1 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 9 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 KENNETH BAKER, Case No. 1:16-CV-01943 LJO EPG 12 Plaintiff(s), ORDER SETTING MANDATORY SCHEDULING CONFERENCE 13 V. **DATE:** March 23, 2017 14 **TIME:** 9:30 A.M. 15 WORLD SAVINGS BANK, ET AL., **COURTROOM:** 10 (6th Floor) 16 Defendant(s). ERICA P. GROSJEAN 17 U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE 18 19 Pursuant to the reassignment of this matter from the docket of Magistrate Judge Barbara 20 A. McAuliffe to the docket of Magistrate Judge Erica P. Grosjean, the Court sets a formal 21 Scheduling Conference on March 23, 2017, at 9:30 AM before United States Magistrate Judge 22 Erica P. Grosjean, in Courtroom 10, at the United States Courthouse, 2500 Tulare Street, Fresno, 23 CA 93721. 24 **Appearance at Scheduling Conference** 25 Attendance at the Scheduling Conference is *mandatory* for all parties. Parties may appear 26 by their counsel, if represented. If a party is not represented by counsel, they must appear 27 personally at the Scheduling Conference. <u>Telephonic appearances are not available for pro se</u> 28 1

parties, i.e., those not represented by counsel. Trial counsel should participate in this Scheduling Conference whenever possible. If one or more parties are represented by counsel and wish to appear telephonically, counsel shall contact Michelle Means Rooney, Courtroom Deputy Clerk, at (559) 499-5962 sufficiently in advance of the conference so that a notation can be placed on the court calendar. To appear telephonically, each party shall dial 1 (888) 251 – 2909 and enter access code 1024453. Additionally, counsel are directed to indicate on the face page of their Joint Scheduling Report that the conference will be telephonic.

Joint Scheduling Report

A Joint Scheduling Report, carefully prepared and executed by all counsel, shall be electronically filed in CM/ECF, one (1) full week prior to the Scheduling Conference and shall be emailed in Word format to epgorders@caed.uscourts.gov. The Joint Scheduling Report shall indicate the date, time, and courtroom of the Scheduling Conference. This information is to be placed opposite the caption on the first page of the Report.

At least twenty (20) days prior to the Mandatory Scheduling Conference, trial counsel for all parties shall conduct a conference at a mutually agreed upon time and place. This should preferably be a personal conference between all counsel but a telephonic conference call involving all counsel/pro se parties is permissible. The Joint Scheduling Report shall contain the following items by corresponding numbered paragraphs:

- 1. Summary of the factual and legal contentions set forth in the pleadings of each party, including the relief sought by any party presently before the Court.
 - 2. Summary of major disputed facts and contentions of law.
- 3. A proposed deadline for amendments to pleadings. Any proposed amendment to the pleadings shall be referenced in the Scheduling Conference Report. If the matter cannot be resolved at the Scheduling Conference, the moving party shall file a motion to amend in accordance with the Local Rules of the Eastern District of California.
- 4. The status of all matters which are presently set before the Court, e.g., hearings of motions, etc.
 - 5. A complete and detailed discovery plan addressing the following issues and

A date for the exchange of initial disclosures required by Fed. R. Civ. P.

26(a)(1) or a statement that disclosures have already been exchanged;

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proposed dates:

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- 2. The parties shall meet and confer regarding the following matters during the Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(f) conference, and address the status of Electronic Discovery and any disagreements in their Statement, including:
 - a. <u>Preservation:</u> The parties shall attempt to agree on steps the parties will take to segregate and preserve computer-based information in order to avoid accusations of spoliation.
 - b. <u>Scope of E-mail Discovery</u>: The parties shall attempt to agree as to the scope of e-mail discovery and attempt to agree upon an e-mail search protocol. The parties should seek to agree on search terms, custodians, and date ranges in advance of the Conference so that any disputes can be addressed at the Conference.
 - c. <u>Inadvertent Production of Privileged Information</u>: The parties should confer regarding procedures for inadvertent production of privileged electronic material, including any obligations to notify the other party, and procedures for bringing any disputes promptly to the Court.
 - d. <u>Data Restoration</u>: The parties shall confer regarding whether or not restoration of deleted information may be necessary, the extent to which restoration of deleted information is needed, and who will bear the costs of restoration; and the parties shall attempt to agree whether or not back-up data may be necessary, the extent to which backup data is needed and who will bear the cost of obtaining back-up data.
- 6. Dates agreed to by all counsel for:
 - a. Filing dispositive pre-trial motions (except motions *in limine* or other trial motions). The dispositive motion filing deadline shall be at least twelve (12) weeks prior to the proposed Pre-Trial Conference date, and the hearing on dispositive motions shall be at least sixty (60) days before the

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b. A Pre-Trial Conference Date.

3 4 A Trial date. This date should be at least sixty (60) days after the proposed

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- Pre-Trial Conference date.
- 7. The parties are encouraged to discuss settlement, and must include a statement in the Joint Scheduling Report as to the possibility of settlement. The parties shall indicate when they desire a settlement conference, e.g., before further discovery, after discovery, after pre-trial motions, etc. Among other things, counsel will be expected to discuss the possibility of settlement at the Scheduling Conference. Note that, even if settlement negotiations are progressing, counsel are expected to comply with the requirements of this Order unless otherwise excused by the Court. If the entire case is settled, counsel shall **promptly** inform the Court. In the event of settlement, counsel's presence at the conference, as well as the Joint Scheduling Report, will not be required.
- 8. A statement as to whether the case is a jury or non-jury case. The parties shall briefly outline their respective positions if there is a disagreement as to whether a jury trial has been timely demanded, or as to whether a jury trial is available on some or all of the claims.
- 9. An estimate of the number of trial days is required. If the parties cannot agree, each party shall give his or her best estimate.
- The parties' position regarding consent to proceed before a United States 10. magistrate judge. Note that the parties need not make a final decision on the issue of consent until after the Scheduling Conference, but should state their current position in this Statement and expect to make a final decision soon after the Scheduling Conference.

The parties may wish to consider that, when a civil trial is set before the district judges in the Fresno Division, any criminal trial that conflicts with the civil trial will take priority, even if the civil trial was set first. Continuances of civil trials under these circumstances may no longer be entertained, absent good cause, but the civil trial may instead trail from day to day or week to week until the completion of either the criminal case or the older civil case.

Parties are free to withhold consent or decline magistrate jurisdiction without adverse

11. Whether either party requests bifurcation or phasing of trial or has any other suggestion for shortening or expediting discovery, pre-trial motions or trial.

12. Whether this matter is related to any matter pending in this court or any other court, including bankruptcy court.

Scheduling Order

Following the Scheduling Conference, the Court will issue a Scheduling Order with the benefit of the input of the parties. Once issued, the dates in the Scheduling Order shall be firm and no extension shall be given without permission from the Court.

Lack of Participation in the Joint Scheduling Report

If any party fails to participate in the preparation of the Joint Scheduling Report, the non-offending party shall detail the party's effort to get the offending party to participate in the Joint Scheduling Report. The non-offending party shall still file the report one (1) full week prior to the Mandatory Scheduling Conference and shall list the non-offending party's position on the listed issues and proposed dates for a schedule. Absent good cause, the dates proposed by the non-offending party will be presumed to be the dates offered by the parties. The offending party may be subject to sanctions, including monetary sanctions to compensate the non-offending party's time and effort incurred in seeking compliance with this Scheduling Order.

Important Chambers' Information

The parties are directed to the Court's website at www.caed.uscourts.gov under Judges; Grosjean (EPG); Standard Information (in the area entitled "Case Management Procedures") for specific information regarding Chambers' procedures. Information about law and motion, scheduling conferences, telephonic appearances, and discovery disputes is provided at this link.

Sanctions for Failure to Comply

Should counsel or a party appearing pro se fail to appear at the Mandatory Scheduling Conference, or fail to comply with the directions as set forth above, an ex parte hearing may be held and contempt sanctions, including monetary sanctions, dismissal, default, or other

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