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15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
16	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
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18	JULIA M. CARLON, CHRISTINE M.) Case No. 2:11-CV-00499-JAM-GGH CARLON,)
19) ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFFS' EX Plaintiffs,) PARTE APPLICATION AND
20	 DISMISSING PLAINTIFFS' CLAIMS v. AGAINST TAYLOR, BEAN &
21) WHITAKER TAYLOR, BEAN & WHITAKER MORTGAGE)
22	COMPANY, CENTRAL LOAN) ADMINISTRATION AND REPORTING,)
23	OCWEN LOAN SERVICE, LLC, and) DOES 1 through 100,)
24) Defendants.
25	on Tala 11, 2011, this Grant issued an Orden to Ober Course
26	On July 11, 2011, this Court issued an Order to Show Cause,
27	requiring Plaintiffs Julia Carlon and Christine Carlon
28	("Plaintiffs") to show good cause for their failure to timely serve

1 Defendant Taylor, Bean & Whitaker Mortgage Co. ("TBWMC") in order 2 to avoid dismissal of their claims against TBWMC (Doc. #17). In response, Plaintiffs filed an Ex Parte Application for an Order for 3 4 Publication of Summons (Doc. #18) and a Response to this Court's Order to Show Cause (Docs. #19-21). For the reasons set forth 5 6 below, Plaintiffs' Application is DENIED and Plaintiffs' claims 7 against TBWMC are dismissed because Plaintiffs have not shown good cause for their failure to effect service on TBWMC. 8

I. OPINION

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A. Legal Standard

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(m), the Court must dismiss an action if a defendant has not been served within 14 120 days of a plaintiff's filing of his or her complaint, unless 15 the plaintiff can demonstrate good cause for his or her failure to 16 serve the defendant. FED. R. CIV. P. 4(m).

17 The Court must determine whether good cause "has been shown on a case by case basis." In re Sheehan, 253 F.3d 507, 512 (9th Cir. 18 19 2001) (citing Cartage Pac., Inc. v. Waldner (In re Waldner), 183 20 B.R. 879, 882 (9th Cir. BAP 1995)). Good cause "applies only in 21 limited circumstances " Hamilton v. Endell, 981 F.2d 1062, 22 1065 (9th Cir. 1992) (discussing former subdivision 4(j)) 23 (overruled on other grounds). "At a minimum, 'good cause' means 24 excusable neglect." Boudette v. Barnette, 923 F.2d 754, 756 (9th 25 Cir. 1991). However, in the Ninth Circuit:

a plaintiff may be required to show the following factors in order to bring the excuse to the level of good cause: "(a) the party to be served received actual notice of the lawsuit; (b) the defendant would suffer no prejudice; and (c) plaintiff would be severely

prejudiced if his complaint were dismissed." <u>In re Sheehan</u>, 253 F.3d at 512 (quoting <u>Boudette v. Barnette</u>, 923 F.2d 754, 756 (9th Cir. 1991)) (other citations omitted).

The Court also has broad "discretion under Rule 4(m), absent a showing of good cause, to extend the time of service or to dismiss the action without prejudice." <u>In re Sheehan</u>, 253 F.3d 507, 513 (9th Cir. 2001) (citing <u>Petrucelli v. Bohringer & Ratzinger, GMBH</u>, 46 F.3d 1298, 1305 (3d Cir. 1995)).

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B. Plaintiffs' Ex Parte Application

Plaintiffs move this Court for an Order for Publication of 10 Summons pursuant to the California Code of Civil Procedure section 11 415.50. Doc. #18, pg. 1-2. In their motion, Plaintiffs 12 erroneously argue that because the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 13 authorize service of process in accordance with state law, 14 Plaintiffs may move this Court for an order under the California 15 Code of Civil Procedure. See id. Plaintiffs have not provided any 16 binding authority, or any federal law for that matter, upon which 17 this Court can properly grant Plaintiffs' application and order a 18 19 publication of summons. For this reason alone, Plaintiffs' application is improper and is, therefore, denied. 20

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C. Plaintiffs' Response to the Order to Show Cause

Plaintiffs argue that their unsuccessful attempts to effect service on TBWMC, coupled with their application for service by publication under the California Code of Civil Procedure, provide a basis for this Court to not dismiss their claims against TBWMC. Doc. #19 at pg. 1-3. Plaintiffs further argue that TBWMC "is the orchestrator and central culprit of the wrongdoings suffered by the Plaintiffs," and therefore, this Court should not dismiss TBWMC

from this case. <u>See id</u>. Notwithstanding the fact that Plaintiffs do not cite any case law, or provide a legal standard, demonstrating that these things satisfy the good cause requirement under federal law, the Court will evaluate whether Plaintiffs have sufficiently demonstrated good cause to avoid dismissal of their claims against TBWMC.

7 Although Plaintiffs made four attempts to serve TBWMC, three 8 of these attempts were directed at CT Corp. See Docs. #19, 20, and 9 Exhibits A, B. On January 28, 2011, when Plaintiffs first 10 attempted to serve TBWMC, they were informed that CT Corp. was not 11 the agent for service and CT Corp. did not have a listing for TBWMC. Id. Thus, the two subsequent attempts by Plaintiffs to 12 serve CT Corp., on February 22, 2011, and March 23, 2011, are 13 14 irrelevant to this Court's good cause inquiry because Plaintiffs 15 were aware that CT Corp. was not the proper agent for service, yet 16 continued to attempt service on it. See id. On March 23, 2011, 17 Plaintiffs also unsuccessfully attempted service by mail on 18 Patricia Smaldone, a registered agent for TBWMC. Doc. #19 at pg. 19 2. However, Plaintiffs have not informed the Court of any other 20 attempts to locate or serve Ms. Smaldone, or the reason why the 21 service by mail was unsuccessful. See id. This Court cannot glean 22 from the two sentences regarding Ms. Smaldone in the Plaintiffs' 23 response whether she has not been served due to the Plaintiffs' 24 "excusable neglect." Without providing any justification, this 25 Court cannot find that Plaintiffs two legitimate attempts to serve 26 TBWMC, one on January 28, 2011, through CT Corp., and one on March 23, 2011, through Ms. Smaldone, satisfy the good cause requirement 27 to maintain Plaintiffs case against TBWMC. 28

1 This Court also finds that Plaintiffs have not made any 2 showing that the elements set forth in Boudette are met in this case, and therefore, Plaintiffs have failed to demonstrate good 3 4 cause. See In re Sheehan, 253 F.3d 507, 512 (9th Cir. 2001) (quoting Boudette v. Barnette, 923 F.2d 754, 756 (9th Cir. 1991)) 5 6 (other citations omitted). Indeed, Plaintiffs have not argued 7 that: (a) TBWMC received actual notice of the lawsuit; (b) TBWMC 8 would suffer no prejudice; and (c) Plaintiffs would be severely 9 prejudiced if their complaint were dismissed. Cf. id.

Finally, Plaintiffs argument that its application for an order to serve by publication somehow satisfies the requisite good cause showing is unpersuasive, given that Plaintiffs' motion was made under the California Code of Procedure and not the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Accordingly, because Plaintiffs have not shown good cause for their failure to serve TBWMC within the 120 day period under Rule 4, their claims against TBWMC are dismissed.

II. ORDER

For the reasons set forth above, Plaintiffs' Ex Parte Application for an Order for Publication of Summons is DENIED, and Plaintiffs' claims against Defendant Taylor, Bean & Whitaker Mortgage Company are DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

25 IT IS SO ORDERED.
26 Dated: July 27, 2011
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Mende UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE