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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	ROBERTO HERRERA,	No. 2:10-cv-1154 MCE DAD P
12	Plaintiff,	
13	V.	ORDER
14	P. STATTI, et al.,	
15	Defendants.	
16		
17	Plaintiff, a state prisoner proceeding pro se with a civil rights action, has requested	
18	appointment of counsel.	
19	As the court previously advised plaintiff, the United States Supreme Court has ruled that	
20	district courts lack authority to require counsel to represent indigent prisoners in § 1983 cases.	
21	Mallard v. United States Dist. Court, 490 U.S. 296, 298 (1989). In certain exceptional	
22	circumstances, the district court may request the voluntary assistance of counsel pursuant to 28	
23	U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1). Terrell v. Brewer, 935 F.2d 1015, 1017 (9th Cir. 1991); Wood v.	
24	Housewright, 900 F.2d 1332, 1335-36 (9th Cir. 1990).	
25	The test for exceptional circumstances requires the court to evaluate the plaintiff's	
26	likelihood of success on the merits and the ability of the plaintiff to articulate his claims pro se in	
27	light of the complexity of the legal issues involved. See Wilborn v. Escalderon, 789 F.2d 1328,	
28	1331 (9th Cir. 1986); Weygandt v. Look, 718 F.2d 952, 954 (9th Cir. 1983). Circumstances	
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1	common to most prisoners, such as lack of legal education and limited law library access, do not	
2	establish exceptional circumstances that would warrant a request for voluntary assistance of	
3	counsel. In the present case, the court does not find the required exceptional circumstances.	
4	Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that plaintiff's motion for the appointment of	
5	counsel (Doc. No. 89) is denied.	
6	Dated: December 19, 2013	
7	Dale A. Dage	
8	DALE A. DROZD	
9	DAD:9:md UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE	
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