

1 III. JURISDICTION/VENUE

2 Jurisdiction is predicated upon 28 U.S.C. § 1131, 42 U.S.C.
3 §§ 9601 and 9657 and 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a). Jurisdiction and venue
4 are not contested.

5 IV. DISCOVERY

6 All discovery, with the exception of expert discovery, shall
7 be completed by **July 25, 2014**. In this context, "completed"
8 means that all discovery shall have been conducted so that all
9 depositions have been taken and any disputes relative to
10 discovery shall have been resolved by appropriate order if
11 necessary and, where discovery has been ordered, the order has
12 been obeyed. All motions to compel discovery must be noticed on
13 the magistrate judge's calendar in accordance with the local
14 rules of this Court.

15 V. DISCLOSURE OF EXPERT WITNESSES

16 All counsel are to designate in writing, file with the
17 Court, and serve upon all other parties the name, address, and
18 area of expertise of each expert that they propose to tender at
19 trial not later than **September 25, 2014**.¹ The designation shall
20 be accompanied by a written report prepared and signed by the
21 witness. The report shall comply with Fed. R. Civ. P.
22 26(a)(2)(B).

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27 ¹ The discovery of experts will include whether any motions
28 based on Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 509 U.S.
579 (1993) and/or Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael, 119 S. Ct. 1167
(1999) are anticipated.

1 Within twenty (20) days after the designation of expert
2 witnesses, any party may designate a supplemental list of expert
3 witnesses who will express an opinion on a subject covered by an
4 expert designated by an adverse party. The right to designate a
5 supplemental expert for rebuttal purposes only shall apply to a
6 party who has not previously disclosed an expert witness on the
7 date set for expert witness disclosure by this Pretrial
8 Scheduling Order.

9 Failure of a party to comply with the disclosure schedule as
10 set forth above in all likelihood will preclude that party from
11 calling the expert witness at the time of trial. An expert
12 witness not appearing on the designation will not be permitted to
13 testify unless the party offering the witness demonstrates:

14 (a) that the necessity for the witness could not have been
15 reasonably anticipated at the time the list was proffered;

16 (b) that the Court and opposing counsel were promptly notified
17 upon discovery of the witness; and (c) that the witness was
18 promptly made available for deposition.

19 For purposes of this Pretrial Scheduling Order, an "expert"
20 is any person who may be used at trial to present evidence under
21 Rules 702, 703, and 705 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, which
22 include both "percipient experts" (persons who, because of their
23 expertise, have rendered expert opinions in the normal course of
24 their work duties or observations pertinent to the issues in the
25 case) and "retained experts" (persons specifically designated by
26 a party to be a testifying expert for the purposes of
27 litigation).

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1 Each party shall identify whether a disclosed expert is
2 percipient, retained, or both. It will be assumed that a party
3 designating a retained expert has acquired the express permission
4 of the witness to be so listed. Parties designating percipient
5 experts must state in the designation who is responsible for
6 arranging the deposition of such persons.

7 All experts designated are to be fully prepared at the time
8 of designation to render an informed opinion, and give their
9 bases for their opinion, so that they will be able to give full
10 and complete testimony at any deposition taken by the opposing
11 party. Experts will not be permitted to testify at the trial as
12 to any information gathered or evaluated, or opinion formed,
13 after deposition taken subsequent to designation.

14 Counsel are instructed to complete all discovery of expert
15 witnesses in a timely manner in order to comply with the Court's
16 deadline for filing dispositive motions.

17 VI. MOTION HEARING SCHEDULE

18 The last day to hear dispositive motions shall be
19 **January 22, 2015**. The parties shall comply with the
20 following filing deadlines:

21 Dispositive motion	filed at least 8 weeks prior to hearing
22 Opposition and any 23 cross-motion	filed at least 5 weeks prior to hearing
24 Reply and opposition to cross-motion	filed at least 3 weeks prior to hearing
25 Reply to cross-motion	filed at least 1 week prior to hearing

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1 The parties are directed to the Court's website for
2 available hearing dates. (www.caed.uscourts.gov → choose Court
3 Calendar → choose Judge England → choose More Calendaring
4 Information)

5 All purely legal issues are to be resolved by timely
6 pretrial motions. Failure to comply with Local Rules 230 and
7 260, as modified by this Order, may be deemed consent to the
8 motion and the Court may dispose of the motion summarily.
9 Further, failure to timely oppose a summary judgment motion² may
10 result in the granting of that motion if the movant shifts the
11 burden to the nonmovant to demonstrate that a genuine issue of
12 material fact remains for trial.

13 The Court places a page limit for points and authorities
14 (exclusive of exhibits and other supporting documentation) of
15 twenty (20) pages on all initial moving papers, twenty (20) pages
16 on oppositions, and ten (10) pages for replies. All requests for
17 page limit increases must be made in writing to the Court setting
18 forth any and all reasons for any increase in page limit at least
19 fourteen (14) days prior to the filing of the motion.

20 For the Court's convenience, citations to Supreme Court
21 cases should include parallel citations to the Supreme Court
22 Reporter.

23 The parties are reminded that a motion in limine is a
24 pretrial procedural device designed to address the admissibility
25 of evidence.

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27 ² The Court urges any party that contemplates bringing a
28 motion for summary judgment or who must oppose a motion for
summary judgment to review Local Rule 260.

1 The Court will look with disfavor upon dispositional motions
2 presented at the Final Pretrial Conference or at trial in the
3 guise of motions in limine.

4 The parties are cautioned that failure to raise a
5 dispositive legal issue that could have been tendered to the
6 court by proper pretrial motion prior to the dispositive motion
7 cut-off date may constitute waiver of such issue.

8 VII. FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE

9 The Final Pretrial Conference is set for **April 2, 2015**, at
10 **2:00 p.m.** At least one of the attorneys who will conduct the
11 trial for each of the parties shall attend the Final Pretrial
12 Conference. If by reason of illness or other unavoidable
13 circumstance a trial attorney is unable to attend, the attorney
14 who attends in place of the trial attorney shall have equal
15 familiarity with the case and equal authorization to make
16 commitments on behalf of the client.

17 Counsel for all parties are to be fully prepared for trial
18 at the time of the Final Pretrial Conference, with no matters
19 remaining to be accomplished except production of witnesses for
20 oral testimony.

21 The parties shall file, not later than **March 12, 2015**, a
22 Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement. The provisions of
23 Local Rules 281 shall apply with respect to the matters to be
24 included in the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement. In
25 addition to those subjects listed in Local Rule 281(b), the
26 parties are to provide the Court with a plain, concise statement
27 that identifies every non-discovery motion tendered to the Court
28 and its resolution.

1 Failure to comply with Local Rule 281, as modified by this
2 Pretrial Scheduling Order, may be grounds for sanctions.

3 At the time of filing the Joint Final Pretrial Conference
4 Statement, counsel shall also electronically mail to the Court in
5 digital format compatible with Microsoft Word or WordPerfect, the
6 Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement in its entirety
7 including the witness and exhibit lists. **These documents shall**
8 **be sent to: mceorders@caed.uscourts.gov.**

9 The parties should identify first the core undisputed facts
10 relevant to all claims. The parties should then, in a concise
11 manner, identify those undisputed core facts that are relevant to
12 each claim. The disputed facts should be identified in the same
13 manner. Where the parties are unable to agree as to what
14 disputed facts are properly before the Court for trial, they
15 should nevertheless list all disputed facts asserted by each
16 party. Each disputed fact or undisputed fact should be
17 separately numbered or lettered.

18 Each party shall identify and concisely list each disputed
19 evidentiary issue which will be the subject of a motion in
20 limine.

21 Each party shall identify the points of law which concisely
22 describe the legal issues of the trial which will be discussed in
23 the parties' respective trial briefs. Points of law should
24 reflect issues derived from the core undisputed and disputed
25 facts. Parties shall not include argument or authorities with
26 any point of law.

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1 The parties shall prepare a joint statement of the case in
2 plain concise language which will be read to the jury at the
3 beginning of the trial. The purpose of the joint statement is to
4 inform the jury what the case is about.

5 The parties are reminded that pursuant to Local Rule 281
6 they are required to list in the Joint Final Pretrial Conference
7 Statement all witnesses and exhibits they propose to offer at
8 trial. After the name of each witness, each party shall provide
9 a brief statement of the nature of the testimony to be proffered.
10 The parties may file a joint list or each party may file separate
11 lists. These list(s) shall not be contained in the body of the
12 Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement itself, but shall be
13 attached as separate documents to be used as addenda to the Final
14 Pretrial Order.

15 Plaintiffs' exhibits shall be listed numerically.
16 Defendants' exhibits shall be listed alphabetically. The parties
17 shall use the standard exhibit stickers provided by the Court
18 Clerk's Office: pink for plaintiff and blue for defendant. In
19 the event that the alphabet is exhausted, the exhibits shall be
20 marked "AA-ZZ" and "AAA-ZZZ" etc. After three letters, note the
21 number of letters in parenthesis (i.e., "AAAA(4)") to reduce
22 confusion at trial. All multi-page exhibits shall be stapled or
23 otherwise fastened together and each page within the exhibit
24 shall be numbered. All photographs shall be marked individually.
25 The list of exhibits shall not include excerpts of depositions,
26 which may be used to impeach witnesses.

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1 In the event that Plaintiffs and Defendants offer the same
2 exhibit during trial, that exhibit shall be referred to by the
3 designation the exhibit is first identified. The Court cautions
4 the parties to pay attention to this detail so that all
5 concerned, including the jury, will not be confused by one
6 exhibit being identified with both a number and a letter.

7 The Final Pretrial Order will contain a stringent standard
8 for the offering at trial of witnesses and exhibits not listed in
9 the Final Pretrial Order, and the parties are cautioned that the
10 standard will be strictly applied. On the other hand, the
11 listing of exhibits or witnesses that a party does not intend to
12 offer will be viewed as an abuse of the court's processes.

13 The parties also are reminded that pursuant to Rule 16 of
14 the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure it will be their duty at the
15 Final Pretrial Conference to aid the Court in: (a) the
16 formulation and simplification of issues and the elimination of
17 frivolous claims or defenses; (b) the settling of facts that
18 should properly be admitted; and (c) the avoidance of unnecessary
19 proof and cumulative evidence. Counsel must cooperatively
20 prepare the Joint Final Pretrial Conference Statement and
21 participate in good faith at the Final Pretrial Conference with
22 these aims in mind. A failure to do so may result in the
23 imposition of sanctions which may include monetary sanctions,
24 orders precluding proof, elimination of claims or defenses, or
25 such other sanctions as the Court deems appropriate.

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1 VIII. TRIAL BRIEFS

2 The parties shall file trial briefs not later than **March 19,**
3 **2015.** Counsel are directed to Local Rule 285 regarding the
4 content of trial briefs.

5 IX. EVIDENTIARY AND/OR PROCEDURAL MOTIONS

6 Any evidentiary or procedural motions are to be filed by
7 **March 12, 2015.** Oppositions must be filed by **March 19, 2015,** and
8 any reply must be filed by **March 26, 2015.** The motions will be
9 heard by the Court at the same time as the Final Pretrial
10 Conference.

11 X. TRIAL SETTING

12 The trial is set for **May 26, 2015, at 9:00 a.m.** Trial will
13 be by jury. The panel will consist of **eight (8) jurors.** The
14 parties estimate a trial length of **twenty (20) days.**

15 XI. SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE

16 At the Final Pretrial Conference, the Court may set a
17 settlement conference if the parties so request. In the event no
18 settlement conference is requested, the parties are free to
19 continue to mediate or attempt to settle the case with the
20 understanding that the trial date is a firm date.

21 In the event a settlement conference is set by the Court,
22 counsel are instructed to have a principal with full settlement
23 authority present at the Settlement Conference or to be fully
24 authorized to settle the matter on any terms. At least seven (7)
25 calendar days before the settlement conference, counsel for each
26 party shall submit to the chambers of the settlement judge a
27 confidential Settlement Conference Statement.

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1 Such statements are neither to be filed with the Clerk nor served
2 on opposing counsel. Each party, however, shall serve notice on
3 all other parties that the statement has been submitted. If the
4 settlement judge is not the trial judge, the Settlement
5 Conference Statement shall not be disclosed to the trial judge.

6 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the parties may request a
7 settlement conference prior to the Final Pretrial Conference if
8 they feel it would lead to the possible resolution of the case.
9 In the event an early settlement conference date is requested,
10 the parties shall file said request jointly, in writing. The
11 request must state whether the parties waive disqualification,
12 pursuant to Local Rule 270(b), before a settlement judge can be
13 assigned to the case. Absent the parties' affirmatively
14 requesting that the assigned Judge or Magistrate Judge
15 participate in the settlement conference AND waiver, pursuant to
16 Local Rule 270(b), a settlement judge will be randomly assigned
17 to the case.

18 XII. VOLUNTARY DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROGRAM

19 Pursuant to Local Rule 271 parties will need to lodge a
20 stipulation and proposed order requesting referral to the
21 Voluntary Dispute Resolution Program.

22 XIII. MODIFICATION OF PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER

23 The parties are reminded that pursuant to Rule 16(b) of the
24 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Pretrial Scheduling Order
25 shall not be modified except by leave of court upon a showing of
26 **good cause**. Agreement by the parties pursuant to stipulation
27 alone to modify the Pretrial Scheduling Order does not constitute
28 good cause.

1 Except in extraordinary circumstances, unavailability of
2 witnesses or counsel will not constitute good cause.

3 XIV. OBJECTIONS TO PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER

4 This Pretrial Scheduling Order will become final without
5 further order of the Court unless objections are filed within
6 seven (7) court days of service of this Order.

7 IT IS SO ORDERED.

8 Date: July 23, 2013

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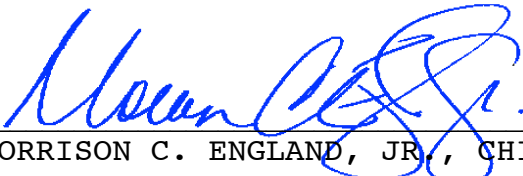
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MORRISON C. ENGLAND, JR., CHIEF JUDGE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT