

1 Court. *See* Local Rule 134(a). **All documents improperly mailed to a judge's chambers will**
2 **be stricken from the record.** A document requesting a Court order must be styled as a motion.

3 *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 7.

4 2. Each document submitted for filing must include the original signature of the
5 filing party or parties. Local Rule 131; Fed. R. Civ. P. 11(a). **All documents submitted without**
6 **the required signature(s) will be stricken.**¹ Each separate document must be separately stapled.
7 *See* Local Rule 130. If a document is stapled behind another document, it will not be filed and
8 will not be entered on this Court's docket.

9 3. All documents filed with the Court must be submitted with an additional legible
10 conformed copy for the Court's use. *See* Local Rule 133(d)(2). **A document submitted without**
11 **an extra copy for the Court's use will be stricken.** If the filing party wishes the Court to return
12 a file-stamped copy, he or she must include an additional copy for that purpose (i.e., submit an
13 original and two copies, one for the Court's use and one to be returned). **The Court cannot**
14 **provide copy or mailing service for a party**, even for an indigent plaintiff proceeding in forma
15 pauperis. Therefore, if the filing party wishes a file-stamped copy returned, the party must also
16 provide an envelope with adequate postage pre-paid. Copies of documents from the Court file
17 may be obtained at the cost of 50 cents per page.

18 4. After any defendants have appeared in an action by filing a pleading responsive to
19 the complaint (i.e., an answer or a motion to dismiss), all documents filed with the Court must
20 include a certificate of service stating that a copy of the document was served on the opposing
21 party. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 5; Local Rule 135(c). **A document submitted without the required**
22 **proof of service will be stricken.** Where a party is represented, service on the party's attorney of
23 record constitutes effective service. A sample of a proper proof of service is attached hereto.
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28 ¹ When a document is stricken, it becomes a nullity and is not considered by the Court for any purposes.

1 5. All filings must bear the file number assigned to the action, followed by the initials
2 of the District Court Judge and the Magistrate Judge to whom the case is assigned. Where
3 Plaintiff simultaneously pursues more than one action, he or she must file separate original
4 documents and the appropriate number of copies in each action to which the document pertains.

5 **Documents submitted listing more than one case number in the caption will be stricken.**

6 6. The Court cannot serve as a repository for the parties' evidence. The parties may
7 not file evidence with the Court until the course of litigation brings the evidence into question (for
8 example, on a motion for summary judgment, at trial, or when requested by the Court). **Evidence**
9 **improperly submitted to the Court will be stricken and returned to the party.**

10 7. All Court deadlines will be strictly enforced. Requests for time extensions must
11 state the reason the extension is needed and must be filed with the Court before the deadline in
12 question. *See* Local Rule 144.

13 8. A plaintiff proceeding in propria persona has an affirmative duty to keep the Court
14 and opposing parties informed of his or her current address. If a plaintiff moves and fails to file a
15 notice of change of address, service of Court orders at plaintiff's prior address shall constitute
16 effective notice. *See* Local Rule 182(f). If mail directed to plaintiff is returned by the U.S. Postal
17 Service as undeliverable, the Court will not attempt to re-mail it. **If the address is not updated**
18 **within 63 days of the mail being returned, the action will be dismissed for failure to**
19 **prosecute.** *See* Local Rule 183(b).

20 9. Due to the press of business, the Court cannot respond to individual requests for
21 the status of cases. Any such requests will be denied. So long as the parties inform the Court of
22 any address changes in compliance with Local Rule 183(b), the Court will notify the parties of
23 any Court action taken in their case.

24 10. Defendants must reply to the complaint within the time provided by the applicable
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1 provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(a).

2 11. Unless otherwise ordered, all motions to dismiss, motions for summary judgment,
3 motions concerning discovery, motions pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 7, 11, 12, 15, 41, 55, 56, 59
4 and 60, and motions pursuant to Local Rule 110 shall be briefed pursuant to Local Rule 230.
5 Failure to oppose such a motion timely may be deemed a waiver of opposition to the motion.
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7 12. At some point in the litigation, one or more defendants may move for summary
8 judgment as to some or all of plaintiff's claims. Pursuant to *Klinge v. Eikenberry*, 849 F.2d 409
9 (9th Cir. 1988), plaintiff is advised of the following requirements for opposing a motion for
10 summary judgment made by defendants pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 56. Such a motion is a
11 request for an order for judgment on some or all of plaintiff's claims in favor of defendants
12 without trial. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(a). Defendant(s)' motion will set forth the facts which
13 defendants contend are not reasonably subject to dispute and that entitle defendant to judgment as
14 a matter of law. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c).
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16 Plaintiff has the right to oppose a motion for summary judgment. To oppose the motion,
17 plaintiff must show proof of his or her claims. Plaintiff may agree with the facts set forth in
18 defendant(s)' motion but argue that defendant(s) are not entitled to judgment as a matter of law.
19 Plaintiff may show defendant(s)' facts are disputed in one or more of the following ways: (1)
20 plaintiff may rely upon statements made under the penalty of perjury in the complaint if the
21 complaint shows that plaintiff has personal knowledge of the matters stated and if plaintiff calls to
22 the court's attention those parts of the complaint upon which plaintiff relies; (2) plaintiff may also
23 serve and file affidavits or declarations² setting forth the facts which plaintiff believes prove
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26 ² An affidavit is a written declaration or statement of facts, made voluntarily, and confirmed by the oath or
27 affirmation of the party making it, taken before an officer having authority to administer such oath. An unsworn
28 declaration has the same effect as an affidavit, provided that it is dated and signed under penalty of perjury, as
follows: "I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct." 28 U.S.C. § 1746. Affidavits and
declarations must be made on personal knowledge and must set forth facts as would be admissible in evidence. *See*

1 plaintiff's claims (the persons who sign the affidavit or declaration must have personal knowledge
2 of the facts stated); (3) plaintiff may also rely upon written records but plaintiff must prove that
3 the records are what plaintiff claims they are:³ (4) plaintiff may also rely upon all or any part of
4 the transcript of one or more depositions, answers to interrogatories, or admissions obtained in
5 this proceeding. Should plaintiff fail to contradict defendants' motion with affidavits,
6 declarations, or other evidence, defendants' evidence will be taken as truth, and final judgment
7 may be entered without a full trial. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(e).

9 If there is some good reason why such facts are not available to plaintiff when required to
10 oppose such a motion, the Court will consider a request to postpone considering defendant(s)'
11 motion. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(d). If plaintiff does not serve and file a request to postpone
12 consideration of defendant(s)' motion or written opposition to the motion, the court may consider
13 plaintiff's failure to act as a waiver of opposition to defendant(s)' motion. Plaintiff's waiver of
14 opposition to defendant(s)' motion may result in the entry of summary judgment against plaintiff.
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16 13. A motion supported by affidavits or declarations that are unsigned will be
17 stricken.

18 14. The failure of any party to comply with this order, the Federal Rules of
19 Civil Procedure, or the Local Rules of Court, may result in the imposition of sanctions including,
20 but not limited to, dismissal of the action or entry of default.
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23 IT IS SO ORDERED.

24 Dated: July 5, 2016

/s/ Barbara A. McAuliffe
25 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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27 Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c).

28 ³ Sworn or certified copies of all papers referred to in an affidavit must be attached to the affidavit
and served on the opposing party. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c).