1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 ----00000----11 12 JENNIFER LUKAS AND JOYCE NO. CIV. 2:09-2423 WBS DAD WATTERS, 13 ORDER RE: COSTS Plaintiffs, 14 15 v. 16 UNITED BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND IBM MEDICAL AND DENTAL EMPLOYEE WELFARE BENEFIT 17 PLANS, 18 Defendants. 19 20 ----00000----21 On April 15, 2011, the court entered final judgment in 22 this case in favor of defendants. (Docket No. 58.) Defendants 23 24 submitted a cost bill totaling \$727.20, (Docket No. 60), to which plaintiffs have not filed any objections.1 25 26 27 Plaintiffs filed a Notice of Appeal of the final judgment. (See Docket No. 61.) The court retains jurisdiction 28

to tax costs following the filing of a Notice of Appeal.

Rule 54(d)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Local Rule 292 govern the taxation of costs to losing parties, which are generally subject to limits set under 28 U.S.C. § 1920. See 28 U.S.C. § 1920 (enumerating taxable costs); Fed. R. Civ. P. 54(d)(1) ("Unless a federal statute, these rules, or a court order provides otherwise, costs—other than attorney's fees—should be allowed to the prevailing party."); Local R. 292(f); Crawford Fitting Co. v. J.T. Gibbons, Inc., 482 U.S. 437, 441 (1987) (limiting taxable costs to those enumerated in § 1920).

The court exercises its discretion in determining whether to allow certain costs. See Amarel v. Connell, 102 F.3d 1494, 1523 (9th Cir. 1996) (holding that the district court has discretion to determine what constitutes a taxable cost within the meaning of § 1920); Alflex Corp. v. Underwriters Labs., Inc., 914 F.2d 175, 177 (9th Cir. 1990) (same). The losing party has the burden of overcoming the presumption in favor of awarding costs to the prevailing party. See Russian River Watershed Prot. Comm. v. City of Santa Rosa, 142 F.3d 1136, 1144 (9th Cir. 1998) (noting that the presumption "may only be overcome by pointing to some impropriety on the part of the prevailing party"); Amarel, 102 F.3d at 1523; see also Local R. 292(d) ("If no objection is

Scottsdale Ins. Co. v. Sullivan Props., Inc., CIV No. 04-00550, 2007 WL 4390665, at *1 (D. Haw. Dec. 17, 2007) (adopting special master's report); see also Riggs v. Valley Forge Ins. Co., Inc., Civil No. 08-03058, 2010 WL 2228569, at *3 (W.D. Ark. June 1, 2010) ("[C]ourts have held that, when an award of costs are not the subject of the appeal, a district court may tax costs pursuant to Rule 54 after a notice of appeal has been filed.") (citing cases); Lamonica v. Safe Hurricane Shutters, Inc., No. 07-61295, 2009 WL 806587, at *1 (S.D. Fla. Mar. 19, 2009).

1	filed, the Clerk shall proceed to tax and enter costs.").
2	Plaintiffs have not filed any objections. After
3	reviewing the bill of costs, the court finds the following costs
4	to be reasonable:
5	Fees of the Clerk: \$39.00
6	Fees for printed or electronically
7	recorded transcripts necessarily obtained
8	for use in the case: \$34.20
9	Fees for exemplification and the costs
10	of making copies of any materials where
11	the copies are necessarily obtained for
12	use in the case: \$654.00
13	Total \$727.20
14	Accordingly, costs of \$727.20 will be allowed.
15	IT IS SO ORDERED.
16	DATED: May 25, 2011
17	Milliam Va Shibe
18	WILLIAM B. SHUBB
19	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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