# United States District Court <br> for the <br> Central District of California 



## SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: Ben Crowell, 2233 Loma Alta Dr., Fullerton, CA 92833
Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organization that is not a party in this case, you must designate one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or designate other persons who consent to testify on your behalf about the following matters, or those set forth in an attachment:

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Place: 1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1700 % % Nate and Time:
    or at a mutually agreeable time and place
        11/05/2012 9:00 am
    The deposition will be recorded by this method: Stenography and videography
\(\square\) Production: You, or your representatives, must also bring with you to the deposition the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material:
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The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are attached.

Date: $\qquad$
CLERK OF COURT

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk
OR
$\qquad$


The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the attorney representing (name of party) $\qquad$
, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

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Joshua S. Stambaugh
1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1700, Los Angeles, CA 90067-6048
joshua.stambaugh@kayescholer.com (310) 788-1244
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Civil Action No. 11-319-GEB

PROOF OF SERVICE
(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)
This subpoena for (name of individual and title, if any)
was received by me on (date) $\qquad$ .

I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named individual as follows: $\qquad$
on (date) $\quad$; or

I I returned the subpoena unexecuted because:
$\qquad$ .

Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also tendered to the witness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of \$ $\qquad$ .

My fees are \$ $\qquad$ for travel and \$ $\qquad$ for services, for a total of \$ $\qquad$ .

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: $\qquad$

> Server's signature

Printed name and title
$\qquad$
Server's address
Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

## Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

## (c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The issuing court must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction - which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees - on a party or attorney who fails to comply.
(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.
(A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
(B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises - or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
(i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
(ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

## (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

(A) When Required. On timely motion, the issuing court must quash or modify a subpoena that:
(i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
(ii) requires a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to travel more than 100 miles from where that person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person - except that, subject to Rule 45 (c)(3)(B)(iii), the person may be commanded to attend a trial by traveling from any such place within the state where the trial is held;
(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
(B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
(i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
(iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
(C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
(i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
(ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

## (d) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
(A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
(B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
(C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
(D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

## (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

(A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
(i) expressly make the claim; and
(ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
(B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trialpreparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
(e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

# United States District Court 

for the
Central District of California


## SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTION

## To: Ben Crowell, 2233 Loma Alta Dr., Fullerton, CA 92833

Production: YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and permit their inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material: See Attachment A

| Place: Kaye Scholer LLP, Attn: Kenneth Maikish | Date and Time: |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3000 EI Camino Real, Two Palo Alto Square, Suite 400 |  |
| Palo Alto, CA 94306 |  |

$\square$ Inspection of Premises: YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or other property possessed or controlled by you at the time, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample the property or any designated object or operation on it.

| Place: | Date and Time: |
| :--- | :--- |

The provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena, and Rule 45 (d) and (e), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so, are attached.

Date: $\qquad$
CLERK OF COURT

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk


The name, address, e-mail, and telephone number of the attorney representing (name of party) Google Inc.

[^0]Civil Action No. 11-319-GEB

## PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)
This subpoena for (name of individual and title, if any) was received by me on (date) $\qquad$ .

I I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named person as follows:

|  | on (date) | or |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

- I returned the subpoena unexecuted because: $\qquad$
$\qquad$ .

Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also tendered to the witness fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of

## \$

$\qquad$ .

My fees are \$ $\qquad$ for travel and \$ $\qquad$ for services, for a total of \$ $\qquad$ 0.00 .

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: $\qquad$ Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address
Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

## Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), and (e) (Effective 12/1/07)

## (c) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena.

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(B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises - or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
(i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the issuing court for an order compelling production or inspection.
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(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
(B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the issuing court may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:
(i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information;
(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party; or
(iii) a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial.
(C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(c)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
(i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
(ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.
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(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
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(C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
(D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

## (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

(A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
(i) expressly make the claim; and
(ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
(B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trialpreparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.
(e) Contempt. The issuing court may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena. A nonparty's failure to obey must be excused if the subpoena purports to require the nonparty to attend or produce at a place outside the limits of Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(ii).

## ATTACHMENT A

## DEFINITIONS

1. "Including" means including without limitation.
2. The terms "Document" or "Documents" are used in the broadest possible sense and include, without limitation, all originals, copies, drafts, and recordings of any written, typewritten, printed, graphic, electronic, digital or otherwise recorded matter, including forms of information translatable or convertible into a reasonably usable form. "Document" or "Documents" include, without limitation, the following items: source code; database schematics; programming instructions; electronic mail (e-mails); electronic files; assembly diagrams; schematic diagrams; manuals.
3. The term "Source Code" means all electronic files used to create a website or software program and includes, without limitation, Common Gateway Interface (CGI) files and HyperText Markup Language (HTML) files, and files
4. The term "Database Schematics" means all electronic files used to create or edit a database and includes, without limitation, Structured Query Language (SQL) files.
5. The term "theassayer.org" means the website accessible at the URL http://theassayer.org.
6. The terms "relating to" and "related to" mean concerning, comprising, referring to, describing, discussing, evidencing, or constituting, directly or indirectly.
7. Use of the singular is also to be taken to include the plural, and vice versa.

## INSTRUCTIONS

The following instructions apply to these requests:

1. You are to provide full and complete responses to the below requests and comply with Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 34 and 45 in doing so, including (a) producing Documents as they are kept in the ordinary course of business with a copy of the label on any file folders in which the requested Documents are stored or other such information, or organized and labeled to correspond with the categories of the request, and, in both cases, producing Documents stapled as they were stapled or clipped in their original form, (b) producing electronically-stored information in a form in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a form in which it is reasonably usable and searchable, and (c) producing electronically-stored information as that information is kept in the ordinary course of business, or organized and labeled to correspond with the categories of the request.
2. You are to construe each request independently without reference to any other request, unless otherwise specified in the request.
3. You are to respond separately and completely to each request.
4. You are to indicate that Documents are being withheld on the ground of privilege in each response where that is the case; and, for every objection to a request on the ground of privilege, answer the request with such non-privileged information as is responsive, and then provide the information called for by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5).
5. Documents may be produced either (1) electronically and e-mailed to kenneth.maikish@kayescholer.com, or (2) on a CD or other portable storage device and sent to:

Kaye Scholer LLP<br>ATTN: Kenneth Maikish<br>3000 El Camino Real, Two Palo Alto Square<br>Suite 400<br>Palo Alto, CA 94306

## REQUESTS

1. All Documents that comprised theassayer.org when theassayer.org was first made publicly accessible on the world wide web, approximately January of 2001.
2. All Documents related to theassayer.org that were created prior to August 9, 2001.
3. All Source Code related to theassayer.org that was created prior to August 9, 2001.
4. All Database Schematics related to theassayer.org that were created prior to August 9, 2001.

[^0]:    Joshua S. Stambaugh
    1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1700, Los Angeles, CA 90067-6048
    joshua.stambaugh@kayescholer.com (310) 788-1244

