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8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9 FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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11 RALPH COLEMAN, et al.,

12 Plaintiff,

13 v.

14 EDMUND G. BROWN, JR., et al.,

15 Defendants.
16

No. 2:90-cv-0520 LKK DAD P

ORDER

17 By order filed June 19, 2014, the court ordered defendants to review and, as
18 appropriate, revise their existing mental health staffing plan in order to come into compliance
19 with a prior court order concerning maximum mental health staffing vacancy rates, and to report
20 to the court on the results of the review. ECF No. 5171 at 4.¹ The June 19, 2014 order requires
21 defendants to “assume primary responsibility for completion of this task, with the Special Master
22 providing guidance and expertise where necessary, to ensure its timely completion, and to ensure
23 that plaintiffs are provided notice and an opportunity for input as appropriate.” ECF No. 5171
24 at 3.

25 After receiving an extension of time, *see* ECF No. 5210, on February 2, 2015
26 defendants filed the required report. ECF No. 5269. On February 13, 2015, plaintiffs filed a

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28 ¹ All references to page numbers are to those assigned by the court’s Electronic Case
Filing (ECF) system, which appear at the top of documents filed in ECF.

1 request for leave to file a response to the staffing report. ECF No. 5277. The court granted
2 plaintiffs' request by minute order issued February 18, 2015. ECF No. 5279. On February 23,
3 2015, plaintiffs filed objections to the staffing report and a request for further orders. ECF No.
4 5281. On February 25, 2015, defendants filed a motion for leave to file a response to plaintiffs'
5 objections and opposition to the request for further orders. ECF No. 5282. The court granted
6 defendants' motion by order filed March 3, 2015. ECF No. 5286. Defendants filed their
7 response and opposition on March 16, 2015. ECF No. 5290.

8 In order to meet their Eighth Amendment obligations to the plaintiff class,
9 "defendants must employ mental health staff in 'sufficient numbers to identify and treat in an
10 individualized manner those treatable inmates suffering from serious mental disorders.'" *Coleman v. Wilson*, 912 F. Supp. 1282, 1306 (E.D.Cal.1995). Currently, mental health staffing
11 levels are governed by a court-ordered staffing plan developed by defendants under the guidance
12 of the Special Master and filed on September 30, 2009. ECF No. 3693. Defendants are required
13 to have no more than a ten percent vacancy rate among clinical staff, including contracted
14 clinicians. *See* Order filed June 13, 2002, ECF No. 1383, at 2.

15 As recently as last year, the court found "that defendants continue to struggle with
16 the task of hiring sufficient mental health staff, particularly psychiatrists," in spite of defendants'
17 report that their salary structure for prison psychiatrists is competitive both within California and
18 nationally and that they have "authority to 'offer newly hired psychiatrists salaries in excess of
19 the minimum starting salary in the State pay scale range.'" ECF No. 5171 at 2-3 (quoting Defs.'
20 Status Report and Req. Modify Bed Plan, ECF No. 5123, at 3). The court therefore required
21 defendants to
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23 revisit and, as appropriate, revise their existing mental health
24 staffing plan in order to resolve the ongoing problem of mental
25 health staffing shortages and come into compliance with the
requirements of this court's June 13, 2002 order (ECF No. 1383)
concerning maximum mental health staff vacancy.

26 ECF No. 5171 at 4. The order required defendants to "assume primary responsibility for this
27 task, with the Special Master providing guidance and expertise where necessary, to ensure its
28 timely completion, and to ensure that plaintiffs are provided notice and an opportunity for input

1 as appropriate.” ECF No. 5171 at 3. Defendants’ report and plaintiffs’ objections and request for
2 further court orders follow from that order.

3 Appropriately, defendants have focused their review on staffing levels for mental
4 health clinicians: psychiatrists, psychologists, and licensed clinical social workers (LCSWs).
5 They report to the court that with use of contract staff they are maintaining staffing levels for
6 psychologists and LCSWs at over 90 percent. ECF No. 5269 at 6. They also report, however,
7 that “even with the use of contract staff, filled psychiatry levels remain just above 80%” of levels
8 required by the 2009 staffing plan. ECF No. 5269 at 6. They “attribute[] the difficulty in
9 recruiting psychiatrists, in part, to a national shortage in psychiatrists.” ECF No. 5269 at 6.
10 Defendants plan four steps to address the ongoing shortages: (1) creation of a psychiatric medical
11 assistant (PMA) classification to increase retention of staff psychiatrists by relieving psychiatrists
12 of clerical tasks that have become part of their job duties, ECF No. 5269 at 6-8; (2) expansion of
13 their internship and fellowship programs for psychologists and psychiatrists, respectively, ECF
14 No. 5269 at 8-9; (3) increased salaries and retention bonuses for psychiatrists working at “hard-
15 to-recruit institutions,” ECF No. 5269 at 9; and (4) continued use of their established
16 telepsychiatry program, ECF No. 5269 at 9-10.

17 Plaintiffs object to three of the four proposals. ECF No. 5281.² They contend the
18 PMA position is “at this stage, ill defined,” are concerned that the proposed monitoring of the
19 position is “inadequate,” and that defendants’ “clear goal” is to use this new position to “justify a
20 unilateral reduction in the total number of allocated psychiatry positions systemwide.” ECF No.
21 5281 at 3. Plaintiffs challenge the foundation for defendants’ report that the salaries for prison
22 psychiatrists are in fact competitive, ECF No. 5281 at 4, and they object that defendants had not,
23 when they filed the report, taken even initial steps to secure funding for the pay increases
24 defendants propose. ECF No. 5281 at 5. Finally, plaintiffs object to the alleged absence of
25 “adequate policies and procedures governing the appropriate use of telepsychiatry.” ECF No.
26 5281 at 7. Plaintiffs request several orders from this court requiring detailed plans from

27 ² Except to note that the internship and fellowship proposal will not help with staffing
28 shortages, plaintiffs do not object to that part of defendants’ plan. ECF No. 5281 at 6-7.

1 defendants and continued targeted monitoring and reporting by the Special Master. *See* ECF No.
2 5281 at 6, 9.

3 Defendants oppose plaintiffs' request for further court orders on the grounds that
4 (1) it is an improper and untimely request for reconsideration of the June 19, 2014 order, ECF No.
5 5290 at 2-4; (2) defendants are in full compliance with the June 19, 2014 order, *id.* at 4; and (3) it
6 is premature, *id.* at 5.

7 Defendants' contention that plaintiffs' request is an improper request for
8 reconsideration of the June 19, 2014 order is without merit. While the order describes a process
9 for the required review and, as appropriate, revision of defendants' staffing plan and requires a
10 report to the court, it is silent as to the process following submission of that report. Defendants
11 have presented the results of their review to the court in the form of four proposals, and they
12 represent that "CDCR is committed to working with the Special Master and his team to assess
13 whether" the solutions they propose are effective to cure the ongoing deficiencies in required
14 levels of mental health staffing.³ As litigants in these proceedings, absent an order indicating
15 clearly that the court would accept whatever report defendants filed and that their proposals
16 would be self-executing without further order of the court, plaintiffs had a right to file a response
17 to that report and to request whatever further action they deem necessary to represent the interests
18 of their clients.

19 For the foregoing reasons, plaintiffs' objections and request for further court
20 orders are properly before the court. To the extent plaintiffs object that one or more of the
21 defendants' proposals is thin on detail, that objection is well-taken given the amount of time that
22 has elapsed since the court's June 19, 2014 order. Indeed, in their response to plaintiffs'
23 objections, defendants suggest they could have provided plaintiffs with more information about

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25 ³ Plaintiffs observe that defendants' report purports to be from the California Department
26 of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR), while the June 19, 2014 order was directed to
27 defendants generally, and that other defendants in this action include California's Governor and
28 the state Department of Finance. ECF No. 5281 at 2. This observation, however correct, is of no
consequence unless one of the other defendants in this action were to take a position inconsistent
with the representations made by the CDCR defendants in the report before the court. The court
assumes by their silence that the other defendants do not take inconsistent positions.

1 the PMA position, the pay differential proposal, and the telepsychiatry policies and procedures
2 had plaintiffs presented their current requests to defendants during the meet-and-confer process.
3 *See* ECF No. 5290 at 5-6.

4 Defendants also contend plaintiffs' requests for additional orders are premature.
5 Defendants acknowledge that the proposals now before the court "have not yet been fully and
6 finally implemented," ECF No. 5290 at 5, and they contend they should be permitted to fully
7 implement and assess the efficacy of these proposals before additional measures are required.

8 Ultimately, it is defendants' responsibility to meet their constitutional obligations
9 to class members. To that end, defendants must be given an opportunity to test the efficacy of
10 their current proposals. However, there are at least two potential areas of concern in the
11 proposals currently before the court. First, defendants apparently are broadening their reliance on
12 telepsychiatry while the development of positions and procedures for this method of care, and
13 assessment of its adequacy, is ongoing. This is troubling, particularly because there may be class
14 members not susceptible to this method of care. Second, plaintiffs raise serious questions about a
15 reduction in psychiatry positions once the new PMA positions are established and filled. Good
16 cause appearing, defendants will be directed to seek the approval of the Special Master and leave
17 of this court before making any changes to the staffing ratios under which the mental health
18 program is currently operating. Finally, inadequate mental health staffing levels have plagued the
19 remedial phase of this litigation since its inception and after almost twenty years of effort this
20 problem must be finally and fully remedied. To that end, the court will require ongoing focused
21 monitoring by the Special Master of staffing issues, separate from and in addition to his
22 scheduled 26th and 27th round monitoring efforts. Specifically, the Special Master will be
23 directed to report to the court in 180 days on the status of defendants' implementation of the
24 proposals contained in defendants' February 2, 2015 staffing report (ECF No. 5269) and to
25 include in his report such recommendations as may be necessary to address any ongoing staffing
26 deficiencies.

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1 For all of the foregoing reasons, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

2 1. Defendants shall move forward with the proposals contained in the report on
3 review of mental health staffing filed February 2, 2015 (ECF No. 5269);

4 2. Defendants shall seek the approval of the Special Master and leave of court
5 prior to making any changes in their existing mental health staffing ratios;

6 3. Within 180 days from the date of this order the Special Master shall report to
7 the court on the status of defendants' implementation of the proposals contained in defendants'
8 February 2, 2105 staffing report (ECF No. 5269) and shall include in that report such
9 recommendations as may be necessary to address any ongoing mental health staffing deficiencies;
10 and

11 4. Plaintiffs' February 23, 2015 request for further court orders (ECF No. 5281) is
12 denied.

13 DATED: May 15, 2015.

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15 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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