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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	TIMOTHY O'KEEFE,	No. 2:11-cv-2659 KJM KJN P
12	Plaintiff,	
13	v.	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
14	JERRY BROWN, et al.,	
15	Defendants.	
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17	Plaintiff is a state prisoner, proceeding without counsel, with a civil rights action pursuant	
18	to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Pending before the court is plaintiff's May 6, 2015 motion for injunctive	
19	relief. (ECF No. 203.) For the following reasons, this motion should be denied.	
20	This action is proceeding on the fifth amended complaint filed November 14, 2014. (ECF	
21	No. 171). Plaintiff alleges that defendants have failed to provide him with adequate mental health	
22	care for exhibitionism, voyeurism and paraphilia. (<u>Id.</u> at 4.) Plaintiff requests injunctive relief in	
23	the form of an order directing defendants to provide him with treatment for these conditions. (<u>Id.</u>	
24	at 14.)	
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In the pending motion for injunctive relief, plaintiff seeks an order preventing defendants from elevating his level of mental health care treatment from "CCCMS" to "EOP." (ECF No. 203 at 2.) Plaintiff alleges that the EOP level of care is not appropriate for him. (Id.) Plaintiff alleges that half of the prisoners who are EOP are low functioning and plaintiff cannot relate to them. (Id. at 3.) Plaintiff alleges that the other half of prisoners who are EOP are "playing" in order to be at that level of care. (Id.)

In order to obtain injunctive relief, plaintiff must establish the following: 1) he is likely to succeed on the merits; 2) he is likely to suffer irreparable harm in the absence of preliminary relief; 3) the balance of equities tips in his favor; and 4) an injunction is in the public interest.

Winter v. Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc., 555 U.S. 7, 20 (2008).

Plaintiff has failed to demonstrate how the subject matter of his pending motion for injunctive relief has any bearing on his likelihood of success on the merits of his underlying claim. A plaintiff seeking injunctive relief must show "[a] relationship between the injury claimed in the party's motion and the conduct asserted in the complaint." Devose v. Harrington, 42 F.3d 470, 471 (8th Cir. 1994). Plaintiff has not demonstrated how his claim alleging that the EOP level of care is not appropriate for him is related to the claim on which this action is proceeding, i.e., defendants are not providing him with adequate treatment for voyeurism, exhibitionism and paraphilia. Because the conduct plaintiff seeks to enjoin appears to have no bearing on plaintiff's likelihood of success on the merits, the pending motion for injunctive relief should be denied.

Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY RECOMMENDED that plaintiff's motion for injunctive relief (ECF No. 203) be denied.

These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(l). Within fourteen days after being served with these findings and recommendations, any party may file written objections with the court and serve a copy on all parties. Such a document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." Any response to the objections shall be filed and served within fourteen days after service of the objections. The

parties are advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991). Dated: May 14, 2015 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE Ok2659.tro