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On September 15, 2010, Defendants U.S. Loan Auditors, LLC's, Shane
 Barker's, and James Sandison's (collectively "Defendants") Motion for Judgment
 on the Pleadings and Motion to Strike (collectively the "Motions") came on for
 hearing before this Court in Courtroom No. 6 of the United States District Court,
 501 I Street, Sacramento, CA 95814. Mark D. Campbell appeared on behalf of
 Plaintiff Bank of America Corporation; Mark A. Campbell and J. Douglas Durham
 appeared for Defendants.

8 Having considered the briefing on the motions, all pleadings and papers
9 heretofore filed in this action, and the arguments of counsel, the Court DENIES
10 Defendants Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings and Motion to Strike for the
11 reasons set forth below:

12 For purposes of a motion for judgment on the pleadings, the Court must 1. 13 assume the truthfulness of the material facts alleged in the Complaint, and all inferences reasonably drawn from such facts must be construed in favor of the 14 15 responding party. Fleming v. Pickard, 581 F.3d 922, 925 (9th Cir. 2009). The Court finds that many of the arguments raised in the opposition and reply briefs to 16 17 Defendants' motion raise factual issues which may not be decided on a motion for judgment on the pleadings. Accordingly, Defendants are not entitled to judgment on 18 the pleadings for this reason. The Court also finds that under the standard applied to 19 20motions for judgment on the pleadings, BOA has asserted sufficient facts to 21 establish standing under the Lanham to assert its false advertising claims against 22 Defendants. However, this finding is without prejudice to Defendants' right to raise 23 standing on summary judgment. Moreover, the Court finds, for the reasons stated 24 on the record, that the sham exception to the Noerr-Pennington doctrine applies in 25 this case. See Larsen v. Comm. of Internal Revenue, 765 F.2d 939, 941 (9th Cir. 1985) ("The right to petition protected by the First Amendment does not include the 26 right to maintain groundless proceedings."). The Court further finds that the "law of 27 28 2

the case" doctrine does not apply with regard to its prior rulings on Plaintiff's
 Motion for Preliminary Injunction. Finally, the Court finds that Regulation Z does
 not apply to the advertising at issue in this case.

With respect to Defendants' Motion to Strike, the Court finds that the
 purported speech in this case is, at best, commercial speech which is not entitled to
 protection under California's Anti-SLAPP statute (Cal. Code Civ. P. § 425.16). The
 Court further finds that Defendants are not entitled to protection under the Anti SLAPP statute because they are not engaged in protected petitioning activity.
 Accordingly, pursuant to these findings, and for the additional reasons stated

10 on the record during the hearing on the Motions, the Court hereby ORDERS that
11 Defendants' Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings and Motion to Strike are
12 DENIED.

13 14 IT IS SO ORDERED.

