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2	UNITED STATES D	STRICT COURT	
3	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
4	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
5	JOSE TRUJILLO,	1:16-cv-01640-LJO-EPG	
6	Plaintiff,	ORDER TO SUPPLEMENT THE	
7	v.	RECORD WITHIN 14 DAYS WITH EVIDENCE SUPPORTING REQUEST	
8	BALVIR SINGH dba SUPER 7; DARSHAN	FOR ATTORNEYS' FEES	
9	SINGH, Defendants.		
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12	Before the Court is Plaintiff's motion for default judgment in this action, which seeks damages		
13	and injunctive relief pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq.)		
14	("ADA"), California Civil Code § 51 ("Unruh Civil Rights Act"), and California Health and		
15	Safety Code § 19959. (ECF No. 1.) Plaintiff, a disabled man who is substantially limited in his ability		
16	to walk and uses a wheelchair or cane for mobility, alleges that Defendants are the owners and		
17	operators of a business known as Super 7, located at 41304 Road 128, Orosi, California 93647. Plaintiff		
18	contends that when he visited the facility, he encountered barriers that interfered with his ability to use		
19	and enjoy the goods and services offered. (Id.) Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief, statutory damages,		
20	attorney's fees, and costs. (Id. at 8.)		
21	Defendants were served with the summons as	nd complaint in November 2016. (ECF Nos. 4 and	
22	5.) None of the Defendants filed an answer. Plaintiff	requested entry of default and default was entered	
23	on January 9, 2017. (ECF Nos. 6 and 7.) Plaintiff thereafter filed the instant Motion for Default		
24	Judgment, seeking an award amount of \$4,000.00 in statutory damages and \$5,448.00 in attorney's fees		
25	and injunctive relief. (ECF No. 9-1, at 9.) Despite be	ing served with the motion, Defendants have not	

filed a Motion to Set Aside the Default, nor have they responded to the Motion for Default Judgment or
 otherwise appeared in this litigation. (ECF No. 10.) Defendants are not infants, incompetent persons, in
 the military serve or otherwise exempted under the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940.
 (ECF No. 9, at 2.)
 The assigned Magistrate Judge issued Findings and Recommendations ("F&Rs") that Plaintiff
 is entitled to statutory damages in the amount of \$4,000. (ECF No. 13 at 7-8.) However, the F&Rs

recommend rejection of Plaintiff's request for \$2,970.00 for 9.9 hours of work expended by Ms. Tanya
Moore, Esq. at an hourly rate of \$300.00, instead recommending a reduced number of hours and an
hourly rate of \$250.00 be used to calculate a fee award to total \$1,475.00 for Ms. Moore. (*Id.* at 9-10.)
In support of the reduced hourly rate, the magistrate judge cited F&Rs issued in a similar case brought
by Ms. Moore, *Trujillo v. Ali*, No. 1:16-CV-00694-LJO-SKO, 2016 WL 6902313, at *7 (E.D. Cal. Nov.

12 23, 2016), in which Magistrate Judge Sheila K. Oberto reasoned:

[T]his Court, in a detailed opinion, previously deemed Ms. Moore's hourly rate of \$300 unreasonably high and instead found that "an hourly rate of \$250, the rate fixed by the *Kalani* court, is appropriate to compensate Ms. Moore for her time expended in this litigation based on her level of civil rights experience and expertise in ADA litigation." *Moore v. Chase, Inc.*, No. 1:14-CV-01178-SKO, 2016 WL 3648949, at *3 (E.D. Cal. July 7, 2016) (citing *Kalani v. Statewide Petroleum, Inc.*, No. 2:13-cv-02287-KJM-AC, 2014 WL 4230920, at *6 (E.D. Cal. Aug. 24, 2014)).

Plaintiff filed objections to the Magistrate Judge's recommendation to award a lesser amount of 18 attorney's fees than those requested by Plaintiff. (ECF No. 15.) Plaintiff points out, correctly, that other 19 judges in the Fresno Division of the Eastern District of California have seen fit to award the requested 20 \$300.00 hourly rate to Ms. Moore under similar circumstances. See, e.g., Moore v. Millennium 21 Acquisitions, LLC, No. 1:14-cv-01402-DAD-SAB, 2017 WL 1079753, at *3 (E.D. Cal. Mar. 21, 2017); 22 Green v. Cal. Pride, Inc., No. 1:14-cv-02006 DAD-EPG, 2015 WL 769740 at *5 (E.D. Cal. June 15, 23 24 2016) (F&Rs adopted July 22, 2016). In addition, Plaintiff points to an opinion issued by Senior District Judge Anthony W. Ishii that more generally surveyed legal decisions on the prevailing hourly 25

rate in the Fresno Division. *Silvester v. Harris*, No. 1:11-CV-2137 AWI SAB, 2014 WL 7239371, at *4 (E.D. Cal. Dec. 17, 2014).

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An attorney's hourly rate is calculated according to the prevailing market rates in the relevant 3 community and should comport with the rates prevailing in the community for similar services by 4 lawyers of reasonably comparable skill, experience, and reputation. Shirrod v. Office of Workers' 5 Compensation Programs, 809 F.3d 1082, 1086 (9th Cir. 2015). The relevant community is the forum 6 where the district court sits. Id. Absent from any of the cases cited by Plaintiffs or in F&Rs, or from 7 any authority on which those cases rely, is any objective evidence pertaining to the prevailing market 8 rates in this community. "[T]he burden is on the fee applicant to produce satisfactory evidence - in 9 addition to the attorney's own affidavits - that the requested rates are in line with those prevailing in 10 the community for similar services by lawyers of reasonably comparable skill, experience and 11 reputation." Blum v. Stenson, 465 U.S. 886, 895 n.11 (1984). "Affidavits of the plaintiffs' attorney[s] 12 and other attorneys regarding prevailing fees in the community, and rate determinations in other cases, 13 particularly those setting a rate for the plaintiffs' attorney, are satisfactory evidence of the prevailing 14 market rate." United Steelworkers of Am. v. Phelps Dodge Corp., 896 F.2d 403, 407 (9th Cir. 1990). 15

Because of the conflicting hourly rate determinations among similar ADA cases in this division, 16 Plaintiff cannot satisfy his burden to establish the prevailing market rate in the Fresno division with 17 citation to case authority alone. While rate determinations in other cases, particularly those setting a 18 rate for the plaintiff's attorney may be considered satisfactory evidence of the prevailing market rate, 19 these cases are not binding upon the Court nor do they sufficiently satisfy the evidentiary burden of the 20 fee applicant due to the discrepancy in hourly rate awards. There must be objective support in the 21 record before this Court - i.e., some type of local rate report and/or affidavits of local counsel - that 22 either establish \$300.00 is the prevailing hourly market rate in Fresno for attorneys of similar 23 experience and skill or that \$300.00 is an out-of-district hourly rate that should be awarded because 24 local counsel could not be retained or the special expertise of outside-the-district counsel was 25

1	necessary. See Barjon v. Dalton, 132 F.3d 496, 500 (9th Cir. 1997).		
2	Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:		
3	1.	Within 14 days from the date of this order, Plaintiff may file evidence supporting the	
4		hourly rate requested in his motion for attorneys' fees;	
5	2.	Thereafter, Defendant shall have 7 days to file any response; and	
6	3.	Upon expiration of the response period, the Court will deem Plaintiffs' motions and the	
7		pending F&Rs thereon submitted for final decision.	
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9	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
10	Dated:	April 14, 2017/s/ Lawrence J. O'Neill UNITED STATES CHIEF DISTRICT JUDGE	
11		UNITED STATES CHIEF DISTRICT JUDGE	
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