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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

PATRICK OTIS NELSON,

Plaintiff,

No. CIV S-08-2481 FCD KJM P

vs.

CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER OF
SOLANO STATE PRISON,

Defendant.

ORDER

_____/

Plaintiff is a state prisoner proceeding pro se. Plaintiff seeks relief pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and has requested leave to proceed in forma pauperis pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915. This proceeding was referred to this court by Local Rule 72-302 pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

Plaintiff has submitted a declaration that makes the showing required by 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a). Accordingly, the request to proceed in forma pauperis will be granted.

Plaintiff is required to pay the statutory filing fee of \$350.00 for this action. 28 U.S.C. §§ 1914(a), 1915(b)(1). Plaintiff has been without funds for six months and is currently without funds. Accordingly, the court will not assess an initial partial filing fee. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(1). Plaintiff is obligated to make monthly payments of twenty percent of the

1 preceding month's income credited to plaintiff's prison trust account. These payments shall be
2 collected and forwarded by the appropriate agency to the Clerk of the Court each time the
3 amount in plaintiff's account exceeds \$10.00, until the filing fee is paid in full. 28 U.S.C.
4 § 1915(b)(2).

5 The court is required to screen complaints brought by prisoners seeking relief
6 against a governmental entity or officer or employee of a governmental entity. 28 U.S.C.
7 § 1915A(a). The court must dismiss a complaint or portion thereof if the prisoner has raised
8 claims that are legally "frivolous or malicious," that fail to state a claim upon which relief may
9 be granted, or that seek monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. 28
10 U.S.C. § 1915A(b)(1),(2).

11 A claim is legally frivolous when it lacks an arguable basis either in law or in
12 fact. Neitzke v. Williams, 490 U.S. 319, 325 (1989); Franklin v. Murphy, 745 F.2d 1221, 1227-
13 28 (9th Cir. 1984). The court may, therefore, dismiss a claim as frivolous where it is based on an
14 indisputably meritless legal theory or where the factual contentions are clearly baseless.
15 Neitzke, 490 U.S. at 327. The critical inquiry is whether a constitutional claim, however
16 inartfully pleaded, has an arguable legal and factual basis. See Jackson v. Arizona, 885 F.2d
17 639, 640 (9th Cir. 1989); Franklin, 745 F.2d at 1227.

18 A complaint, or portion thereof, should only be dismissed for failure to state a
19 claim upon which relief may be granted if it appears beyond doubt that plaintiff can prove no set
20 of facts in support of the claim or claims that would entitle him to relief. Hishon v. King &
21 Spalding, 467 U.S. 69, 73 (1984) (citing Conley v. Gibson, 355 U.S. 41, 45-46 (1957)); Palmer
22 v. Roosevelt Lake Log Owners Ass'n, 651 F.2d 1289, 1294 (9th Cir. 1981). In reviewing a
23 complaint under this standard, the court must accept as true the allegations of the complaint in
24 question, Hospital Bldg. Co. v. Rex Hosp. Trustees, 425 U.S. 738, 740 (1976), construe the
25 pleading in the light most favorable to the plaintiff, and resolve all doubts in the plaintiff's favor,
26 Jenkins v. McKeithen, 395 U.S. 411, 421 (1969).

1 The court finds the allegations in plaintiff’s complaint so vague and conclusory
2 that it fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. Although the Federal Rules of
3 Civil Procedure adopt a flexible pleading policy, a complaint must give fair notice and state the
4 elements of the claim plainly and succinctly. Jones v. Community Redev. Agency, 733 F.2d
5 646, 649 (9th Cir. 1984). Plaintiff must allege with at least some degree of particularity overt
6 acts which defendants engaged in that support plaintiff’s claim. Id. Plaintiff’s complaint must
7 be dismissed. The court will, however, grant leave to file an amended complaint.

8 If plaintiff chooses to amend the complaint, plaintiff must demonstrate how the
9 conditions complained of have resulted in a deprivation of plaintiff’s constitutional rights. See
10 Ellis v. Cassidy, 625 F.2d 227 (9th Cir. 1980). Among other things, plaintiff appears to allege he
11 has been denied adequate medical care. The Eighth Amendment’s prohibition of cruel and
12 unusual punishment extends to medical care of prison inmates. Estelle v. Gamble, 429 U.S. 97,
13 104-05 (1976). In order to state a section 1983 claim for violation of the Eighth Amendment
14 based on inadequate medical care, a prison inmate must allege “acts or omissions sufficiently
15 harmful to evidence deliberate indifference to serious medical needs.” Id. at 106.

16 In addition, plaintiff is informed that the court cannot refer to a prior pleading in
17 order to make plaintiff’s amended complaint complete. Local Rule 15-220 requires that an
18 amended complaint be complete in itself without reference to any prior pleading. This is
19 because, as a general rule, an amended complaint supersedes the original complaint. See Loux
20 v. Rhay, 375 F.2d 55, 57 (9th Cir. 1967). Once plaintiff files an amended complaint, the original
21 pleading no longer serves any function in the case. Therefore, in an amended complaint, as in an
22 original complaint, each claim and the involvement of each defendant must be sufficiently
23 alleged.

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In accordance with the above, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

1. Plaintiff's request for leave to proceed in forma pauperis is granted.
2. Plaintiff is obligated to pay the statutory filing fee of \$350.00 for this action.

The fee shall be collected and paid in accordance with this court's order to the Director of the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation filed concurrently herewith.

3. Plaintiff's complaint is dismissed.

4. Plaintiff is granted thirty days from the date of service of this order to file an amended complaint that complies with the requirements of the Civil Rights Act, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and the Local Rules of Practice; the amended complaint must bear the docket number assigned this case and must be labeled "Amended Complaint"; plaintiff must file an original and two copies of the amended complaint; failure to file an amended complaint in accordance with this order will result in a recommendation that this action be dismissed.

DATED: April 2, 2009.



U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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