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afford to pay the full filing fee at this time. Accordingly, plaintiff's application to proceed *in forma* pauperis (Dkt. 2 and 11) should be granted.

Plaintiff is required to pay the statutory filing fee of \$350.00 for this action. 28 U.S.C. §§ 1914(a and 1915(b)(1). Plaintiff has not been assessed an initial partial filing fee. By separate order, the court will direct the appropriate agency to collect the filing fee from plaintiff's trust account and forward it to the Clerk of the Court. Plaintiff will be obligated for monthly payments of twenty percent of the preceding month's income credited to plaintiff's prison trust account. These payments will be forwarded by the appropriate agency to the Clerk of the Court each time the amount in plaintiff's account exceeds \$10.00, until the filing fee is paid in full. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(2).

2. Motion for Appointment of Counsel. On May 29, 2008, plaintiff filed a motion for appointment of counsel, contending that he is unable to afford to retain counsel, that the issues are complex, and that he requires counsel to prepare for an evidentiary hearing. Dkt. 3. On December 15, 2008, plaintiff again requested that the court appoint counsel. Dkt. 12.

Under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1), the court may request an attorney to represent any person unable to afford counsel. Under Section 1915, the court may appoint counsel in exceptional circumstances. *Franklin v. Murphy*, 745 F.2d 1221,1236 (9th Cir. 1984). To find exceptional circumstances, the court must evaluate the likelihood of success on the merits and the ability of the petitioner to articulate the claims *pro se* in light of the complexity of the legal issues involved. *Weygandt v. Look*, 718 F.2d 952, 954 (9th Cir. 1983). The complaint has not yet been served and plaintiff has not at this point shown that he is likely to succeed on the merits. Further, plaintiff is capable of raising issues and explaining his position. Because the case does not present exceptional circumstances, the request for appointment of counsel should be denied. If the Court later orders an evidentiary hearing, counsel may be appointed if plaintiff qualifies.

- 3. Motion re: Status. On December 3, 2008, plaintiff filed a motion, requesting to know the status of his motion for appointment of counsel. Dkt. 8. Because plaintiff's motion for counsel is resolved by this order, his request for status of that motion is moot and should be denied.
- 4. Motion for Extension of Time. On December 11, 2008, plaintiff filed a request for an extension of time to file this lawsuit. Dkt. 9. It appears that plaintiff is unclear as to whether he has filed this lawsuit

in federal court. Because he filed the suit on May 29, 2008, his request for an extension of time is unnecessary and should be denied.

Therefore, it is hereby

ORDERED that:

- 1. Plaintiff's application to proceed in forma pauperis (Dkt. 2 and 11) is **GRANTED**.
- 2. Plaintiff is obligated to pay the statutory filing fee of \$350.00 for this action. Plaintiff has not been assessed an initial partial filing fee. All fees shall be collected and paid in accordance with this court's order to the Director of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation filed concurrently herewith.
- 3. Plaintiff's motion for appointment of counsel (Dkt. 3 and 12) is **DENIED**. If the Court later orders an evidentiary hearing, counsel may be appointed if plaintiff qualifies.
- 4. Plaintiff's motion requesting to know the status of his motion for appointment of counsel (Dkt.8) is **DENIED** as moot.
 - 5. Plaintiff's request for an extension of time to file this lawsuit (Dkt. 9) is **DENIED**.

The Clerk is directed to send uncertified copies of this Order to all counsel of record and to any party appearing *pro se* at said party's last known address.

DATED this 23rd day of January, 2009.

ROBERT J. BRYAN

United States District Judge