1	MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP	
2	BRENDAN E. RADKE, Cal. Bar No. 275284 brendan.radke@morganlewis.com	
3	KEVIN M. BENEDICTO, Cal. Bar No. 305802 kevin.benedicto@morganlewis.com	
4	One Market Street, Spear Street Tower San Francisco, CA 94105-1596	
5	Tel: +1.415.442.1000	
6	MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP R. BRENDAN FEE, pro hac vice	
7	brendan.fee@morganlewis.com 1701 Market Street	
8	Philadelphia, PA 19103-2921 Tel: +1.215.963.5000	
9	Attorneys for Defendant/Counterclaim Plaintiffs	
10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
11	EASTERN DISTRIC	T OF CALIFORNIA
12	FRESNO DIVISION	
13		
14	INTERVAL EQUIPMENT SOLUTIONS,	Case No.1:16-cv-00512-LJO-SKO
15	INC.,	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
16	Plaintiff,	
17	VS.	
18	SANDVIK MINING AND CONSTRUCTION USA, LLC and DOES 1-10,	
19	Defendants.	
20		
21	SANDVIK MINING AND CONSTRUCTION	
22	USA, LLC and SANDVIK INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AB	
23	Counterclaim Plaintiffs,	
24	vs.	
25	INTERVAL EQUIPMENT SOLUTIONS, INC.	
26	Counterclaim Defendant.	
27	Councidant Defendant.	
28 Morgan, Lewis &	1	Case No. 1:16-cv-00512-LJO-SKO
BOCKIUS LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW	STIPULATED PRO	
SAN FRANCISCO	II	· ·

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Disclosure and discovery in this action are likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information. Special protection from public disclosure and use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Plaintiff/Counterclaim Defendant Interval Equipment Solutions Inc. ("Interval"), Defendant/Counterclaim Plaintiff Sandvik Mining and Construction USA LLC, and Counterclaim Plaintiff Sandvik Intellectual Property AB (collectively, "Sandvik") have therefore agreed to the terms of the Stipulated Protective Order ("Order") as set forth below. Interval and Sandvik (collectively, the "Parties") enter into this agreement to protect the confidentiality of materials containing trade secrets and technical, cost, price, sales, marketing or other commercial information, as contemplated by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c). Accordingly, the Parties hereby stipulate to and petition the Court to enter the following Order. The Parties acknowledge that the Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items entitled to confidential treatment under applicable legal principles.

As required by Civil Local Rule 141.1(c)(3), the Parties submit that protection should be addressed by a Court Order, as opposed to a private agreement between or among the Parties. The nature of the claims involved in this action may require discovery into competitively sensitive information, including potentially from third parties. A private agreement between the Parties would be insufficient to alleviate the Parties' concerns that such information remain confidential. Good cause exists for entry of a protective order to prevent unauthorized disclosure and use of trade secrets and confidential commercial information of Parties and Non-Parties during the litigation and after it has been concluded. A protective order will also facilitate timely production of material from both Parties and Non-Parties. Given these concerns, the Parties respectfully request the entry of this Order by the Court.

2. **DEFINITIONS**

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- 2.1. "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items: Information (regardless of how generated, stored, or maintained) or tangible things that are treated confidentially by a Party or Non-Party.
- 2.2. **Designating Party:** A Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."
- 2.3. **Disclosure or Discovery Material:** All items or information, regardless of the medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.
- 2.4. **Expert:** A person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or consultant in this action and who is not a current employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party.
- 2.5. "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information and Items: Extremely sensitive "CONFIDENTIAL Information or Items," the disclosure of which would result in the disclosure of information only known on a "need-to-know basis" and generally not known by individuals not affiliated with a Party, including sensitive information in the categories of (1) trade secrets, (2) other competitively sensitive research, (3) development, (4) production, (5) personnel, (6) commercial, (7) technical, (8) financial, or (9) business information (with information in these categories including but not limited to proprietary information, contracts, bids, corporate planning documents, strategic planning documents, documents that reveal market or customer analyses, competitive strategy, research and development documents, financial statements, and other financial or budgetary documents). There is a particularized need for information in each of these categories to be covered by the Order to protect its highly sensitive and confidential nature, as disclosure could create a substantial risk of harm to the Designating Party that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

- 2.6. **Non-Party:** Any person or entity that is not a Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this action.
- 2.7. **Outside Counsel:** Attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are retained to represent or advise a Party in this action, including their support staff.
- 2.8. **Party:** Any Party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, consultants, retained experts, general counsel, outside counsel and their support staff.
- 2.9. **Producing Party:** A Party or Non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this action.
- 2.10. **Professional Vendors:** Persons or entities that provide litigation support services (including but not limited to photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, organizing, storing, and retrieving data in any form or medium), as well as their employees and subcontractors.
- 2.11. **Protected Material:** Any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."
- 2.12. **Receiving Party:** A Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or Outside Counsel to or in Court proceedings or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.

4. **DURATION**

Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or the Court's order otherwise directs.

5. <u>DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

5.1. Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

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Each Producing Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of the material, documents, items, or oral or written communication that qualify so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiability within the ambit of this Order.

If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, the Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

Manner and Timing of Designations. 5.2.

Except as otherwise provided in this Order, or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

Information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings): The Producing Party shall affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" at the top or bottom of each page that contains protected material, in such a manner that will not interfere with the legibility of the document.

Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings: The Producing Party offering or sponsoring the testimony shall identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony. When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for protection, the Party or Non-Party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on the record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to fourteen (14) days following mailing of the transcript by the court reporter to identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought. Counsel attending a deposition who inadvertently fail to designate any

portion of the transcript as confidential on the record at the deposition shall have fourteen (14) days following mailing of the transcript by the court reporter to do so. Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for protection within the fourteen (14) days following mailing of the transcript by the court reporter shall be covered by the provisions of this Order. Until expiration of the aforesaid fourteen (14) day period, all deposition transcripts shall be considered and treated as confidential material, unless otherwise agreed on the record at the deposition.

Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately identified by the court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such page the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" as instructed by the party or non-party offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

Information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other tangible items: The Producing Party shall affix, in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored, the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." If only portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portions, specifying whether they qualify as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

6. <u>CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS</u>

6.1. <u>Timing of Challenges</u>: Unless a prompt challenge to Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

- 6.2. Meet and Confer: A Party that objects to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process of conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue or by written communication) with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was improper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely manner.
- 6.3. **Judicial Intervention:** If the Parties cannot reach an agreement regarding the propriety of a challenged confidentiality designation, the challenging Party shall file and serve a motion challenging the designation under Civil Local Rule 251 within twenty-one (21) days of the initial notice of challenge or within fourteen (14) days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier.

The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges and those made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the challenging Party to sanctions. All parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the Court rules on the challenge.

7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1. **Basic Principles:** A Receiving Party may use Protected Material disclosed or produced by another Party or Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of Section 13 below.

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that is consistent with the firm's storage of client files.

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- (b) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to be Bound" attached hereto as Exhibit A;
 - (c) the Court and its personnel;
- (d) Court reporters and their staff, Professional Venders to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary;
- (e) professional jury or trial consultants, and to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to be Bound" attached hereto as Exhibit A;
- (f) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information as confirmed by written records; and
 - (g) mediators or other ADR professionals retained by the Parties.

8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in another litigation that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the Receiving Party must promptly notify the Designating Party, in writing, within sufficient time to allow the Designating Party to seek relief to stop the production of such Protected Material. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

The purpose of imposing this duty is to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order is issued. The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person(s) to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person(s) execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to be Bound" attached hereto as Exhibit A.

10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL

Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. Whenever any writing, testimony, information, or material designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" is to be filed with the Court, the Parties shall follow the procedures for filing records under seal set forth in Civil Local Rule 141. Protected Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 140, where possible, a Party must also seek to publicly file material with the Protected Material redacted, provided that the Court has also granted the filing of an unredacted copy of the material under seal.

11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

Notwithstanding anything contrary herein, if a Party or Non-Party through inadvertence or mistake produces any Protected Material without designating it with the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the Producing Party may give written notice to the Receiving Party that the Disclosure or Discovery Material contains Protected Material and should be treated as such in accordance with the provisions of this Order. Upon receipt of such notice, the Receiving Party must treat such Disclosure or Discovery Material as Protected Material. Outside Counsel for the Parties will

1	agree on a mutually acceptable manner of labeling
2	materials as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY C
3	ONLY." The inadvertent or unintentional disclo
4	Material, regardless of whether the information v
5	not be deemed a waiver in whole or in party of the
6	either as to the specific information disclosed, or
7	the same or related subject matter. The Receivin
8	or other distribution of belatedly designated Prot
9	distribution that may occur before the receipt of
10	such disclosure or distribution shall not be deeme
11	12. <u>MISCELLANEOUS</u>
12	12.1. Right to Further Relief: Nothin
13	seek its modification by the Court in the future.
14	12.2. Right to Assert Other Objection
15	Party waives any right it otherwise would have to
16	information or item on any ground not addressed
17	right to object on any ground to use in evidence
18	13. <u>FINAL DISPOSITION</u>
19	Within sixty (60) days after the final term
20	upon written notice from the Designating Party,
21	Party that all "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY
22	ONLY" information has been destroyed. The wi

ng or marking the inadvertently produced CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES sure by the Producing Party of Protected was so designated at the time of disclosure, shall ne Producing Party's claim of confidentiality as to any other information relating thereto or on g Party shall not be responsible for the disclosure ected Material as to such disclosure or such notification of a claim of confidentiality and ed to be a violation of this Order.

- g in this Order abridges the right of any person to
- **ns:** By stipulating to the entry of this Order, no o object to disclosing or producing any in this Order. Similarly, no Party waives any any of the material covered by this Order.

nination of this action, a Receiving Party shall, either return or certify in writing to the Producing CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ritten certification shall state that the Receiving Party has not retained copies of the "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" information, except that Outside Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motions, papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, or attorney work product that may contain such "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" information. Archival copies shall, however, remain subject to this Order, as set forth in Section 4 above.

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2	IT IS SO STIPULATED.	
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4	Dated: July 19, 2016	Respectfully submitted,
5		MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP
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7		By /s/ R. Brendan Fee R. Brendan Fee
8		Brendan E. Radke Kevin M. Benedicto
9		Attorneys for Defendant and Counter-
10		Complainants
11		LAW OFFICES OF MICHAEL R.
12		BARRETTE
13	Dotade July 10, 2016	D //W:1 1D D //
14	Dated: July 19, 2016	By /s/ Michael R. Barrette Michael R. Barrette
15 16		Attorney for Plaintiff and Counter Defendant
17		Defendant
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20	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
21		
22	Dated: July 20, 2016	1st Sheila K. Oberto
23		UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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27		
28		12 Case No. 1:16-cy-00512-LJO-SKO
/IS & .P	STIPLILATED P	12 Case No. 1:16-cv-00512-LJO-SKO ROTECTIVE ORDER

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW SAN FRANCISCO

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

1.	I am employed as	by	·
2.	I have read in its entirety and	d understand the Stipulated Protective C	Order that wa
issued by the	United States District Court fo	or the Eastern District of California on	in th

case of *Interval Equipment Solutions Inc. v. Sandvik Mining and Construction USA LLC*, Case No. 1:16-cv-00512-LJO-SKO ("Protective Order"). I hereby agree to comply with and be bound

by all of the terms and conditions of this Protective Order.

, declare and say that:

- 3. I promise that I will use any and all "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" information, as defined in the Protective Order, given to me only in a manner authorized by the Protective Order, and only to assist counsel in the litigation of this matter.
- 4. I promise that I will not disclose or discuss such "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" information with anyone other than the persons authorized in accordance with Section 7.2 and 7.3 of the Protective Order.
- 5. When I have completed by assigned or legal duties relating to this litigation, I will promptly return or destroy all Protected Material in my possession, or that I have prepared relating to such Protected Material, to counsel for the Party by whom I am employed or retained. I acknowledge that such return or the subsequent destruction of such materials shall not relieve me from any of the continuing obligations imposed on me by the Protective Order.
- 6. I acknowledge that, by signing this agreement, I am subjecting myself to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California with respect to enforcement of the Protective Order.

1	7. I understan	d that any disclos	ure or use of "C	ONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY	<i>T</i>
2	CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" information in any manner contrary to the				
3	provisions of the Protective	ve Order mav subi	ect me to sancti	ons for contempt of court.	
4	r			r	
5	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.				
6	Executed this	day of	, 2016	at	
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MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
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