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6 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
7 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
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10 BRIAN WAYNE BRUCE,

11 Plaintiff,

12 v.

13 J. GUERRA, et al.,

14 Defendants.

Case No. 1:20-cv-01625-AWI-EPG (PC)

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS,  
RECOMMENDING THAT THIS CASE BE  
DISMISSED, WITHOUT PREJUDICE,  
BECAUSE OF PLAINTIFF'S FAILURE TO  
COMPLY WITH COURT ORDERS AND TO  
PROSECUTE THIS CASE

(ECF Nos. 20 & 25)

OBJECTIONS, IF ANY, DUE WITHIN  
FOURTEEN DAYS

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17 Brian Bruce ("Plaintiff") is a prisoner (or former prisoner) proceeding *pro se* and *in*  
18 *forma pauperis* in this civil rights action filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

19 On April 12, 2021, the Court issued an order requiring the parties to submit scheduling  
20 and discovery statements within thirty days. (ECF No. 20). On May 11, 2021, Defendants  
21 filed their statement. (ECF No. 22). On May 20, 2021, Plaintiff filed a motion for extension of  
22 time, asking that he be given until August 18, 2021, to file his statement. (ECF No. 23).  
23 Plaintiff's motion was granted (ECF No. 24), but Plaintiff failed to file his statement by August  
24 18, 2021.

25 Accordingly, on September 7, 2021, the Court gave Plaintiff an additional twenty-one  
26 days to file his statement. (ECF No. 25). Plaintiff was warned that "[f]ailure to comply with  
27 this order may result in the dismissal of this action." (*Id.* at 2). This order was returned as  
28 undeliverable.

1 Plaintiff's deadline to file his statement has passed, and Plaintiff once again failed to  
2 file his statement. Additionally, Plaintiff failed to update his address as required by this  
3 Court's Local Rules. Local Rule 183(b) ("A party appearing in propria persona shall keep the  
4 Court and opposing parties advised as to his or her current address. If mail directed to a  
5 plaintiff in propria persona by the Clerk is returned by the U.S. Postal Service, and if such  
6 plaintiff fails to notify the Court and opposing parties within sixty-three (63) days thereafter of  
7 a current address, the Court may dismiss the action without prejudice for failure to prosecute.").

8 "In determining whether to dismiss a[n] [action] for failure to prosecute or failure to  
9 comply with a court order, the Court must weigh the following factors: (1) the public's interest  
10 in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of  
11 prejudice to defendants/respondents; (4) the availability of less drastic alternatives; and (5) the  
12 public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits." Pagtalunan v. Galaza, 291 F.3d  
13 639, 642 (9th Cir. 2002) (citing Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992)).

14 "The public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation always favors dismissal."  
15 Id. (quoting Yourish v. California Amplifier, 191 F.3d 983, 990 (9th Cir. 1999)). Accordingly,  
16 this factor weighs in favor of dismissal.

17 As to the Court's need to manage its docket, "[t]he trial judge is in the best position to  
18 determine whether the delay in a particular case interferes with docket management and the  
19 public interest.... It is incumbent upon the Court to manage its docket without being subject to  
20 routine noncompliance of litigants...." Id. Plaintiff's failure to file a scheduling conference  
21 statement and to update his address is delaying this case and interfering with docket  
22 management. Therefore, the second factor weighs in favor of dismissal.

23 Turning to the risk of prejudice, "pendency of a lawsuit is not sufficiently prejudicial in  
24 and of itself to warrant dismissal." Id. (citing Yourish, 191 F.3d at 991). However, "delay  
25 inherently increases the risk that witnesses' memories will fade and evidence will become  
26 stale," id. at 643, and it is Plaintiff's failure to comply with court orders and to prosecute this  
27 case that is causing delay and preventing this case from progressing. Therefore, the third factor  
28 weighs in favor of dismissal.

1 As for the availability of lesser sanctions, given that Plaintiff has chosen to stop  
2 prosecuting this action and has failed to comply with court orders, despite being warned of  
3 possible dismissal,<sup>1</sup> there is little available to the Court which would constitute a satisfactory  
4 lesser sanction while protecting the Court from further unnecessary expenditure of its scarce  
5 resources. Considering Plaintiff's *in forma pauperis* status, it appears that monetary sanctions  
6 are of little use. And as Plaintiff has decided to stop prosecuting this case, excluding evidence  
7 would be a meaningless sanction. Additionally, because the dismissal being considered in this  
8 case is without prejudice, the Court is stopping short of using the harshest possible sanction of  
9 dismissal with prejudice.

10 Finally, because public policy favors disposition on the merits, this factor weighs  
11 against dismissal. Id.

12 After weighing the factors, the Court finds that dismissal without prejudice is  
13 appropriate. Accordingly, the Court HEREBY RECOMMENDS that:

- 14 1. This case be dismissed, without prejudice, because of Plaintiff's failure to  
15 comply with court orders and to prosecute this case; and
- 16 2. The Clerk of Court be directed to close this case.

17 These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States district judge  
18 assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of Title 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Within fourteen  
19 (14) days after being served with these findings and recommendations, any party may file  
20 written objections with the court. Such a document should be captioned "Objections to  
21 Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." Any response to the objections shall be  
22 served and filed within fourteen (14) days after service of the objections.

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27 <sup>1</sup> "Each appearing attorney and pro se party is under a continuing duty to notify the Clerk and all other  
28 parties of any change of address or telephone number of the attorney or the pro se party. Absent such notice,  
service of documents at the prior address of the attorney or pro se party shall be fully effective." Local Rule  
182(f).

1 The parties are advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may  
2 result in the waiver of rights on appeal. Wilkerson v. Wheeler, 772 F.3d 834, 838-39 (9th Cir.  
3 2014) (citing Baxter v. Sullivan, 923 F.2d 1391, 1394 (9th Cir. 1991)).  
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5 IT IS SO ORDERED.

6 Dated: December 3, 2021

/s/ Eric P. Grogan  
7 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE  
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