require an attorney to
7 represent Plaintiff under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1). Mallard v. U.S. Dist. Court for the S. Dist. of
8 Iowa, 490 U.S. 296, 298, 109 S. Ct. 1814, 1816 (1989). However, in certain exceptional
9 circumstances, the Court may request the voluntary assistance of counsel under section
10 1915(e)(1). Rand, 113 F.3d at 1525.

11 Without a reasonable method of securing and compensating counsel, the Court will seek
12 volunteer counsel only in the most serious and exceptional cases. In determining whether
13 “exceptional circumstances exist, the district court must evaluate both the likelihood of success
14 on the merits [and] the ability of the [plaintiff] to articulate his claims pro se in light of the
15 complexity of the legal issues involved.” Id. (internal quotation marks and citations omitted).

16 **II. Discussion**

17 In the instant motion, Plaintiff requests the appointment of counsel for the following
18 reasons: (1) Plaintiff is unable to afford counsel; (2) Plaintiff’s imprisonment limits his ability to
19 litigate; (3) a trial in this case will involve conflicting testimony; and (4) Plaintiff has made
20 repeated efforts to obtain a lawyer. (ECF No. 52.)

21 The Court has considered Plaintiff’s renewed motion for the appointment of counsel, but
22 again does not find the required exceptional circumstances. As previously indicated, Plaintiff’s
23 indigent circumstances, the complexity of the case, and Plaintiff’s limited knowledge of the law
24 do not make his case exceptional. This Court is faced with similar cases, particularly those
25 involving allegations of excessive force, almost daily. Plaintiff has provided no new
26 considerations or changed circumstances indicating that he is unable to proceed in this matter
27 without the assistance of counsel.

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Moreover, at this early stage in the proceedings, the Court cannot make a determination that Plaintiff is likely to succeed on the merits, and upon reviewing the record, the Court does not find that Plaintiff cannot adequately articulate his claims. Rand, 113 F.3d at 1525. However, if Plaintiff requires additional time to comply with relevant deadlines and court orders due to his limited education, complexities of the case or other circumstances, then he may seek appropriate extensions of time.

Accordingly, Plaintiff's motion for appointment of counsel (ECF No. 52) is HEREBY DENIED, without prejudice. Any further requests for appointment of counsel on similar grounds will summarily be denied.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: August 21, 2017

/s/ Barbara A. McAuliffe
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE