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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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11	JUDITH FONSECA, No. 2:10-cv-02685-MCE-CMK
12	Plaintiff,
13	v. <u>ORDER</u>
14	CITY OF RED BLUFF,
15	Defendant.
16	00000
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18	Lynn Hubbard, the original counsel of record for Plaintiff
19	Judith Fonseca in this litigation, filed, on April 26, 2011, a
20	Motion for Review of the Magistrate Judge's April 15 Order
21	declining Hubbard's request to continue the hearing on
22	Defendant's Motion to Compel scheduled for May 5, 2011. That
23	Motion was scheduled to be heard before this Court on June 9,
24	2011.
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By Order dated May 15, 2011, the Court granted Hubbard's Motion to Withdraw as counsel of record for Plaintiff in this litigation, leaving Plaintiff representing herself in pro se. Given Hubbard's withdrawal from this litigation, as well as the Court's declination to hear the instant Motion for Review prior to the May 5, 2011 hearing on the Motion to Compel, the Motion for Review is for all intents and purposes moot at this juncture.

Attorney Hubbard's Motion for Review fails substantively in 8 9 any event. In reviewing a magistrate judge's determination, the assigned district judge shall apply a clear error standard of 10 review pursuant to Local Rule 72-303(f), as specifically 11 authorized by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 72(a) and 28 U.S.C. 12 § 636(b)(1)(A).¹ Under that standard, this Court must accept 13 the Magistrate Judge's decision unless it has a "definite and 14 firm conviction that a mistake has been committed." Concrete 15 Pipe & Products of Calif., Inc. v. Construction Laborers Pension 16 Trust for So. Calif., 508 U.S. 602, 622 (1993). If the Court 17 18 believes the conclusions reached by the Magistrate Judge were at 19 least plausible, after considering the record in its entirety, the Court will not reverse even if convinced that it would have 20 21 weighed the evidence differently. Phoenix Eng. & Supply Inc. v. <u>Universal Elec. Co., Inc., 104</u> F.3d 1137, 1141 (9th Cir. 1997). 22 23 ///

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¹Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 72(a) directs the district court judge to "modify or set aside any portion of the magistrate judge's order found to be clearly erroneous or contrary to law." Similarly, 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(A), the district judge may reconsider any pretrial order "where it is shown that the magistrate's order is clearly erroneous or contrary to law."

Here, as the Magistrate Judge pointed out in the April 15, 2011 that is the subject of the Motion for Review, attorney Hubbard's obligation to timely respond to discovery prior to moving to withdraw is an entirely separate issue than the propriety of withdrawal itself. The Magistrate Judge's decision denying a continuance of the Motion to Compel on that basis was not in clear error. The Motion for Review filed on behalf of Plaintiff (ECF No. 17) is accordingly DENIED.² IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated: June 6, 2011 MORRISON С. ENGLA UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE ² Because oral argument will not be of material assistance, the Court orders this matter submitted on the briefs. E.D. Cal. Local Rule 230(g).