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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
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11	SHILOH HEAVENLY QUINE,	Case No. 1:24-cv-00797-KES-BAM (PC)		
12	Plaintiff,	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATION TO DISMISS ACTION FOR FAILURE TO		
13	v.	PROSECUTE		
14	DE LA CRUZ,	FOURTEEN (14) DAY DEADLINE		
15	Defendant.			
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17	I. Background			
18	Plaintiff Shiloh Heavenly Quine ("Plaintiff") is a county jail inmate and former state			
19	prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis in this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C.			
20	§ 1983.			
21	On October 9, 2024, the Court issued an order denying Plaintiff's motion to provide case			
22	file to future counsel as moot. (ECF No. 16.) On October 21, 2024, that order was returned as			
23	"Undeliverable, Return to Sender, Refused, Unable to Forward." Plaintiff's notice of change of			
24	address was therefore due on or before December 23, 2024. Local Rule 183(b).			
25	Plaintiff has not filed a notice of change of address or otherwise communicated with the			
26	Court.			
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1	II. Discussion	
2	Plaintiff is required to keep the Court apprised of her current address at all times. Local	
3	Rule 183(b) provides:	
4	Address Changes. A party appearing in propria persona shall keep the Court and	
5	opposing parties advised as to his or her current address. If mail directed to a plaintiff <u>in propria persona</u> by the Clerk is returned by the U.S. Postal Service,	
6	and if such plaintiff fails to notify the Court and opposing parties within sixty-	
7	three (63) days thereafter of a current address, the Court may dismiss the action without prejudice for failure to prosecute.	
8	Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b) also provides for dismissal of an action for failure to	
9	prosecute. ¹	
10	Plaintiff's address change was due no later than December 23, 2024. Plaintiff has failed	l
11	to file a change of address and she has not otherwise been in contact with the Court. "In	
12	determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, the district court is required to)
13	weigh several factors: (1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the	
14	court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public poli	су
15	favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic sanctions."	
16	Carey v. King, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440 (9th Cir. 1988) (internal quotation marks and citation	
17	omitted); accord Omstead v. Dell, Inc., 594 F.3d 1081, 1084 (9th Cir. 2010); In re	
18	Phenylpropanolamine (PPA) Products Liability Litigation, 460 F.3d 1217, 1226 (9th Cir. 2006)).
19	These factors guide a court in deciding what to do, and are not conditions that must be met in	
20	order for a court to take action. In re PPA, 460 F.3d at 1226 (citation omitted).	
21	Given Plaintiff's failure to update her address or communicate with the Court, the	
22	expeditious resolution of litigation and the Court's need to manage its docket weigh in favor of	
23	dismissal. Id. at 1227. More importantly, given the Court's apparent inability to communicate	
24	with Plaintiff, there are no other reasonable alternatives available to address Plaintiff's failure t)
25	prosecute this action and her failure to apprise the Court of her current address. Id. at 1228-29	
26	Carey, 856 F.2d at 1441. The Court will therefore recommend that this action be dismissed bas	ed
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20	¹ Courts may dismiss actions sua sponte under Rule 41(b) based on the plaintiff's failure to prosecute. Hells Cany	эn

Courts may dismiss actions sua sponte under Rule 41(b) based on the plaintiff's failure to prosecute. Hells Canyon 28 Pres. Council v. U. S. Forest Serv., 403 F.3d 683, 689 (9th Cir. 2005) (citation omitted).

- 1 on Plaintiff's failure to prosecute this action.
- 2 III. **Conclusion and Recommendation** 3 Accordingly, the Court HEREBY RECOMMENDS that this action be dismissed, without 4 prejudice, based on Plaintiff's failure to prosecute. Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b); Local Rule 183(b). 5 These Findings and Recommendations will be submitted to the United States District 6 Judge assigned to the case, under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Within fourteen (14) 7 days after being served with these Findings and Recommendations, the parties may file written 8 objections with the Court. The document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's 9 Findings and Recommendations." Objections, if any, shall not exceed fifteen (15) pages or 10 include exhibits. Exhibits may be referenced by document and page number if already in 11 the record before the Court. Any pages filed in excess of the 15-page limit may not be 12 **considered.** The parties are advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may 13 result in the waiver of the "right to challenge the magistrate's factual findings" on 14 appeal. Wilkerson v. Wheeler, 772 F.3d 834, 838–39 (9th Cir. 2014) (citing Baxter v. Sullivan, 15 923 F.2d 1391, 1394 (9th Cir. 1991)). 16 IT IS SO ORDERED. 17 Is/ Barbara A. McAuliffe 18 Dated: **January 3, 2025** UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28