

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SACRAMENTO DIVISION

BRYAN E. RANSOM,

Plaintiff,

v.

DUNCAN, Deputy Director
of CDCR, and JOHN DOES
1-10,

Defendants.

NO. CV-08-2458-EFS (PC)

**FIRST INFORMATIONAL ORDER
IN PRISONER CIVIL RIGHTS CASE**

Plaintiff is a state prisoner proceeding pro se in this civil rights action. In litigating this action, all parties, including those proceeding pro se, must comply with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Local Rules of the United States District Court, Eastern District of California. **Failure to comply with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Local Rules, or a Court Order, including this Order, is grounds for appropriate sanctions, including dismissal of the action.** Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b); LR 11-110.

This Order highlights specific rules of which Plaintiff should take particular note:

1. Documents intended to be filed with the Court by pro se litigants must be mailed to the Clerk of the Court, United States District Court, 501 I Street, Room 4-200, Sacramento, California

1 95814. LR 5-133(d)(1). **All documents mailed improperly to a Judge's**
2 **chambers will be stricken.**

3 2. Each document submitted for filing must include the original
4 signature of the filing litigant(s). Fed. R. Civ. P. 11(a); LR 7-131.
5 **All documents submitted without the required signature(s) will be**
6 **stricken.** Each separate document must be bound separately at the top
7 left corner. LR 7-130(b). If a document is bound behind another
8 document, it will not be filed or entered on the Court docket. A
9 document requesting a Court order must be styled as a motion, not a
10 letter. Fed. R. Civ. P. 7. Documents submitted to the Court may be
11 either typewritten or handwritten, but must be legible, and writing
12 shall be on one (1) side of the page only. LR 7-130 (modified).
13 Every document submitted to the Court must include your name, address,
14 and prisoner identification number in the upper left-hand corner of
15 the first page. LR 7-132.

16 3. You are not required to send the Court copies of your
17 documents submitted for filing. LR 5-133(d)(2) (modified). If the
18 filing litigant wishes the Court to return a file-stamped copy, he
19 must include one copy for that purpose AND a pre-addressed postage
20 paid envelope. **The Court cannot provide copies or mailing service for**
21 **a litigant**, even for an indigent plaintiff proceeding in forma
22 pauperis.

23 4. After Defendants have appeared by filing a response to the
24 complaint (i.e., an answer, a motion to dismiss, or a motion for
25 summary judgment), and are represented by the office of the California
26 State Attorney General, Plaintiff is not required to serve copies of
27 filings on Defendants or counsel, as counsel will receive service via
28 the Court's electronic filing system. Any documents filed in a civil
rights action in which Defendants are **not** represented by the

1 California State Attorney General must include a certificate of
2 service stating that a copy of the document was served on the opposing
3 litigant. Fed. R. Civ. P. 5; LR 5-135 (modified). **A document**
4 **submitted without the required proof of service will be stricken.**

5 Where a litigant is represented by private or other government
6 counsel, service on the litigant's attorney of record constitutes
7 effective service. A sample Proof of Service form is attached hereto.

8 5. All filings must bear the file number assigned to the action,
9 followed by the initials of the District Judge to whom the case is
10 assigned and the letters "PC." Where Plaintiff simultaneously pursues
11 more than (1) one action, he must file separate original documents and
12 the appropriate number of copies in each action to which the document
13 pertains. **Documents submitted listing more than one case number in**
14 **the caption will be stricken.**

15 6. The Court cannot serve as a repository for the parties'
16 evidence (i.e., prison or medical records, witness affidavits, etc.).
17 Litigants may not file evidence with the Court until the course of
18 litigation brings the evidence into question (for example, on a motion
19 for summary judgment, at trial, or when requested by the Court).
20 **Evidence improperly submitted to the Court will either be returned or**
21 **stricken.**

22 7. The Eastern District of California converted to an electronic
23 filing, service, and storage system, effective January 3, 2005. Pro
24 se litigants are exempt from the electronic filing requirement and
25 must submit all documents to the Court in paper. LR 5-133(b)(2).
26 Paper documents submitted by pro se litigants for filing will be
27 scanned into the electronic Court file by the Clerk's Office. After
28 being scanned into the electronic Court file, the paper documents will
be retained in the Clerk's Office for a limited period of time and

1 then discarded. LR 39-138(d). For this reason, pro se litigants are
2 cautioned not to send original exhibits to the Court. When it is
3 appropriate for pro se litigants to submit exhibits to the Court (see
4 paragraph 6), the litigants shall retain their original exhibits and
5 send photocopies to the Court.

6 8. After an answer is filed, the Court will issue an order
7 opening discovery, and setting the deadlines for completing discovery,
8 amending the pleadings, and filing pre-trial dispositive motions. **No**
9 **discovery may be conducted without Court permission until an answer**
10 **is filed and the Court issues the discovery order.** Discovery
11 propounded on a litigant is self-executing, and must be served
12 directly on the litigant from whom discovery is sought; litigants
13 should not file copies of their discovery with the Court. LR 33-250,
14 34-250, 36-250. **Discovery documents inappropriately submitted to the**
15 **Court will be stricken.** Where the discovery response is
16 unsatisfactory, the litigant seeking discovery may file a motion to
17 compel discovery, including a copy of the discovery propounded and the
18 response thereto. Fed. R. Civ. P. 37. A motion to compel must be
19 accompanied by "a certification that the movant has in good faith
20 conferred or attempted to confer with the litigant not making the
21 disclosure in an effort to secure the disclosure without court
22 action." Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(a)(1). In addition, at least ten (10)
23 days before the hearing, the litigants must file either: (1) a joint
24 statement of conferment in good faith together with a list and
25 description of unresolved issues or (2) individual statements
26 describing efforts to confer together with a list and description of
27 unresolved issues. Statements must not exceed ten (10) pages without
28 first obtaining the District Judge's approval. **A discovery motion that**

1 does not comply with all applicable rules will be stricken and may
2 result in the imposition of sanctions.

3 9. Because Plaintiff is incarcerated and proceeds pro se, all
4 pre-trial motions will be submitted without a hearing. LR 78-230(m).
5 Litigants are referred to Local Rule 78-230(m) for the briefing
6 schedule on motions.

7 10. All deadlines will be strictly enforced. Requests for time
8 extensions must state the reason the extension is needed and must be
9 filed with the Court **before** the deadline in question. LR 6-144.

10 11. A pro se plaintiff has an affirmative duty to keep the Court
11 and opposing parties apprised of his address. LR 83-182(f). If a
12 plaintiff moves and fails to file a notice of change of address,
13 service of Court orders at Plaintiff's prior address shall constitute
14 effective notice. *Id.* If mail directed to Plaintiff is returned by
15 the U.S. Postal Service as undeliverable, the Court will not attempt
16 to re-mail it. **If the address is not updated within sixty (60) days**
17 **of the mail being returned, the action will be dismissed for failure**
18 **to prosecute.** LR 83-183(b). A Notice of Change of Address Form is
19 attached hereto.

20 12. The Court is required to screen complaints brought by
21 prisoners seeking relief against a governmental entity or officer or
22 employee of a governmental entity. 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(a). The Court
23 must dismiss a complaint or portion thereof if the prisoner has raised
24 claims that are legally "frivolous or malicious," that fail to state
25 a claim upon which relief may be granted, or that seek monetary relief
26 from a defendant who is immune from such relief. 28 U.S.C.
27 § 1915A(b)(1),(2). The Court will direct the United States Marshal
28 to serve Plaintiff's complaint only after the Court has screened the

1 complaint and determined that it contains cognizable claims for relief
2 against the named Defendants. The Court has a large number of
3 prisoner civil rights cases pending before it and will screen
4 plaintiff's complaint in due course. The Court will notify you as
5 soon as any action is taken in your case. Due to the large number of
6 civil actions pending before the Court, the Clerk is unable to respond
7 in writing to individual inquiries regarding case status. As long as
8 you keep the Court apprised of your current address, you will receive
9 all decisions affecting the status of the case.

10 As noted, the requirements set forth in Local Rules 5-130, 5-
11 133(d)(2), and 7-135 have been modified in this Order. These
12 modifications apply to civil rights and habeas cases filed in the
13 Sacramento division of the Eastern District of California by prisoners
14 proceeding pro se.

15 **IT IS SO ORDERED.** The District Court Executive is directed to
16 enter this Order and provide a copy to Plaintiff.

17 **DATED** this 9th day of January 2009.

18
19 s/ Edward F. Shea
20 EDWARD F. SHEA
United States District Judge

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