2

1

3

4 5

6

7

8

9 FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

10 FREDERICK ANDERSON,

11 Petitioner,

12 vs.

13 JAMES WALKER,

14 Respondent.

now addresses the motion for tolling.

15

1617

18

19

20

2122

23

25

24

26

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

No. CIV S-10-1649 EFB P

ORDER

Petitioner, a state prisoner proceeding without counsel and in forma pauperis, seeks a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Dckt. No. 10. Prior to filing the instant petition, petitioner filed a motion for equitable tolling. Dckt. No. 5. The court's July 15, 2010 order directing respondent to respond to the petition noted that it would address petitioner's motion for equitable tolling after receiving respondent's answer/motion and petitioner's reply/opposition, if any. Dckt. No. 19. On September 13, 2010, respondent filed an answer to the petition, and on November 17, 2010, petitioner filed a reply. Dckt. Nos. 28, 34. The court

The Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act imposes a one-year limitations period for seeking federal habeas relief. 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(1). The limitations period may be equitably tolled where a habeas petitioner establishes two elements: (1) that he has been

pursuing his rights diligently, and (2) that some extraordinary circumstance stood in his way. Pace v. DiGuglielmo, 544 U.S. 408, 418 (2005). Here, respondent does not contest the timeliness of the petition. Accordingly, petitioner's motion for equitable tolling, Dckt. No. 5, is denied as unnecessary. So ordered. Dated: February 10, 2011. EDMUND F. BRENNAN UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE