Except for four interrogatories, to which defendants did substantively respond, the court finds that defendants' responses to the remainder of discovery were unacceptable, as set forth at hearing. Further responses for all such discovery will be ordered.

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With respect to interrogatories numbered 7, 8, 9, and 10, defendants made boilerplate objections including those based on the attorney-client privilege and work product protection.¹ Nevertheless, defendants did also provide substantive responses to these four interrogatories. In light of the directives at hearing regarding the propriety of defendants' responses and the lack of merit to their objections to these interrogatories, it is unclear if defendants intend to amend these responses. Therefore, based on the impermissibility of their previously stated objections, defendants are directed to supplement these responses with *material* facts, if necessary.

For the reasons stated at hearing, IT IS ORDERED that:

- 1. Plaintiffs' motion for order deeming Requests for Admissions to be admitted, filed October 12, 2012, (dkt. no. 50), is granted as set forth at hearing. Defendants shall respond to the Requests for Admissions, in the manner explained at hearing, within ten days of the November 8, 2012 hearing.²
- 2. Plaintiff's motion to compel production of documents and further responses to interrogatories, filed October 15, 2012 (dkt. no. 51), is granted. Defendants shall respond to the interrogatories and requests for production, in the manner explained at hearing, within ten days of the November 8, 2012 hearing.

DATED: November 13, 2012

/s/ Gregory G. Hollows UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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Defendants are informed that although communications are protected under the attorney-client privilege, facts and conclusions are not. Just because a fact was incorporated into a communication with counsel, a client cannot refuse to disclose it. <u>Lopes v. Vieira</u>, 688 F.Supp.2d 1050, 1059 (E.D. Cal. 2010). Facts derived from an attorney's investigation only receive qualified work product protection. <u>Doubleday v. Ruh</u>, 149 F.R.D. 601, 606, 607 (E.D.Cal. 1993); <u>see also Holmgren v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.</u>, 976 F.2d 573, 577 (9th Cir. 1992); Handgards, Inc. v. Johnson & Johnson, 413 F. Supp. 926, 933 (N.D.Cal. 1976).

² According to the papers, RFA number 13 has been resolved.