1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10	00000	
11		
12	FIFTH THIRD BANK,	CIV. NO. 2:12-427 WBS AC
13	Plaintiff,	MEMORANDUM AND ORDER RE: MOTION FOR ASSIGNMENT ORDER
14	V.	FOR ASSIGNMENT ORDER
15	MICHAEL SCHEIBLI and INDERJIT GREWAL,	
16	Defendants.	
17		
18		
19	00000	
20	On February 8, 2013, the court entered judgment in this	
21	action pursuant to a settlement agreement between plaintiff Fifth	
22	Third Bank and defendants Inderjit Grewal and Michael Scheibli.	
23	Plaintiff now moves for an order assigning it the right to	
24	collect payments due to Scheibli in order to satisfy the	
25	judgment.	
26	I. <u>Factual and Procedural History</u>	
27	Plaintiff brought this action to recover a \$500,000	
28	deposit held in escrow by defendants in connection with a failed	

real estate transaction. (See Docket No. 1.) The parties reached a settlement whereby plaintiff agreed to accept \$175,000 on a negotiated payment schedule--or \$350,000 if defendants failed to comply with that schedule--in satisfaction of its claims against defendants. (Docket No. 29.) The court memorialized this settlement in an Agreed Final Judgment entered on February 8, 2013. (Id.)

2.1

Prior to the entry of judgment, defendants paid \$25,000 to plaintiff in partial satisfaction of the judgment. (Moul Decl. \P 4 (Docket No. 32).) Since the court entered judgment, however, plaintiff alleges that defendants have not made any payments. (<u>Id.</u> \P 5.) According to plaintiff, the total amount owed on the judgment is now \$325,665.40. (<u>Id.</u> \P 6.)

Although Scheibli has not made any payments since February 2013, plaintiff indicates that Scheibli is an attorney and has the resources to pay the judgment debt. (See id. ¶ 7.) His client, Lori Stillie, divorced her husband, Greg Hawes, and brought a dissolution action in Shasta County Superior Court. (Id. ¶ 8; id. Ex. B.) The court valued Stillie's share of the couple's community property at \$302,618, ordered Hawes to pay \$4,000 per month in child support, and awarded her \$75,000 in attorney's fees and costs. (Id. Ex. B.)

Hawes then declared bankruptcy, and Stillie filed a proof of claim in the bankruptcy court. (Id.) As part of his Chapter 12 plan of adjustment, Hawes agreed to pay Stillie \$400,000 in satisfaction of the judgment in the dissolution action. (Id. Ex. A.) Plaintiff anticipates that Scheibli will collect up to \$75,000 from Stillie, and moves for an order

assigning it the right to collect that payment in partial satisfaction of its judgment against Scheibli. (Docket No. 32.)

II. Discussion

2.1

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 69(a)(1) provides that proceedings in aid of judgment or execution must comply with the law of the state where the court is located. Fed. R. Civ. P. 69(a)(1); Credit Suisse v. U.S. District Court, 130 F.3d 1342, 1344 (9th Cir. 1997). Under California law, "the court may order the judgment debtor to assign to the judgment creditor . . . all or part of a right to payment due or to become due, whether or not the right is conditioned on future developments . . ."

Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 708.510(a); Peterson v. Islamic Republic of Iran, 627 F.3d 1117, 1130-31 (9th Cir. 2010).

In considering whether to issue an assignment order, the court may take into account "all relevant factors," including the reasonable requirements of the judgment debtor, other payments the judgment debtor is required to make, the amount remaining due on the money judgment, and the amount being received, or to be received, in satisfaction of the right to payment that may be assigned. Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 708.510(c); Choice Hotels, Int'l, Inc. v. Dostel Corp., M.C. No. 2:11-45 WBS GGH, 2013 WL 1324280, at *1 (E.D. Cal. Apr. 2, 2013). While a request for an assignment order does not demand "[d]etailed evidentiary support," Choice Hotels, 2013 WL 1324280 at *1, a judgment creditor must describe the source of the right to payment with "some degree of concreteness." Icho v.

PacketSwitch.com, Inc., Civ. No. 01-20858 LHK PSG, 2012 WL 4343834, at *2 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 21, 2012).

Here, plaintiff represents that defendants owe \$325,665.40 on the judgment including accrued interest and costs. (Moul Decl. ¶ 6.) Plaintiff also indicates he expects Stillie to pay Scheibli for his services in connection with the dissolution proceedings against Hawes. (See id. ¶¶ 8-11.) Although it is not certain that Scheibli will receive the full \$75,000 awarded by the Shasta County Superior Court in attorney's fees and costs, the source of the right to payment is nonetheless sufficiently concrete to justify an assignment order. See, e.g., Choice Hotels, 2013 WL 1324280, at *2-3 (assigning plaintiff right to collect proceeds generated through the use of defendant's real estate license); Trs. of Screen Actors Guild-Producers Pension Plan v. See You In September, LLC, Civ. No. 09-4230 AHM AJWx, 2010 WL 5245960, at *1 (C.D. Cal. Dec. 16, 2010) (assigning right to collect proceeds from a specific film); Legal Additions LLC v. Kowalski, Civ. No. 08-2754 WMC, 2011 WL 3156724, at *4 (N.D. Cal. July 26, 2011) (assigning right to collect proceeds from a specific book).

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

The factors set forth by section 705.810(c) also suggest that an assignment order is appropriate. Defendants are \$325,665.40 in arrears on the judgment and have not made any payments since the court entered judgment. (Moul Decl. ¶¶ 5-6.) Scheibli has not alerted the court to other payments he is required to make or provided any other reason an assignment order is unwarranted. Under similar circumstances involving a judgment debtor's failure to satisfy a judgment debt, many federal courts have held that an assignment order is appropriate. See, e.g., Choice Hotels, 2013 WL 1324280, at *2; AmeriPride Servs., Inc. v.

Valley Indus. Serv., Inc., Civ. No. 2:00-113 LKK JFM, 2012 WL
3913081, at *5 (Sept. 7, 2012); UMG Recordings, Inc. v. BCD Music
Grp., Inc., Civ. No. 07-5808 SJO FFMx, 2009 WL 2213678, at *3
(C.D. Cal. July 9, 2009). Accordingly, the court will grant
plaintiff's motion for an assignment order.¹

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that plaintiff's motion for an assignment order be, and the same hereby is, GRANTED.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that:

2.1

- (1) All payments due to defendant Michael Scheibli now or in the future from his client Lori Stillie and any rights to payment in connection with <u>In re Greg Hawes</u>, Case No. 12-33158 (E.D. Cal. B.R.) are HEREBY ASSIGNED to plaintiff Fifth Third Bank to the extent necessary to satisfy the judgment in this matter;
- (2) Defendant Michael Scheibli is HEREBY ENJOINED from assigning any payments from Lori Stillie or in connection with <u>In re Greg Hawes</u>, Case No. 12-33158 to any other person or legal entity until the judgment owed to plaintiff Fifth Third Bank is satisfied; and
- (3) The Clerk of the Court shall serve a copy of this Order on Lori Stillie and provide notice of this Order to the United States Bankruptcy Judge presiding over <u>In re Greg Hawes</u>, Case No. 12-33158.

Scheibli indicated at oral argument that he believed an assignment order was inappropriate because he has other obligations to be paid out of the attorney's fee award in In regreen Hawes that will soon become due. However, the court's assignment of Scheibli's right to payment does not suggest that Fifth Third Bank will enjoy priority over other, more senior creditors who claim an interest in the attorney's fee award.

william of shite

WILLIAM B. SHUBB

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE