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6	HOME DEPOT U.S.A., INC.	
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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA – SACRAMENTO DIVISION	
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11	LIDIA U. DABROWSKI,	No. 2:08-CV-02407-LKK-DAD
12	Plaintiff,	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER
13	VS.	
14	HOME DEPOT U.S.A., INC.,	
15	Defendants.	
16	Plaintiff LIDIA U. DABROWSKI ("Plaintiff"), by and through her undersigned counsel,	
17	and Defendant HOME DEPOT U.S.A., INC. ("Defendant"), by and through its undersigned	
18	counsel, have met and conferred and hereby stipulate as follows:	
19	1. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>	
20	1.1 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,	
21	employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).	
22	1.2 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the	
23	medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,	
24	transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to	
25	discovery in this matter.	
26	1.3 "Confidential" Information or Items: information (regardless of how	
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generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards developed under F.R.Civ.P. 26(c) or as elaborated herein. "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" Material: extremely sensitive "Confidential Information or Items" whose disclosure to another Party or nonparty would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

- **1.4 Receiving Party:** a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.
- 1.5 Producing Party: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this action.
- 1.6 Designating Party: a Party or non-party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential Attorneys' Eyes Only."

1.7 "Confidential Material": any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated or understood to be "Confidential" or as "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only." A Party may produce documents which it considers to be proprietary and confidential. Such documents may include, but are not limited to, business, competitive, proprietary, trade secret or other information of a sensitive nature about the Party (or of another person which information the party is under a duty to maintain in confidence), store maps, manuals, written policies and procedures, training materials, claims information, lead details, emails, correspondence, contracts with third parties, criminal background check reports, drug test results, witness statements, and/or inspection or accident reports. This Stipulated Protective Order is intended to cover, and apply to, any and all documents produced by a Party in this litigation, and any information contained in those documents, but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal.

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1.8 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party or of a competitor of a Party's and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party's. This definition includes a professional jury or trial consultant retained in connection with this litigation.

**1.9 Professional Vendors:** persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations; organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.

### 2. <u>DURATION</u>

Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Stipulated Protective Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs.

## 3. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

Prior to receiving any Confidential Material, any Experts, consultants or Professional Vendors retained by counsel for Receiving Party shall be provided with a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order and shall execute an "Acknowledgement and Agreement to be Bound" nondisclosure agreement in the form of Exhibit A, a copy of which shall be provided to counsel for the Designating Party at the same time and along with any disclosure of expert witness information.

#### 4. SCOPE OF ORDER

Confidential Material may be used only in connection with the prosecution and defense of this action, and not for any other purpose. Confidential Material produced pursuant to this Stipulated Protective Order may not be disclosed or made available to any person or entity other than Receiving Party, Receiving Party's counsel (including the paralegal, clerical and secretarial

Jenkins Goodman Neuman & Hamilton LLP 417 Montgomery St. 10<sup>th</sup> Floor staff employed by such counsel and working on this case), and Experts, consultants or Professional Vendors retained by that counsel, subject to the other requirements of this Stipulated Protective Order. Use of Confidential Material is permitted at depositions of Parties or their experts or in motions filed with the court, subject to the requirements of paragraph 5, 7, 8, and 9.

### 5. <u>EFFORTS TO PREVENT DISCLOSURE</u>

In making use of any Confidential Material, counsel for Receiving Party is required by this Stipulated Protective Order to make reasonable and good faith efforts to prevent the disclosure of any Confidential Material to any person or entity not specified in section 1 and 4, above. These efforts shall include taking steps to ensure that Confidential Material used during a deposition, in connection with a motion, or at trial is used under seal or in some other manner which prevents its disclosure to any person or entity not specified in section 1 and 4, above. The Parties agree to meet and confer in a good faith effort to address any issues related to the use of Confidential Material at depositions, in court filings, or otherwise.

# 6. <u>CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS</u>

Before filing any Confidential Material with the court, the Parties agree to give

Designating Party sufficient advance notice of their intention to do so for Designating Party to

make a motion for an order that such Confidential Material be filed under seal.

- **6.1 Timing of Challenges.** Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.
- **6.2 Meet and Confer.** A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis

Jenkins Goodman Neuman & Hamilton LLP 417 Montgomery St. 10<sup>th</sup> Floor San Francisco, CA  for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first.

6.3 Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file and serve a motion that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph and that sets forth with specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation that was given by the Designating Party in the meet and confer dialogue.

Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation.

## 7. <u>MAINTAINING CONFIDENTIALITY</u>

In the event that any Confidential Material is used in any court proceeding in this action, it shall not lose its confidential status through such use, and the Party using such shall take all reasonable steps to maintain its confidentiality during such use.

### 8. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Confidential Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person(s) to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, and (d) request such person(s) execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

### 9. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL

Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Confidential Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rules 39-140 and 39-141. This Order shall be without prejudice to the right of the parties (i) to bring before the court at any time the question of whether any particular document or information is confidential or whether its use should be restricted, or (ii) to present a motion to the court for a separate protective order as to any particular document or information, including restrictions differing from those as specified herein. This Order shall not be deemed to prejudice the parties in any way in any future application for modification of this Stipulated Protective Order.

If any Confidential Material is introduced during a deposition, such Confidential Material must be bound separately from the deposition transcript. Furthermore, Receiving Party must demand of the court reporter that he or she return any and all copies of said Confidential Material after the completion of the deposition transcript(s) and related volume(s) of exhibits.

### 10. <u>FINAL DISPOSITION - RETURN OF DOCUMENTS</u>

Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must return to the Producing Party all Confidential Material, which includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Confidential Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the Confidential Material in lieu of returning it. Whether the Confidential Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Confidential Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations,

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summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Confidential Material. 1 Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all 2 pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, 3 even if such materials contain Confidential Material. Any such archival copies that contain or 4 5 constitute Confidential Material remain subject to this Stipulated Protective Order. 11. CONTEMPT OF COURT AND REMEDIES 6 7 Any disclosure of Confidential Material other than is permitted by this Stipulated 8 Protective Order shall be a contempt of court. No Party is waiving any other rights or remedies 9 under the law for violations of this Stipulated Protective Order. 12. 10 **WAIVER** A Party shall not be deemed to have waived any terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, 11 12 including this paragraph, except by express written waiver of counsel. 13 **13. MODIFICATION** 14 This stipulation is reached without prejudice to later modification by agreement of the Parties, or by order of the court upon a showing of good cause. 15 16 IT IS SO STIPULATED. 17 Dated: April 14, 2009 Dated: April 14, 2009 18 DREYER, BABICH, BUCCOLA & JENKINS GOODMAN NEUMAN & 19 CALLAHAM, LLP **HAMILTON** 20 By By 21 Craig Sheffer Paige P. Yeh Attorney for Plaintiff Attorneys for Defendant 22 LIDIA U. DABROWSKI HOME DEPOT U.S.A., INC. 23 ///// 24 ///// 25 ///// 26 //// -7-

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