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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

BOB SAVAGE,

Plaintiff,

No. 2:08-cv-1346 LKK JFM (PC)

vs.

SUZAN HUBBARD, et al.,

Defendants.

ORDER AND ORDER DIRECTING SERVICE

BY THE UNITED STATES MARSHAL

WITHOUT PREPAYMENT OF COSTS

Plaintiff is proceeding in forma pauperis pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915. By order filed February 20, 2009, the court determined that plaintiff's amended complaint states a cognizable claim for relief against several previously served defendants and on defendants Zhu and Chanan, and ordered plaintiff to provide information for service of process on defendants Zhu and Chanan on form USM-285, a completed summons, sufficient copies of the complaint for service, and a notice of compliance. In the same order, the court directed counsel for the previously served defendants to inform the court in writing whether counsel would accept service for defendants Zhu and Chanan.

On February 27, 2009, counsel filed a response indicating that counsel would accept service for defendant Chanan but not defendant Zhu. On March 17, 2009, plaintiff filed the papers required for service on defendants Zhu and Chanan. On March 23, 2009, defendant

1 Chanan appeared in the action by filing a motion to dismiss. Accordingly, the court will order
2 service only on defendant Zhu.

3 In accordance with the above, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

4 1. The Clerk of the Court is directed to forward the instructions for service of
5 process, the completed summons, copies of the complaint, and copies of this order to the United
6 States Marshal.

7 2. Within ten days from the date of this order, the United States Marshal is
8 directed to notify defendant Zhu of the commencement of this action and to request a waiver of
9 service of summons in accordance with the provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(d) and 28 U.S.C.
10 § 566(c).

11 3. The United States Marshal is directed to retain the sealed summons and a copy
12 of the complaint in their file for future use.

13 4. The United States Marshal shall file returned waivers of service of summons as
14 well as any requests for waivers that are returned as undelivered as soon as they are received.

15 5. If a waiver of service of summons is not returned by a defendant within sixty
16 days from the date of mailing the request for waiver, the United States Marshal shall:

17 a. Personally serve process and a copy of this order upon the defendant
18 pursuant to Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and 28 U.S.C.
19 § 566(c) and shall command all necessary assistance from the California
20 Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDC) to execute this order.
21 The United States Marshal shall maintain the confidentiality of all
22 information provided by the CDC pursuant to this order.

23 b. Within ten days after personal service is effected, the United States
24 Marshal shall file the return of service for the defendant, along with
25 evidence of any attempts to secure a waiver of service of summons and of
26 the costs subsequently incurred in effecting service on said defendant.

1 Said costs shall be enumerated on the USM-285 form and shall include the
2 costs incurred by the Marshal's office for photocopying additional copies
3 of the summons and complaint and for preparing new USM-285 forms, if
4 required. Costs of service will be taxed against the personally served
5 defendant in accordance with the provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(d)(2).

6 6. Defendant shall reply to the complaint within the time provided by the
7 applicable provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(a).

8 7. Unless otherwise ordered, all motions to dismiss, motions for summary
9 judgment, motions concerning discovery, motions pursuant to Rules 7, 11, 12, 15, 41, 55, 56, 59
10 and 60 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and motions pursuant to Local Rule 11-110 shall
11 be briefed pursuant to Local Rule 78-230(m). Failure to oppose such a motion timely may be
12 deemed a waiver of opposition to the motion. Opposition to all other motions need be filed only
13 as directed by the court.

14 8. If plaintiff is released from prison at any time during the pendency of this case,
15 any party may request application of other provisions of Local Rule 78-230 in lieu of Local Rule
16 78-230(m). In the absence of a court order granting such a request, the provisions of Local Rule
17 78-230(m) will govern all motions described in #7 above regardless of plaintiff's custodial status.
18 See Local Rule 1-102(d).

19 9. Pursuant to Wyatt v. Terhune, 315 F.3d 1108, 1120 n.14 (9th Cir. 2003),
20 plaintiff is advised of the following requirements for opposing a motion to dismiss for failure to
21 exhaust administrative remedies made by defendant pursuant to non-enumerated Rule 12(b) of
22 the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Such a motion is a request for dismissal of unexhausted
23 claims without prejudice. The defendant may submit affidavits or declarations under penalty of
24 perjury and admissible documentation to support the motion to dismiss. To oppose the motion,
25 plaintiff may likewise file declarations under penalty of perjury and admissible documentation.
26 Plaintiff may rely upon statements made under the penalty of perjury in the complaint if the

1 complaint shows that plaintiff has personal knowledge of the matters stated and plaintiff calls to
2 the court's attention those parts of the complaint upon which plaintiff relies. Plaintiff may serve
3 and file one or more affidavits or declarations by other persons who have personal knowledge of
4 relevant matters. Plaintiff may also rely upon written records, but plaintiff must prove that the
5 records are what plaintiff claims they are. If plaintiff fails to contradict defendant's evidence
6 with admissible evidence, the court may rely on the defendant's evidence. In the event both sides
7 submit matters outside the pleadings, the court may look beyond the pleadings and decide
8 disputed issues of fact. If plaintiff does not serve and file a written opposition to the motion, the
9 court may consider the failure to act as a waiver of opposition to the defendant's motion. If the
10 defendant's motion to dismiss, whether opposed or unopposed, is granted, plaintiff's
11 unexhausted claims will be dismissed without prejudice.

12 10. Pursuant to Rand v. Rowland, 154 F.3d 952, 957 (9th Cir. 1998) (en banc),
13 cert. denied, 527 U.S. 1035 (1999), and Klinge v. Eikenberry, 849 F.2d 409 (9th Cir. 1988),
14 plaintiff is advised of the following requirements for opposing a motion for summary judgment
15 made by defendants pursuant to Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Such a motion
16 is a request for an order for judgment in favor of defendants without trial. A defendant's motion
17 for summary judgment will set forth the facts that the defendants contend are not reasonably
18 subject to dispute and that entitle the defendants to judgment. To oppose a motion for summary
19 judgment, plaintiff must show proof of his or her claims. Plaintiff may do this in one or more of
20 the following ways. Plaintiff may rely upon statements made under the penalty of perjury in the
21 complaint if the complaint shows that plaintiff has personal knowledge of the matters stated and
22 plaintiff calls to the court's attention those parts of the complaint upon which plaintiff relies.
23 Plaintiff may serve and file one or more affidavits or declarations setting forth the facts that
24 plaintiff believes prove plaintiff's claims; the person who signs an affidavit or declaration must
25 have personal knowledge of the facts stated. Plaintiff may rely upon written records, but plaintiff
26 must prove that the records are what plaintiff claims they are. Plaintiff may rely upon all or any

1 part of the transcript of one or more depositions, answers to interrogatories, or admissions
2 obtained in this proceeding. If plaintiff fails to contradict the defendants' evidence with
3 counteraffidavits or other admissible evidence, the defendants' evidence may be taken as the
4 truth and the defendants' motion for summary judgment granted. If there is some good reason
5 why such facts are not available to plaintiff when required to oppose a motion for summary
6 judgment, the court will consider a request to postpone considering the defendants' motion. If
7 plaintiff does not serve and file a written opposition to the motion or a request to postpone
8 consideration of the motion, the court may consider the failure to act as a waiver of opposition to
9 the defendants' motion. If the defendants' motion for summary judgment, whether opposed or
10 unopposed, is granted, judgment will be entered for the defendants without a trial and the case
11 will be closed.

12 11. A motion or opposition supported by unsigned affidavits or declarations will
13 be stricken.

14 12. Each party shall keep the court informed of a current address at all times
15 while the action is pending. Any change of address must be reported promptly to the court in a
16 separate document captioned for this case and entitled "Notice of Change of Address." A notice
17 of change of address must be properly served on other parties. Pursuant to Local Rule 83-182(f),
18 service of documents at the record address of a party is fully effective. Failure to inform the
19 court of a change of address may result in the imposition of sanctions including dismissal of the
20 action.

21 13. The Clerk of the Court shall serve upon plaintiff a copy of the Local Rules of
22 Court.

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1 14. The failure of any party to comply with this order, the Federal Rules of Civil
2 Procedure, or the Local Rules of Court may result in the imposition of sanctions including, but
3 not limited to, dismissal of the action or entry of default. Fed. R. Civ. P. 11; Local Rule 11-110.

4 DATED: August 3, 2009.

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7 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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