

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

BRYAN OGOLA,

Petitioner,

v.

WARDEN,

Respondent.

Case No. 1:23-cv-00218-SAB-HC

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATION TO
GRANT RESPONDENT’S MOTION TO
DISMISS AND DISMISS PETITION FOR
WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS AS MOOT

(ECF No. 13)

ORDER DIRECTING CLERK OF COURT
TO RANDOMLY ASSIGN DISTRICT
JUDGE

Petitioner is proceeding pro se with a petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2241.

I.

BACKGROUND

In the petition, Petitioner asserts that under the First Step Act (“FSA”), the Federal Bureau of Prisons (“BOP”) must award him Earned Time Credits (“FTCs”). (ECF No. 1 at 2.)¹ Respondent has moved to dismiss the petition, asserting (among other grounds) that there is no case or controversy because Petitioner has been awarded FTCs that have been applied and resulted in an advanced release date from BOP custody. (ECF No. 13 at 3.) To date, Petitioner

¹ Page numbers refer to the ECF page numbers stamped at the top of the page.

1 has not filed an opposition or statement of non-opposition to the motion to dismiss, and the time
2 for doing so has passed.

3 **II.**

4 **DISCUSSION**

5 Article III of the United States Constitution limits the jurisdiction of federal courts to
6 “actual, ongoing cases or controversies.” Lewis v. Continental Bank Corp., 494 U.S. 472, 477
7 (1990). “This case-or-controversy requirement subsists through all stages of federal judicial
8 proceedings,” which “means that, throughout the litigation, the plaintiff ‘must have suffered, or
9 be threatened with, an actual injury traceable to the defendant and likely to be redressed by a
10 favorable judicial decision.’” Spencer v. Kemna, 523 U.S. 1, 7 (1998) (quoting Lewis, 494 U.S.
11 at 477).

12 Here, the record establishes that Petitioner is eligible to apply FTCs and the BOP has
13 applied 365 days of FSA credits. (App. 006.)² Given that Petitioner has received the remedy he
14 requested in his petition, the Court finds that no case or controversy exists and dismissal is
15 warranted on this ground.³

16 **III.**

17 **RECOMMENDATION & ORDER**

18 Accordingly, the Court HEREBY RECOMMENDS that Respondent’s motion to dismiss
19 (ECF No. 13) be GRANTED and the petition for writ of habeas corpus be DISMISSED as moot.

20 Further, the Clerk of Court is DIRECTED to randomly assign this action to a District
21 Judge.

22 This Findings and Recommendation is submitted to the assigned United States District
23 Court Judge, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636 (b)(1)(B) and Rule 304 of the Local
24 Rules of Practice for the United States District Court, Eastern District of California. Within
25 **THIRTY (30) days** after service of the Findings and Recommendation, any party may file

26 _____
27 ² “App.” refers to the Appendix filed by Respondent on May 27, 2023. (ECF No. 13-1.) Appendix page numbers
refer to the page numbers stamped at the bottom right corner.

28 ³ In light of this conclusion, the Court declines to address Respondent’s other grounds for dismissal set forth in the
motion to dismiss.

1 written objections with the court and serve a copy on all parties. Such a document should be
2 captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendation." Replies to the
3 objections shall be served and filed within fourteen (14) days after service of the objections. The
4 assigned United States District Court Judge will then review the Magistrate Judge's ruling
5 pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C). The parties are advised that failure to file objections within
6 the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Wilkerson v.
7 Wheeler, 772 F.3d 834, 839 (9th Cir. 2014) (citing Baxter v. Sullivan, 923 F.2d 1391, 1394 (9th
8 Cir. 1991)).

9
10 IT IS SO ORDERED.

11 Dated: July 17, 2023


12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE