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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	MICHAEL DEONTRAY WILLIAMS,	Case No. 1:20-cv-01094-BAM (PC)
12	Plaintiff,	ORDER DENYING MOTION TO APPOINT COUNSEL
13	v.	(ECF No. 11)
14	PFEIFFER, et al.,	(ECF No. 11)
15	Defendants.	
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17	Plaintiff Michael Deontray Williams ("Plaintiff") is a state prisoner proceeding pro se and	
18	in forma pauperis in this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.	
19	Currently before the Court is Plaintiff's motion to appoint counsel, filed August 13, 2020.	
20	(ECF No. 11.) In his motion, Plaintiff states that he is unable to afford counsel, and his	
21	imprisonment will greatly limit his ability to litigate. In addition, Plaintiff states that he has	
22	limited access to the law library, and coronavirus 19 (COVID-19) precautions have closed CSP	
23	Sacramento's A Facility since March 2020. Plaintiff alleges there has been no law library access.	
24	Plaintiff further states that he receives mental health care at the EOP level and he suffers from	
25	auditory and visual hallucinations, traits of schizophrenia paranoid type. Plaintiff states that he	
26	has a TABE score of 2.9. Plaintiff has made repeated efforts to obtain a lawyer but has been	
27	unsuccessful. (<u>Id.</u>)	
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Plaintiff does not have a constitutional right to appointed counsel in this action, <u>Rand v. Rowland</u>, 113 F.3d 1520, 1525 (9th Cir. 1997), <u>rev'd in part on other grounds</u>, 154 F.3d 952, 954 n.1 (9th Cir. 1998), and the court cannot require an attorney to represent plaintiff pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1). <u>Mallard v. U.S. Dist. Court for the S. Dist. of Iowa</u>, 490 U.S. 296, 298 (1989). However, in certain exceptional circumstances the court may request the voluntary assistance of counsel pursuant to section 1915(e)(1). <u>Rand</u>, 113 F.3d at 1525.

Without a reasonable method of securing and compensating counsel, the Court will seek volunteer counsel only in the most serious and exceptional cases. In determining whether "exceptional circumstances exist, a district court must evaluate both the likelihood of success on the merits [and] the ability of the [plaintiff] to articulate his claims pro se in light of the complexity of the legal issues involved." Id. (internal quotation marks and citations omitted).

The Court has considered Plaintiff's request, but does not find the required exceptional circumstances. Even if it is assumed that Plaintiff is not well versed in the law and that he has made serious allegations which, if proved, would entitle him to relief, his case is not exceptional. This Court is faced with similar cases filed by prisoners who are proceeding *pro se* and with limited access to the law library almost daily. Many of these prisoners also have limited education and receive mental health treatment. These litigants also must conduct legal research and litigate their cases without the assistance of counsel.

Furthermore, at this stage in the proceedings, the Court cannot make a determination that Plaintiff is likely to succeed on the merits. Plaintiff's complaint has not yet been screened to determine whether it states cognizable claims upon which it may proceed, and based on a review of the record in this case, the Court does not find that Plaintiff cannot adequately articulate his claims.

Finally, the Court notes that if Plaintiff continues to experience limited or no access to the law library at his institution, he may seek appropriate extensions of time for any applicable deadlines. However, at this time there are no pending deadlines in this action which would require Plaintiff to access the law library to conduct legal research.

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1	Accordingly, Plaintiff's motion to appoint counsel, (ECF No. 11), is HEREBY DENIED	
2	without prejudice.	
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4	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
5	Dated: August 14, 2020 /s/Barbara A. McAuliffe	
6	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE	
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