Rule 4(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires the plaintiff to have the summons and complaint served upon the defendant within the time allowed by Rule 4(m). "A federal court is without personal jurisdiction over a defendant unless the defendant has been served in accordance with [Rule 4]." *Benny v. Pipes*, 799 F.2d 489, 492 (9th Cir. 1986); *see Oyama v. Sheehan*, 253 F.3d 507, 512 (9th Cir. 2001). If a defendant is not served within 120 days after the complaint is filed, the court must dismiss the action without prejudice against the defendant unless good cause is shown for the failure. Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(m). Although Rule 4(c)(3) provides that a court may order the service be made by a marshal, particularly if the plaintiff is authorized to proceed *in forma pauperis*, this does not alleviate the plaintiff's burden to provide the U.S. Marshal with the address of the defendant. *See Walker v. Sumner*, 14 F.3d 1415, 1422 (9th Cir. 1994) (noting that a *pro se* plaintiff proceeding *in forma pauperis* must furnish information necessary to identify the defendant to effect service), *abrogated on other grounds by Sandin v. Conner*, 515 U.S. 472 (1995).

The Complaint was filed on August 21, 2008. As of the filing of this Order, which is well past the 120 day limitation, Dhesi has not been successfully served. Plaintiff is hereby ordered to show cause why Dhesi should not be dismissed from this action for Plaintiff's failure to provide the proper address information.

CONCLUSION

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff must show good cause for Plaintiff's failure to provide the address information for H. Dhesi. Plaintiff must submit briefing to the Court of no more than 10 pages in length, no later than 30 days after the filing of this Order. Failure to do so may result in dismissal of the action against H. Dhesi.

DATED: October 29, 2010.

/s/ Richard R. Clifton RICHARD R. CLIFTON UNITED STATES CIRCUIT JUDGE