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5	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
6	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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8 9	JUSTIN CAREY, JOSEPH BORDEN, and) PEDRO ESPINOZA, each as an) 2:10-cv-02017-GEB-GGH individual, on his own behalf,)
10) Plaintiffs,) <u>ORDER DISMISSING ACTION WITH</u>) PREJUDICE
11	V.)
12	S.J. LOUIS CONSTRUCTION INC., a) Minnesota Corporation, and)
13	LIBERTY MUTUAL INSURANCE) COMPANY, a Massachusetts)
14	Corporation,
15	Defendants.)
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17	On December 15, 2011, the parties filed a stipulated dismissal
18	of this action with prejudice, in which they state "[t]he Court
19	shall retain jurisdiction solely for the purpose of enforcing the terms
20	of the Parties' confidential settlement agreement." Although the
21	parties presume a federal judge will retain jurisdiction over what the
22	parties characterize to be their confidential settlement agreement, the
23	parties have not shown that exercising jurisdiction as they request is
24	"essential to the conduct of federal-court business." Kokkonen v.
25	<u>Guardian Life Ins. Co. of Am.</u> , 511 U.S. 375, 381 (1994). "[T]he mere
26	fact that the parties agree that the court should exercise continuing
27	jurisdiction [over their settlement agreement] is not binding on the
28	court." Arata v. Nu Skin Int'l, Inc., 96 F.3d 1265, 1269 (9th Cir.

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1 1996) (stating "the district court was under no obligation to . . .
2 retain continuing jurisdiction over [settlement] agreements."). "A
3 federal court may refuse to exercise continuing jurisdiction even though
4 the parties have agreed to it." <u>Collins v. Thompson</u>, 8 F.3d 657, 659
5 (9th Cir.1993), cert. denied, 511 U.S. 1127(1984).

Further, since the parties have settled this action, this action is dismissed with prejudice as the parties state in their stipulation. <u>See Oswalt v. Scripto, Inc.</u>, 616 F.2d 191, 195 (5th Cir. 9 1980) (stating "[n]or are we deterred from finding a stipulated dismissal by the fact that there is no formal stipulation of dismissal entered in the record by the [the parties]," in the situation where it is obvious that is what the parties intended).

Dated: December 19, 2011

GARLAND E. BURREIL, JR. United States District Judge