1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
10	JERRY BECHHOLD,
11	Plaintiff, No. CIV S-09-1298 JAM KJM PS
12	VS.
13	PLACER COUNTY, et al.,
14	Defendants. <u>FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>
15	
16	/
17	Defendants' motion to dismiss came on regularly for hearing on November 18,
18	2009. Plaintiff Bechhold appeared in propria persona. Karin Schwab appeared for defendants
19	Placer County and Bob Martino, Placer County Building Inspector. Upon review of the
20	documents in support and opposition, upon hearing the arguments of counsel, and good cause
21	appearing therefor, THE COURT FINDS AS FOLLOWS:
22	Among other grounds, defendants seek dismissal for lack of subject matter
23	jurisdiction. Plaintiff alleges only state law claims against defendants Placer County and
24	Martino, for breach of contract, abuse of process and intentional infliction of emotional distress
25	arising out of plaintiff's having built a barn on his property, which is private property located in
26	the Tahoe National Forest. Plaintiff challenges the conditions Placer County placed on a use
	1

permit plaintiff obtained for a commercial operation on his property. The use permit expired
 November 4, 2008. See Am. Compl. (docket no. 5) at 3:5-6.¹ Plaintiff alleges defendant Placer
 County unlawfully placed conditions on the use permit by requiring him to improve a road
 located on U.S. Forest Service land and to remove trees for improving vision for persons
 traversing the road to plaintiff's property.

6 Plaintiff also names as a defendant the U.S. Forest Service, but there is no 7 evidence in the file that this defendant has been served. Plaintiff alleges no claims against this defendant. The only connection to this defendant alleged in the complaint is a request for a 8 9 declaration that Placer County has no jurisdiction over U. S. Forest Service roads. Am. Compl. 10 at 5:3-13. Because there is no actual case or controversy between plaintiff and the U. S. Forest 11 Service, declaratory relief is unavailable under 28 U.S.C. § 2201. See Principal Life Ins. Co. v. Robinson, 394 F.3d 665, 669 (9th Cir. 2005) (actual case or controversy within federal court's 12 13 jurisdiction must exist before declaratory relief may be granted); see also Fidelity & Cas. Co. v. Reserve Ins. Co., 596 F.2d 914, 916 (9th Cir. 1979) (section 2201 does not itself confer federal 14 15 subject matter jurisdiction).

Moreover, as alleged, the use permit issued to plaintiff has expired. Accordingly, plaintiff's claim that he is being subjected to county-imposed conditions on the use of his land, which conditions are preempted by federal regulation, is not ripe for adjudication. In addition, the Weeks Act provides in pertinent part for state and local regulation over rights-of-way granted in forest service lands. <u>See</u> 16 U.S.C. § 521g; <u>see also</u> 36 C.F.R. § 14.9(a) (applicant for rightof-way must comply with state and federal laws applicable to the project for which right-of-way is approved).

23 /////

24 /////

25 26

¹ At hearing, defendants' counsel also stated the permit had expired.

Plaintiff has failed to establish a basis for federal subject matter jurisdiction over
 his state law claims against the County and its employee. In opposition, plaintiff advances no
 argument that could support a proper basis for subject matter jurisdiction. For these reasons,
 defendants' motion under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(1) should be granted.

Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY RECOMMENDED that defendants' motion to
dismiss for lack of subject matter jurisdiction be granted.

7 These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of Title 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Within ten 8 9 days after being served with these findings and recommendations, any party may file written 10 objections with the court and serve a copy on all parties. Such a document should be captioned 11 "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." Any reply to the objections shall be served and filed within ten days after service of the objections. The parties are advised 12 13 that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991). 14

15 DATED: November 30, 2009.

mel.

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

bechhold.57