(PC) Anderson v. Doe

Doc. 8

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this action because: (1) he is subject to the three strikes bar under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g); and (2) the allegations in his complaint do not satisfy the "imminent danger of serious physical injury" exception to § 1915(g). (Doc. No. 5.) Those findings and recommendations were served on plaintiff and contained notice that any objections thereto were to be filed within fourteen (14) days from the date of service. (*Id.*) On December 2, 2020, plaintiff's timely-filed objections were docketed. (Doc. No. 7.)

In accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C), this court has conducted a *de novo* review of this case. Having carefully reviewed the entire file, including plaintiff's objections (Doc. No. 7), the court finds the findings and recommendations to be supported by the record and by proper analysis.

The pending findings and recommendations found that plaintiff has received dismissal orders that count as strikes under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g) on at least three prior occasions: (1) *Anderson v. Kernan*, No. 1:18-cv-00021-LJO-BAM (PC) (E.D. Cal.), dismissed for failure to state a cognizable claim on August 10, 2018; (2) *Anderson v. Silva*, No. 1:18-cv-01612-LJO-BAM (PC) (E.D. Cal.), dismissed for failure to state a cognizable claim on February 20, 2019; and (3) *Anderson v. Keefe Commissary Network, LLC*, No. 2:19-cv-04892-VAP-FFM (C.D. Cal.), dismissed for failure to state a cognizable claim, for being frivolous, and for lack of jurisdiction on June 12, 2019. (Doc. No. 5 at 2.) In his objections, plaintiff argues that he is not subject to the three strikes bar of § 1915(g) because in the dismissal in the *Keefe Commissary Network* case, the district judge did not check the box next to the descriptor: "This denial may constitute a strike under the 'Three Strikes' provision governing the filing of prisoner suits. *See O'Neill v. Price*, 531 F.3d 1146, 1153 (9th Cir. 2008)." (Doc. No. 7 at 8–9, 18.) Even if the court were to agree with plaintiff that the form order dismissing his case was insufficient to constitute a *IIIIII*

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strike under § 1915(g)², on September 19, 2019, the Ninth Circuit dismissed the appeal of *Keefe Commissary Network* as frivolous, which also qualifies as a strike under the statute. *See* Order at 1, *Anderson v. Keefe Commissary Network, LLC*, No. 2:19-cv-04892-VAP-FFM (C.D. Cal. Sept. 19, 2019) (Doc. No. 13). As the magistrate judge correctly concluded, plaintiff is subject to the three-strikes provision and may only proceed if he is able to satisfy the imminent danger exception of 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

The findings and recommendations' concluded that plaintiff was not in imminent danger of serious physical injury at the time he filed the complaint because he was not at high risk for suffering complications were he to contract COVID-19 and because both plaintiff and the jail were employing efforts to prevent the spread of the disease, such as social distancing, isolation of inmates who test positive for the virus, and frequent handwashing. (Doc. No. 5 at 2–4.) Plaintiff objects by repeating the allegations in his complaint and describing his concerns about contracting COVID-19, which fail to refute these findings. (Doc. No. 7 at 9–15.) Thus, the

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The practice of designating dismissals as "strikes" under § 1915(g) in orders of dismissal has been criticized because it is the subsequent courts who must determine whether a plaintiff is barred from maintaining an action in forma pauperis by the three strikes rule. In this regard, the Second Circuit has stated: "[D]istrict courts should not issue these strikes one by one, in their orders of judgment, as they dispose of suits that may ultimately—upon determination at the appropriate time—qualify as strikes under the terms of § 1915(g)." DeLeon v. Doe, 361 F.3d 93, 95 (2d Cir. 2004); see also Andrews v. King, 398 F.3d 1113, 1119 n.8 (9th Cir. 2005) ("[T]he district court is not required to determine whether the prisoner's case is frivolous, malicious or fails to state a claim and therefore will count as a future strike under § 1915(g)."); Shabbazz v. Fischer, No. 9:11-CV-0916 (TJM/ATB), 2012 WL 3241653, at *1 (N.D.N.Y Aug. 7, 2012) ("In other words, a strike may not be assessed at the same time that the action or appeal is dismissed. Instead, it is up to a later judge to determine, when the time is right, whether three previously dismissed actions or appeals might constitute strikes."); Pough v. Grannis, 08CV1498–JM (RBB), 2010 WL 3702421, at *13 (S.D. Cal. July 16, 2010) (denying defendants' request that the court designate a dismissal as a strike under § 1915(g) at the time of dismissal).

Davis v. Kings County Board of Supervisors, No. 1:18-cv-01667-DAD-EPG, 2019 WL 6888585, at *3, n. 1 (E.D. Cal. 2019)

² Indeed, the undersigned does not agree that such is the case:

1	imminent danger exception to § 1915(g)'s three-strikes bar do not apply here, and plaintiff is
2	unable to proceed in forma pauperis in this action. Plaintiff's remaining objections discuss
3	matters unrelated to the request for in forma pauperis status.
4	Accordingly,
5	1. The findings and recommendations issued on November 19, 2020 (Doc. No. 5) are
6	adopted in full;
7	2. Plaintiff's request to proceed in forma pauperis (Doc. No. 2) is denied;
8	3. Within thirty (30) days from the date of service of this order, plaintiff is required
9	to pay in full the $$400.00^3$ filing fee for this action;
10	4. Plaintiff's failure to pay the required filing fee as ordered will result in the
11	dismissal of this action without prejudice; and
12	5. This case is referred back to the assigned magistrate judge for further proceedings.
13	IT IS SO ODDEDED
14	IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated: December 16, 2020 Dale A. Dragd
15	Dated: December 16, 2020 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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24	³ As of December 1, 2020, the civil case filing fee has been raised from \$400 to \$402; however,
25 26	because plaintiff filed prior to this change, he is permitted to file at the rate he would have otherwise been required to pay at the time of filing. <i>See Fee Schedule</i> , U.S. Dist. Ct. for E.D.
26 27	Cal., http://www.caed.uscourts.gov/caednew/index.cfm/attorney-info/fee-schedule/?keywords=filing; see also Changes to Miscellaneous Fee Schedules, U.S. Dist. Ct. for
28	E.D. Cal., http://www.caed.uscourts.gov/caednew/index.cfm/news/amendments-to-the-federal-rules-of-practice-and-procedure/.